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THE Bombay Gazette.

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SHIPPING

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL S. N. COMPANY.

LIST OF DEPARTURES FROM BOMBAY FOR MARSEILLES & LONDON WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT BRINDISI AND MALTA.

Date of Sailing, 2-30 P.M.	Steamer.	Tons.	Connecting at Aden with	Tons.
16th July	ARABIA	7903	.....	...
22nd "	SALSETTE	6000	MACEDONIA.	10512
30th "	CALEDONIA	7338	.....	...
6th August	SALSETTE	6000	MOLDAVIA	9500
13th "	EGYPT	7912	.....	...
20th "	SALSETTE	6000	MONGOLIA	9505
27th "	HIMALAYA	6898	.....	...
3rd Sept.	SALSETTE	6000	MARMORA	10509
10th "	OCEANA	6610	.....	...
17th "	SALSETTE	6000	MOREA	10890
24th "	PERSIA	7951	.....	...
1st Oct.	SALSETTE	6000	MOOLTAN	9621
8th "	ARABIA	7903	.....	...
15th "	SALSETTE	6000	CHINA	7912
22nd "	EGYPT	7912	.....	...
29th "	MANTUA	10885	.....	...
5th Nov.	HIMALAYA	6898	.....	...
12th "	SALSETTE	6000	MALWA	10883
19th "	MARMORA	10509	.....	...
26th "	SALSETTE	6000	MACEDONIA	10512

The above Steamers convey Passengers to Marseilles, Plymouth and London.

Passengers for Brindisi transhipped to a connecting Steamer at Port Said.

HEAVY BAGGAGE must be sent to the CARNAC BUNDER on FRIDAY AFTERNOON, the day previous to sailing and CABIN BAGGAGE before 9 a.m., on SATURDAY. The attention of Passengers is called to the importance of having their Baggage labelled with port of destination.

Tenders leave the CARNAC BUNDER on day of sailing. All Passengers must attend at that place at 1 P.M. for Medical Inspection by the Health Officer of the Port, and no one will be allowed on board the Mail Steamer unless so examined and conveyed thence in the Company's Tenders. Special attention is directed to these regulations, which are imperative under the Venice Convention.

Friends of Passengers cannot go on board the Mail Steamer.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA AND AUSTRALIA.

The Company's Steamers leave Bombay fortnightly, usually on WEDNESDAY, taking Passengers for the Straits, China and Japan, and Return Tickets are issued on favourable terms.

For accommodation and further information apply to

A. H. FROOM,
Acting Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Co.

GRINDLAY, GROOM & CO.,

BANKERS, ARMY, & PASSENGER AGENTS,

BOMBAY.

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PASSAGES — Booked without charge.
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CALCUTTA: GRINDLAY & Co.
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SOCIETA NAZIONALE DI SERVIZI MARITIMI (RUBATTINO LINE.)

BOMBAY to NAPLES and GENOA direct.

FOR BRINDISI and VENICE (Transhipping at PORT SAID).

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on
Duca BALDUINO	4,580	G. Ronchi	15th July 1910
R. RUBATTINO	4,580	L. Mannini	19th Aug. 1910
Duca BALDUINO	4,580	G. Ronchi	15th Sept. 1910

RATES TO THE ABOVE PORTS INCLUSIVE OF WINE, BEER AND FANS.

	1st Class	2nd Class	3rd Class
Single Tickets	Rs. 500	Rs. 350	Rs. 165
Return Tickets available two years	Rs. 750*	Rs. 525	Rs. 247-8

* Inside Cabins, Rs. 400 Single and Rs. 600 Return.

Through and Return Tickets to LONDON on application.

Through tickets to New York in connection at Naples, or Genoa with the Company's Weekly service. 1st Class, Rs. 738; 2nd Class, Rs. 525. Special Rates for Missionaries. Passengers for Europe have the option of going via Genoa and returning via Venice or vice versa, and can break their Journey at any port en route.

INTERCHANGEABLE RETURN TICKETS

are issued to return either by the Messageries Maritimes from Marseilles or by the Austrian Lloyd from Trieste.

BOMBAY to COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE AND HONGKONG.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on.
ISCHIA	6,000	L. Belsito	16th July 1910.
CAPRI	6,000	D. Morosso	16th Aug. 1910.
ISCHIA	6 000	G. Belsito	16th Sept. 1910.

Fares to COLOMBO Rs. 75, to PENANG Rs. 140 to to SINGAPORE Rs. 165 and to HONGKONG Rs. 220.

Through bills of lading for Mediterranean, Black Sea, and American Ports issued.

Subject to alterations.

For further particulars apply to—

G. DEGROSSI,
Agent.

No. 59 Hornby Road.

BOMBAY AMERICAN LINE.

DIRECT SAILINGS MONTHLY.

TAKING CARGO for NEW YORK, BOSTON, PHILADELPHIA, or BALTIMORE.

For further particulars regarding freight, etc., apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
TURNER, MORRISON & Co.,
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SHIPPING.

BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, Ld.

INTEND TO DESPATCH STEAMERS AS FOLLOWS:—

FOR KARACHI (Direct.)

T. S. "LHASA," 2,171 tons, on Friday, 15th July, at 6 a. m. or later on arrival of English Mail Steamer.

FOR KARACHI AND BUSREH (Weekly).

S. S. "KOLA," 1,905 tons, on Thursday, 14th July calling (for Mails and Passengers) at Muscat, Bushire, Mahomera, also taking Passengers and cargo on through bookings to Ahwaz and Baghdad.

FOR KARACHI AND PERSIAN GULF (Weekly).

S. S. "BULIMBA," 2,510 tons, on Monday, 18th July, calling at Karachi, Pasni, Muscat, Jask, Bunder Abbas, Linga, Bahrein, Bushire, Mahomerah and Busreh.

FOR COAST PORTS AND CALCUTTA. (Fortnightly.)

S. S. "WARORA," 3,980 tons, sailing on or about the 16th July.

FOR RANGOON OR CALCUTTA (Direct).

Frequent sailings, for particulars of which, also as to onward connections to ports in Arracan, Burma, Straits Settlements, Mauritius, Australia, and New Zealand,

Apply to
MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO.,
Agents, BOMBAY.

12th July, 1910.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES,

FRENCH MAIL STEAMERS.

TO MARSEILLES.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To Sail on THURSDAY
DUMBEA	5,685	Rebufat	4th Augt 1910.
SYDNEY	4,118	Costa	1st Sept. "
SALAZIE	4,147	X	29th Sept. "
NERA	5,538	Martin	27th Oct. "
CALEDONIEN	4,130	Lafosh	24th Nov. "
ARMAND BEHIC	6,385	X	22nd Dec. "
VILLE de la CIOTAT	6,378	Barillon	19th Jan. 1911.

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS.

RETURN TICKETS can be made available for one way by the Messageries Maritimes, and the Return Voyage by the Austrian Lloyd's or the Navigations General Italiana's at Reduced Fares.

TO AUSTRALIA DIRECT AND THE FAR EAST, TRANSHIPPING AT COLOMBO.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To Sail on or about
SALAZIE	4,147	X	15th July 1910.
NERA	5,538	Martin	12th Aug. "

For further particulars apply to—

G. CHANDIZE,
Albert Building, Hornby Road, Agent.

ANCHOR LINE.

REGULAR SAILING FROM BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES AND LIVERPOOL.

The following SAILINGS have been arranged :—

HOMEWARD SEASON.

Steamer.	Tonnage.	Captain.	Leaves Bombay.
CIRCASSIA	6716	C. F. Osborne R. N. R.	19th July 1910
SCINDIA	5108	Wm. Kelso	29th " "
CASTALIA	6388	J. Hamilton	11th August "
ELYSIA	6368	G. Mitchell	25th " "
MASSILIA	5091	J. Thomson	16th Sept. "
OLYMPIA	5124	A. Tait	30th " "
CARCASSIA	6716	C. F. Osborne	15th Oct. "
SCINDIA	5106	Wm. Kelso	25th " "
CASTALIA	6388	J. Hamilton	13th Nov. "
ELYSIA	6368	G. Mitchell	26th " "

Schedule of the revised rates of fares from Bombay Homeward ports by the Anchor Line steamers :—

	Rs.
Bombay to Suez	413
Bombay to Portsaid	446
Bombay to Marseilles	578
Bombay to Liverpool	605
Bombay to London Overland from Marseilles	653
Bombay to New York	808
Bombay to Suez and back	627
Bombay to Portsaid and back	677
Bombay to Liverpool and back	990
Bombay to London via Marseilles and back from Liverpool	1,038
Bombay to New York and back	1,340

Bombay to Cairo, including train fare from Suez Rs. 446.

All return tickets are available for 2 years.

Concessions granted to families, Railway employees, Hospital Nurses, Missionaries, Tea planters, &c.

Each steamer carries a duly qualified surgeon and experienced stewardess and is fitted with every comfort.

All steamers have electric lights and electric fans in every cabin free of charge.

Officers of the Army are exempted from the penalty attached to overstaying their leave by reason of delay in arrival of steamer, provided it is timed to arrive within the period of their leave.

The advertised rates to Europe include a passage by B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer between Karachi and Bombay.

For any further information regarding passage, apply to the undersigned.

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Agents, Bombay.

NATAL LINE OF STEAMERS.

BOMBAY TO ENGLAND (WEYMOUTH) VIA SUEZ AND PORT SAID.

THESE STEAMERS afford two, three and four Berth Cabins Amidships for First Class Passengers only.

Each Steamer carries a duly qualified Surgeon and an experienced Stewardess.

s.s. Umsinga...4,500 Tons, Sailing about 23rd July 1910

Fare.—Rs. 375.

For further particulars, apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Bombay.

CLARKE'S B. 41. PILLS.

A warranted cure for all acquired or constitutional Discharges from the Urinary Organs, in either sex. These famous Pills also cure Gravel, Pains in the Back and all Kidney Disorders. Free from mercury. Forty years' success. Sold by all Chemists and Storekespers throughout the world.

REPORTS, Petition, Memorial, Business Announcement, Bill Forms, Books, Pamphlets, &c., &c. printed with neatness and promptitude at reasonable rates. Special Terms for large contracts. Apply to the Manager, The "Bombay Gazette" Electric Press.

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OURS is the OLDEST FIRM in India of its kind.

Fireproof composition under the Supervision of the famous scientist, Prof. T. K. Gajjar, M. A., B. Sc., F. C. S.

The inspection of our wares is respectfully invited.

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HUMMUM STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

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CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA AND CHINA.

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.

CAPITAL £1,200,000
RESERVE FUND £1,600,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS £1,200 000

HEAD OFFICE

9, BISHOPSGATE STREET, WITHIN, LONDON, E. C

AGENCIES AND BRANCHES:

Hamburg	Ipoh (Perak), F. M. S	Manilla
Bombay	Medan Deli (Sumatra)	Cebu
Calcutta	Singapore	Hongkong
Madras	Kwala Lumpor (F. M. S.)	Foochow
Rangoon	Klang (F. M. States.)	Shanghai
Colombo	Seremban (F. M States.)	Tientsin
Karachi	Bangkok	Hankow
Amritsar	Batavia	Yokohama
Penang	Sourabaya	Kobe
Thaiping (Perak F. M. S.)	Saigon	New York

THE CORPORATION grant DRAFTS on the above Agencies and Branches, and also on the Principal Commercial Cities throughout the world; buy and receive for collection BILLS OF EXCHANGE; issue TRAVELLING LETTERS OF CREDIT; and undertake general Banking Business of every description.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.—Interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on the minimum Monthly Balances, if not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half yearly.

Amounts above Rs. 1,00,000 will be received on terms which may be ascertained upon application.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, STOCKS, and SHARES, bought and sold on account of clients, and also received for safe custody and collection of interest and Dividends when due.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for twelve months and shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

OFFICE HOURS—10-30 A.M. to 4 P.M.
Saturdays—11-30 A.M. to 3 P.M.

POST BOX No. 34,
Esplanade Road, Bombay.

J. S. BRUCE,
Acting Agent.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LD

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL ... £ 1,600,000
PAID UP CAPITAL ..... £ 800,000
RESERVE FUND ..... £ 800,000

HEAD OFFICE:
17, BISHOPSGATE STREET, WITHIN LONDON.

BRANCHES:

Calcutta,	Tuticorin,	Newera-Eliya,
Bombay,	Chittagong,	Aden (Camp.)
Madras,	Cochin,	Aden, (Steamer Point)
Karachi,	Rangoon,	Zanzibar,
Lahore	Mandalay,	Mombasa,
Amritsar,	Colombo,	Nairobi,
Delhi,	Kandy	Entebbe,
Cawnpore		

FIXED DEPOSITS.—The Bank receives DEPOSITS FIXED for one year and shorter periods, at Rates of Interest to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved Customers, and interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE, payable in the principal Cities of Europe, India, China, Africa, and Australia purchased or collected.

DRAFTS are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the principal Cities of Europe, Africa, America, and Australia. Remittances may be made by telegram.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares and receive same for safe custody, realizing interest and Dividends when due.

LOANS and CASH CREDITS granted on approved Securities.

Post Box No. 141,
BOMBAY,

J. BLACK,
Ag. Manager.

THE BANK OF INDIA, LD.

Incorporated under the Indian Companies Act VI. of 1882.

HEAD OFFICE:
ORIENTAL BUILDINGS,
BOMBAY.

CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED ... Rs. 1,00,00,000
CAPITAL CALLED UP ... " 50,00,000
RESERVE FUND ..... " 1,75,000

DIRECTORS:

The Hon'ble SIR SASSOON DAVID Kt., Chairman (Messrs. Sassoon J. David and Co., Bombay.)

SIR COWASJEE JEHANGIR, Bart., (Messrs. J. Cowasjee Jehangir and Co.)

THE HON'BLE MR. H. R. GREAVES, (of Messrs. Greaves, Cotton & Co.)

RATANJI DADABHOY TATA, Esq. (of Messrs Tata Sons & Co.)

GORDHANDAS KHATTAU, Esq. (Messrs. Khattau Makanjee and Co., Bombay).

The Hon'ble Mr. LALUBHAI SAMALDAS (Bhownuggur.)

KHETSEY KHAISEY, Esq., (Messrs. Heerjee Khetsey and Co., Bombay.)

RAMNARAIN HURNUNDBAI, Esq., (of the firm of Hurnundrai Ramnarain, Bombay.)

The Hon'ble Mr. ISSAHIA SAHIMTOOLA, J. I. E.

R. BARLOW, Esq. (of Messrs. Symons Barlow & Lang.)

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

INTEREST is allowed on Daily Balances from Rs. 300 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum and on sums over Rs. 1,00,000 by special arrangement. No interest which does not amounts to Rs. 3 per half year will be allowed.

FIXED DEPOSITS

Amounts for 12 months are received at 4½ per cent. and for other periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

LOANS, OVERDRAFTS, & CASH CREDITS.

The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved security.

The Bank undertakes on behalf of its Constituents the safe custody of Shares and Securities and the collection of dividends and interest thereon; it also undertakes the sale and purchase of Government Paper and all descriptions of Stocks at moderate charges, particulars of which may be had on application.

J. A. STEWART,
Acting Manager.

10 H. P. NOISELESS
NAPIER

Chasis Price £ 233 with tyres or Rupees 3,495.

"I think this fairly constitutes a record."

LAUNCESTON,
23RD MAY, 1910.

MESSRS. S. F. EDGE, Ltd.,
14, New Buclington Street, W.

GENTLEMEN,—I arrived in Launceston with my 10 H.P. Napier all safe, my average being 22 miles an hour. I had never previously driven a car of any kind, nor had I ever taken any lessons previous to starting. I THINK THIS FAIRLY CONSTITUTES A RECORD, and goes to show how easy your cars are to manage, and when they leave your works, HOW PERFECT IN ADJUSTMENT THEY MUST BE. London to Launceston is over 200 miles, with only 2 Stops at Salisbury and Hointon to take in petrol.

Yours faithfully,
(Signed) S. P. WENMOTH.

THREE YEARS' GUARANTEE.

Models from 10 H. P. to 90 H. P. Prices from £ 233 to £ 1712 with tyres.

We charge London Prices, plus importing charges to India.

SOLE AGENTS:

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BOMBAY & POONA.

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THE NEW PATENT Automatic BALL RETURNER NOW IN STOCK.

We hold the LARGEST STOCK of BILLIARD TABLES and Accessories, OUT OF LONDON.

Billiard Balls and Cues, our Specialities.

JOHN ROBERTS & CO., LD.,
BILLIARD TABLE MAKERS,
75, Hornby Road,
BOMBAY.

JOHN ROBERTS & Co., Ld.,
BOMBAY.
BILLIARD TABLES AND BILLIARD ACCESSORIES.

We Supply our No. 1 Design Billiard Table in solid Mahogany, fitted with all the latest improvements, including all accessories and fittings for the Billiard Game only.

Packed Free.

Delivered on Rails for Rs. 1,317.

Price List and Estimates for all designs of Billiard Tables and Accessories Free.

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Specially appointed by the Viceroy of India for 1890, also the High Commissioner Milner 1903, S. H. E. Viscount Africa.

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FROM LONDON.

PAINTER & HOUSE DECORATOR,
Importer of the Best English oils and colour, &c.
Sole Agent in India, for J. B. Orr, F. C. S.

ZINGESSOL ORR'S ZINC WHITE
AND PURE OXIDE OF ZINC
Colour Washing of Walls with ORR'S ZINGESSOL, THE PERFECTED WASHABLE WATER PAINT.

Coloured Card and Book on Application.
OFFICE: 17-19, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay,
Opposite the Oriental Buildings.
ESTIMATES GIVEN.

"ZINGESSOL," is admirably adapted for the interior or exterior decoration of either Private Residences, Hospitals, Churches, or other Public Buildings.

MALARIA, INFLUENZA, AND MILD FORMS OF PLAGUE,

Use BATLIWALLA'S AGUE MIXTURE or PILLS. Rs. 1.

BATLIWALLA'S CHOLERAL
Is the only remedy for CHOLERA. Rs. 1.

BATLIWALLA'S HARETONE
Has been recently improved a great deal and restores Grey Hair to its Natural Colour. Rs. 3.

BATLIWALLA'S TONIC PILLS
Cure Nervous Exhaustion and Constitutional Weakness. Rs. 1-8.

BATLIWALLA'S TOOTH POWDER
scientifically made of Native and English Drugs, such as Mayaphal and Carbolic Acid B. P. As. 4.

BATLIWALLA'S RINGWORM OINTMENT
Cures in a day. As. 4 per pot.

SOLD EVERYWHERE and ALSO BY

DR. H. L. BATLIWALLA,
WARLI LABORATORY, DADAR, BOMBAY.

THE DUNLOP PNEUMATIC TYRE Co., LTD.

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UNDER EXPERT ENGLISH SUPERVISION.
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DUNLOP MACHINERY.

Send along your OLD TYRES and have them retreaded under the Dunlop System which is the best ever discovered. Repairs to TUBES of every description. ESTIMATES and REPORTS FREE.

THE DUNLOP PNEUMATIC TYRE Co., LTD.
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THE ASIATIC PETROLEUM Co., LTD.,

GRAHAMS BUILDINGS.
BOMBAY.

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VETARZO BRAIN AND NERVE FOOD.

This remarkable compound, the result of the latest developments and achievements of modern chemistry, pharmacology, and therapeutics, is without equal in all cases of defective nerve power, whether induced by worry, over-work, unhealthy climate, dissipation, excess, youthful imprudence, or other influences incidental to the wear and tear and haste or overstrain of modern life. Sleeplessness, tremblings, palpitation, nervous dyspepsia, low spirits, mental and bodily prostration, muscular and local weakness, general and nervous debility, faulty nutrition, premature decay or deficiency of the vital forces, impaired vitality, harassing dreams, night disturbances, sudden startings, dimness of sight, defective hearing, loss of memory, inability to perform the various duties of life, or to enjoy its pleasures, restlessness that can settle to nothing, irritability of temper, female complaints, hysteria, painful periods, backache, bearing down sensations, nervous headache, wasting disease, night sweats, and all other phases of brain and nerve exhaustion, are successfully combated by this highly scientific preparation. Bracing up the system generally, it gives tone to the exhausted nerves, arrests all weakening wasting discharges, involuntary losses, &c.; restores the failing energies, and imparts new life and vigour to what had so recently seemed worn out, "used up," and valueless.

VETARZO BLOOD MEDICINE.

Never before was there anything like it, nor can its marvellous properties ever be equalled in all cases of poorness, impurity, or other imperfection of the blood from whatever cause arising. No sooner is it imbibed into the system than it permeates and penetrates to the minutest capillaries, overcoming and expelling the virus of disease, wheresoever and in whatsoever form met with; removing all blotches, pimples, scurf, scurvy, scrofulous and glandular swellings, discolorations, roughness and unsightly patches, &c. Its effects are almost magical in the treatment of gout, rheumatism, sciatica, lumbago, pains and swellings of the joints, discharges, secondary symptoms, eczema, lepra, psoriasis, bad legs, bad breasts, abscesses, ulcers, sores, goitre or Derbyshire neck, it improves the general health, and quickly removes long-standing bronchitis, asthma, and hacking, straining, spasmodic cough, too often the precursor of consumption.

CAUTION.—Ask for "VETARZO Brain and Nerve Food," or "VETARZO Blood Medicine," whichever is required, and see that you get them, as unprincipled vendors often try to palm off inferior preparations (usually their own manufacture), for the sake of extra profit. Price in England, 2/9. Every genuine bottle of these medicines bears the British Government Stamp with the words "VETARZO REMEDIES" impressed thereon, in white letters on a red ground, by direction of His Majesty's Hon. Commissioners. Registered Trade Mark "VETARZO." Legal proceedings will be taken against persons pirating.

COMMON SENSE IN A NUTSHELL.—A new medical work on the causes and most scientific and effectual means of self-cure ever discovered for nervous exhaustion, depression of spirits, want of zest and energy, &c., with practical observations on marriage and full directions for removing certain disqualifications that destroy the happiness of wedded life. It also treats on urinary derangements, secondary symptoms, stricture, &c., and no sufferer should fail to procure a copy. Post free in plain envelope on receipt of Postal Order Sixpence, from THE VETARZO REMEDIES CO., Gospel Oak, London, or of Agents for above medicines. Price 10 anas Post Free.

Agents for India:—TREACHER AND CO., LTD BOMBAY, SIMLA, and POONA.

A FACT WORTH NOTING.

PAGE & SANDEMAN'S
Celebrated
INVALID'S PORT
Gold Capsule, is
SECOND TO NONE.
Insist on having it.
BEWARE OF IMITATION

PAGE & SANDEMAN, LONDON, ENGLAND.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.

The insertion of Advertisements in the "Bombay Gazette" is not guaranteed unless they are delivered at the Office by 6 p.m. on the day preceding that on which they are to appear.

S. S. "CITY OF CALCUTTA."

ARRIVED on the 12th July, 1910.

CONSIGNEES are requested TO TAKE DELIVERY of their CARGO from the DOCKS. Packages exceeding 30 cwts. in weight will be landed on the quay at the risk and expense of the consignees unless boats are sent alongside to take delivery without delay.

Chafed or broken packages must be surveyed before removal from the Landing Shed, otherwise no claim will be recognised. The undersigned decline to survey Goods removed to the Unclaimed Warehouse.

Captain Metcalfe will attend every morning to survey damaged and broken packages. All claims must be certified by him and sent in within a month of Steamer's arrival, or they will not be paid.

EDWARD BATES & SONS, AGENCY,
(KILLICK, NIXON & CO.),
Agents.

Home Street, Bombay, 12th July, 1910.

NOTICE.

ALL PERSONS having any CLAIMS against the estate of the late THAKORE SAHEB BALSINHJI or the Wadhwan State, should submit their CLAIMS to the Assistant Administrator, Wadhwan State, within a month from the date of this Notice, after which date no claim will be considered.

N. S. COGHILL, Major,
Political Agent,
In Charge Wadhwan State.

7th July, 1910.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.
ARMY DEPARTMENT.

RECRUITING NATIVE ARMY.

THE SERVICES of PENSIONED and DISCHARGED SEPOYS of the NATIVE ARMY required for employment in civil capacities may be obtained on application to—

(i) the Recruiting Officers in charge of the following districts:—

Peshawar for Pathans. Jhelum for Punjabi Mahomedans. Jullundur for Sikhs. Jullundur (Dharmsala from 15th April to 15th October) for Dogras. Ajmer for Rajputans and Central India Hindus and Mahomedans. Delhi for Jats and Hindustani Mahomedans. Lucknow for Hindustani Hindus. Poona for Mahrattas and Dekhani Mahomedans.

(ii) the Pension Pay Master, Madras, for Madrasis.

All applications from employers should include the particulars shown below and should be addressed to the officers referred to at the places above mentioned:—

(1) Name of person or firm offering employment.
(2) Nature of, and place at which, employment is offered.
(3) Proposed pay and period for which employment is offered.
(4) Whether railway fare to place of employment will be paid or not.
(5) Whether return railway fare will be paid in case of pensioner being discharged for no fault of his own, or after a definite period of service.
(6) Class of men required, e.g., Sikh, Pathan, Dogras, etc.

A. H. O. SPENCE, MAJOR,
Assistant Secretary to the Government of India.

Simla, 7th July, 1910.

WESTERN INDIA TURF CLUB.

POON RACING SEASON, 1910.

THE RACING SEASON will consist of about 22 days racing, to be held, as follows, from July to October, 1910:—

(A) About 12 EXTRA MEETINGS. (The 1st Extra will be held, weather permitting, on Saturday, 30th July and it is proposed to hold 7 Extra Meetings before Poona Races, 1st Meeting, and 5 Extra Meetings after Poona Races, 2nd Meeting.)

(B) POONA RACES.
FIRST MEETING, 4 days.
3rd, 7th, 10th and 17th September.
SECOND MEETING, 3 days.
24th and 28th September and 1st October.

(C) CLOSED MEETING, 2 days, (13th and 21st September.)

SEASON TICKETS.

Season Tickets and Books of Coupons will be issued for the above Meetings as under, and at the rates shown opposite each:—

For the WHOLE SEASON comprising A. B. & C.
Each Gentleman .... Rs. 60
Each Lady .... „ 15

For the POONA RACES, FIRST and SECOND MEETINGS and CLOSED MEETING, comprising B. & C.
Each Gentleman .... Rs. 30
Each Lady .... „ 7

N. B.—MEMBERS of the TURF CLUB and LADIES will receive Tickets.
NON-MEMBERS of the TURF CLUB will receive Books of Coupons.

2. Tickets and Books of Coupons are obtainable at the Office of the Turf Club, Race Course, Poona, or at the Gate.

3. No Tickets or Books of Coupons will be issued without payment.

DAY TICKETS.

FIRST ENCLOSURE.		SECOND ENCLOSURE.	
Single Ticket	Rs. 5	Single Ticket	Rs. 1 8
Lady	„ 2	Soldiers in Uniform	„ 1 0
		Lady	„ 0 8

1. Day Tickets are obtainable at the Gate only.
2. Special Trains from and to Bombay will run as usual.

N.B.—Tickets of admission and Coupon books are subject to the Rules and Regulations of the Western India Turf Club. Children in arms will not be admitted.

CECIL GRAY,
Secretary, W. I. T. Club.

Race Stand, Poona, 15th June, 1910.

JARRAH WOOD

WESTRALIAN JARRAH, STEAM, SAWN SCANTLINGS, suitable for Flooring, Joists, Rafters, Posts, Chowkhats, Office Partitions, Doors, Windows, Polished Furniture, Frame-work, Cotton Bale Ribs. Jarrah is about half the price of Teak. A large assortment of Scantling sizes and lengths always kept in stock at our MAZAGON DEPOT, Victoria Road.

Price List and Sample Free on Application.

MILLARS' KARRI & JARRAH CO.
(1902) LD.,
YORK BUILDINGS,
Hornby Road,
BOMBAY.

● SELF CURE NO FICTION! ●
NO SUFFERER NEED NOW DESPAIR.
THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY.
THERAPION No. 1
in a remarkably short time, often a few days only, Cures discharges (either sex) superseding injections
THERAPION No. 2
Cures blood poison, bad legs, ulcers, sores, painful swelled joints, &c. when mercurial treatment fails.
THERAPION No. 3
Cures chronic weakness, lost vigor and vital force.
Either Number Therapion & all self treatment directions enclosed, of chemists or post free 3/- from The Le Clerc Medicine Co., Haverstock Rd., Hampstead, London, Eng. Try New Dragee (Tasteless) Form of Therapion, easy to take, safe, lasting cure. Trade Marked word 'THERAPION' is on British Govt. Stamp affixed to every genuine packet.
THERAPION
CURES TO STAY CURED.
SOLD BY TREACHER & Co.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA AND POONA.

AMUSEMENTS.

EXCELSIOR CINEMATOGRAPH.

EVERY NIGHT
at the
THREE SESSIONS.

THE RESCUE OF S. S. "TRIESTE"

A Series of Lantern slides by
Messrs. BOURNE AND SHEPHERD,

GREAT SUCCESS.
FOR ONE WEEK ONLY.
DON'T MISS YOUR CHANCE.

This week's Monster Programme of the best Dramatics, Comics, etc., makes the "EXCELSIOR" the best attraction in town.

TIME & PRICES AS USUAL.

BANKS.

THE MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

AUTHORISED CAPITAL	£ 1,500,000
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL	£ 1,125,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL	£ 562,500
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS	£ 562,500
RESERVE FUNDS	£ 285,000

HEAD OFFICE:
40, Threadneedle Street, London, E. C.
LONDON BANKERS
The Bank of England.
The London Joint Stock Bank.
BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:

BOMBAY, KARACHI, CALCUTTA, Sub-Branch HOWRAH (Calcutta), RANGOON, MADRAS, COLOMBO, KANDY, GALLE, SINGAPORE, KUALA LUMPUR, PENANG, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI.

The Bank negotiates and collects Bills and grants Drafts payable at its Head Office and Branches, and issues Letters of Credit for the use of Travellers.

The Bank receives Deposits on the following terms:—

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 2 per cent. on the daily balance if not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000. Sums over Rs. 1,00,000 will be received on terms to be ascertained on application.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Rates for Fixed deposits for 12 months and shorter period to be ascertained on application.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares, and receives same for safe custody, realising interest and dividends when due.

JAMES MURDOCH,
Esplanade Road, Bombay. Manager.

THE CREDIT BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

HEAD OFFICE,
"7, Green Street, Fort, Bombay."

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL,
Rs. 30,00,000.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed on daily balances from Rs. 100 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum, and on sums over Rs. 1,00,000 by special arrangement. No interest which does not amount to Rs. 2 per half year will be allowed.

SAVINGS BANK.

Interest allowed at 4 per cent. per annum, rules on application.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Rates for Fixed Deposits for 12 months and shorter periods to be ascertained on application.

LOANS, OVERDRAFTS AND CASH CREDITS

The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved security.

The Bank undertakes on behalf of its constituents the safe custody of Shares and Securities and the collection of dividends and interests thereon; it also undertakes the sale and purchase of Government Paper and all descriptions of Stocks at moderate charges particulars of which may be had on application.

JAFFER JOOSAB,
Manager.

THE BOMBAY MERCHANTS' BANK, LIMITED.

HEAD OFFICE:
MOTILAL MANSIONS, Apollo St., BOMBAY
BRANCHES:
Mumbadevi, Ahmedabad, Karachee, Calcutta and Rangoon.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL
Rs. 1,00,00,000

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed on daily balances from Rs. 500 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of 3 per cent. per annum and on sums over Rs. 1,00,000 by special arrangement. No interest which does not amount to Rs. 5 per half year will be allowed.

SAVINGS BANK. Interest allowed 4 per cent. Rules on application.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Amount for 12 months are received at 5 per cent. and for other periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

LOANS, OVERDRAFTS AND CASH CREDITS.

The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved security.

The Bank undertakes on behalf of its constituents, the safe custody of Shares and Securities and the collection of dividends and interest thereon; it also undertakes the sale and purchase of Government paper and all descriptions of Stocks at moderate charges, particulars of which may be had on application.

JAINARAYAN HINDUMAL DANI,
Managing Director.

CUMMOO JAFFER SULLEMAN & Co.,
GIRGAUM, BOMBAY.

NEW and Second-hand English-built CARRIAGES for SALE.

CARRIAGES and HORSES let on hire.

CROCKERY, CUTLERY, GLASS WARE, for sale and on hire.

FURNITURE of the latest design for sale and on hire.

HOUSES FURNISHED with neat Furniture.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

Only Advertisement for Clerks, Servants, &c., Goods for Sale or Wanted are accepted in this Column.

RATES.—(Cash only). Not exceeding three lines, Re. 1. Each succeeding line, annas 8. Minimum charge Re. 1.

REPLIES will be sent "BEARING" unless amount to cover Postage is previously paid

YOUR PIANO.—Does it need TUNING or REPAIRING? We place the services of a thoroughly Competent Workman at your disposal. Our charges are MODERATE, and whatever we do for your Instrument, we guarantee that it will be done as well as it is possible.—MARCKS & Co., Ld., AGENTS for the world-known "Bluthner" Pianos, Bombay and Poona.

MEMBERS REQUIRED to communicate with well known Undersigned in Bombay to push on a First Class Town Band. Apply to A. W. MALFIGGIANI, care of this Paper.

RAILWAY HOTEL, Bombay, Grant Road, near Moos Buildings. Give it a trial and you will never regret your visit. Board and Residence, Rs. 2 and 3 per day. Very easy terms for permanent residents, Splendid Bars, Brand-new Billiard Tables. Dinner, Rs. 1-4-0; Tiffin, Re. 1-0-0; Breakfast, As. 12. Dinner served till late hours.

ACCESSORIES, SPARES, Etc.—The UNIVERSAL ENGINEERING Co., 14 Hummum Street, Fort, have just received from England a fresh lot of best Motor Accessories, Musical Horns, Spark Tensifiers, etc., and are selling anything and everything for MOTOR CARS, at very LOW PRICES.

BURMA AFTER THE CONQUEST.—By Grattan Geary. Rs. 5. Apply "Bombay Gazette" Office.

LAYS OF THE LAW.—A Selection of Box Leading Cases. By W. E. H., Re. 1. Apply No. 404 care of "Bombay Gazette" Office.

FINEST VERY OLD SCOTCH WHISKY from DANIEL CRAWFORD, 81 Queen's Street, Glasgow. This rare old Whisky may be had from Messrs. JAMES FINLAY and Co., Limited, Bombay.

EXCHANGE TABLES.—NEW EDITION, revised and enlarged. Sterling into Rupees and Rupees into Sterling. Advancing by 32nds from 1s. 3⅞d. to 1s. 4 3⅞d. Also includes Tables of Par Conversion—Commission—Interest—Decimal— Values —Due Dates. Price Rs. 3. Apply "Bombay Gazette" Office.

TURKEY.—"Through Asiatic Turkey." Bombay to the Bosphorous. Two Volumes. By Grattan Geary. Rs. 10. Apply Box No. 4, 9, care of "Bombay Gazette" Office.

WONDER! Machine in perfect use for 22 years. Singer's Hand Machine, valued Rs. 50, which is in use in my house for past 22 years, has given me every satisfaction and I recommend it to any one requiring a good substantial and easy going Machine.—G. D. Nariman, Hyderabad, Deccan.

JOB PRINTING.—Apply at the "Bombay Gazette" Electric Printing Works 2, Green Street Fort.

FOR SALE.—2 Printing Presses, 2 Cutting Machines and Lithographing Machines, all at very low prices, to make room for other machineries. Apply to this Office.

OVERLAND "SUMMARY AND WEEKLY BUDGET."—Published Weekly (on Saturdays) in time for the English Mail. A complete rechauffe of Indian News particularly interesting to Anglo-Indians, retired or on leave. Subscription, inclusive of postage, One Sovereign or Rs. 15 per annum. Back numbers, if available 8 annas each up to 12 months old; over 12 months, an additional rupee for every year

ELECTRICAL PRINTING.—The "Bombay Gazette" Office is located at No. 2 GREEN STREET, behind the Bank of Bombay, where a complete Electric Installation supplies the Motive Power for the working of the Machinery, thus economising labour and facilitating work. The Management is therefore able to offer Constituents expedition and economy in rates. Quotation given for all sorts of Printing Work, Binding, Stationery, etc

OLD ISSUES of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE," when available, are supplied at the following special Prices:—If of a date over one and within 3 months, 8 annas a copy; over three months old and within 12 months, one rupee per copy; over 12 months old, an additional rupee for each year; and whenever a search is necessary, an additional fee of Rs. 2 must be paid in advance.

"THE EMPIRE."—The file of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" is available to enquirers at the office of "THE EMPIRE," LIMITED, No. 12 A, Mission Row, Calcutta, and the file of "THE EMPIRE" may be seen at the Office of the "Bombay Gazette, Limited, 2 Green Street, Fort, behind the Bank of Bombay.

THE NEW "REVLUC" PINCE NEZ.

DURING the hot steamy Weather, when your Glasses persist in falling of your nose a pair of "REVLUC" FRAME fitted to your own lense will be found a great boon.
They are self-adjusting.
There is nothing to break.
They are always Horizontal.
They are the acme of comfort and very strong.
No slipping off the Nose.
Prices of Frames only, inclusive of fitting:—
Nickel, Rs. 3-8. Gold, Rs. 35.

MARCKS & CO., LD.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

WILLIAM J. KEYMER & Co.,
BUYING AGENTS. PRODUCE AGENTS.
BUYING DEPARTMENT.—WM. J. KEYMER & CO. having for many years been large Exporters to the East of HARDWARE, METALS, MACHINERY, STORES and GENERAL MERCHANDISE, offer their services to Firms abroad.
CATALOGUES OR QUOTATIONS FURNISHED.
CLOSEST PRICES ASSURED.
PRODUCE DEPARTMENT.—WM. J. KEYMER & CO. undertake the Sale of EASTERN PRODUCE on commission.
GENERAL AGENCY BUSINESS carefully conducted.
Correspondence Invited.
CODES USED—A1, A.B.C., International, Private, &c.
WILLIAM J. KEYMER & Co.,
66 FENCHURCH STREET, LONDON, E.C.

BOOKS FOR SALE.

ROUND ABOUT BOMBAY.
By James Douglas. Rs. 5.

THROUGH ASIATIC TURKEY.
(Bombay to the Bosphorous)
By Grattan Geary (2 Vols.) Rs. 10.

BURMA AFTER THE CONQUEST.
By Grattan Geary. Rs. 5.

LAYS OF THE LAW,
(A Selection of Leading Cases.)
By W. E. H. Re. 1.

GIRAS AND GUARANTEE.
Being a Compilation of Decisions, etc. on Questions regarding Giras, Wanta, and other Guaranteed Rights.
By L. P. Parikh, Rs. 6.

Apply "The Bombay Gazette" Office.

FOR SALE, WANTED, &C.

FOR SALE.
OWNER LEAVING INDIA.

18 H. P. SIDDELEY MOTOR CAR to seat five.

Van Raden accumulator and Sims Bosch Magneto Gate change-4 speeds. Cape Cart hood, head and side lights, Stepney, etc., etc.

The Car is in splendid order with new spare tyres and all kinds of accessories and tools.

Price, Rs. 4500.

Apply to:—
GENERAL DES VŒUX,
Mhow.

SUITABLE FOR MILLS, FACTORIES, &c.

FOR SALE.

A COMPLETE ELECTRICAL GENERATING PLANT, consisting of Steam Engine, Dynamo Buster, Accumulators, and Switch Board in first class working order. Capable of lighting 35,016 C. P. Lamps. No reasonable offer refused. Apply—

ASSISTANT ADMINISTRATOR,
Wadhwan City,
Kathiawar.

SALES BY AUCTION.

BENNETT & COMPANY,
No. 22, APOLLO STREET.

AUCTION SALE of a Large Bolts and Nuts Factory at Matunga.

Under instructions from R. D. Sethna, Esquire, the receiver appointed in Suit No. 1098 of 1909, Messrs BENNETT & Co., Auctioneers, will, THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY, the 13th day of July, 1910, at 4-30 p.m. (Standard Time), sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, No. 22, Apollo Street, Fort, the undermentioned property, if not previously sold by private contract.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of freehold land or ground with the messuage, tenement or building standing thereon, situate at Matunga, outside the Fort of Bombay, on the eastern side of Sion Road, and admeasuring about (4043) four thousand and forty-three square yards or thereabouts, bearing Collector's Old No. 168, and New No. 3790, and New Survey Nos. 1/940 and 2/940 and assessed by the Assessor of Municipal rates and taxes under F Ward Nos. 5186, 5187, and Street Nos. 2427-2428, and bounded on or towards the North partly by the Footka Tank, and partly by the property of the late Mr. J. N. Tata, on or towards the West by the Sion Road, and on or towards the east and south by the property of the late Mr. J. N. Tata.

MACHINERY.

1 engine.
1 boiler and furnace.
1 Heating machine.
1 Lathe.
2 punching machines.
2 bull making machines.
2 nut making machines.
4 threading machines.
1 boll pointing machine.
1 grinding stone.
1 washer.
1 emergy wheel.
1 bellows.
1 anvil.

Blacksmith's instruments fixing pulleys and other instruments lying on the premises in relation to the above machinery and all other articles lying on the said premises.

For further particulars and conditions of sale application may be made to Messrs. Mehta and Dalpatram, Attorneys to the Receiver, at their office in No. 121, Meadows Street, Fort, or to the undersigned.

On SATURDAY, the 16th instant, at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.), Messrs. BENNETT & Co. will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, a quantity of grey and coloured piece-goods, etc.

AT 2 P. M. (S.T.)

1 second-hand rubber-tyred palanquin office shigram, in good order.
1 second-hand glass-fronted miniature office brougham, in good order.
1 second-hand rubber-tyred victoria, in good order.
1 bay Arab, quiet in harness and saddle.
1 grey pony, quiet in harness.

BENNETT & Co.

Bombay, 13th July, 1910.

MENESSE AND COMPANY,
No. 35, HUMMUM STREET.

AUCTION SALE of the Right of the Temporary Occupation of the Vacant Land.

Under instructions from the Bombay Improvement Trust, Messrs. MENESSE and Co. will sell by Public Auction, on the premises, THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY, the 13th July, 1910, at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.), the right of the temporary occupation of the following vacant lands:—

Plot Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, Carnac Road, Sarang Street, Pinjari Street, Abdul Rehman Street.

At 5 p.m. (S.T.) Plot No 16B, Doongri Street.

Full particulars, Auction conditions and plans of the plots can be seen at the Trust Land Manager's office, Esplanade Road, Fort, or at the office of the undersigned.

MENESSE & Co.

Bombay, 13th July, 1910.

HOTEL WINDSOR,

VICTORIA STREET, WESTMINSTER,
LONDON, S. W., ENGLAND.

FIRST-CLASS FAMILY HOTEL, single bed rooms from 4s.; double from 7s.; sitting and bed room from 15s.; suites from 21s.; including attendance and electric light. Inclusive, terms from 12s. per day. Special inclusive terms by the year. Wedding receptions. Turkish Bath. Post Office telephones in every suite. Table d'Hote at Separate Tables, from 6-30 to 8-30 (open to non-residents).

J. R. CLEAVE,
PROPRIETOR.

MALARIA.

NEMESIS AGUE SPECIFIC,

is a rational Remedy for Ague, Malarial, Bilious, Plague and other Fevers. A General Bitter Tonic, and Heart Stimulent. Per bottle, Re. 1.

CHOLERA.

"ZAM-ZAM."

A wonder of the Age. The Family Remedy. Instantaneous cure for Cholera, Colic, Cramp, Dyspepsia, Griping.

☞ See the Trade-mark of a Wading Bird. Per bottle—Ans. 8 and Ans. 14.

F. S. MADON & CO.,
170, SHAIKH MEMON STREET,
BOMBAY.

SPECIAL OFFER.

COMMERCIAL ENVELOPES.—"Gazette Commercial," Rs. 2-4 per thousand and if printed on flap, Rs. 3-12 per thousand. Samples on application at THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE" Office.

SALES BY AUCTION.

CRAWFORD & COMPANY,
No. 7, MARINE STREET.

AUCTION SALE OF VERY VALUABLE PEARL AND DIAMOND ORNAMENTS.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.
Ordinary Original Civil Jurisdiction.
Suit No. 270 of 1910.

Jamkurvahu, wife of Sursing Mathuradas .... Plaintiff
V/s.
Morarji Mathuradas Kamdar, and another .... Defendants.

Under instructions from Messrs. Morarji Mathuradas Kamdar and Dwarkadas Haridas, executors of the last will of Hirabai, widow of Mathuradas Liladhar, and defendants in the above Suit, Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will put up for sale by Public Auction, THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY, the 13th day of July, 1910, at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.), at their Rooms, in Bank Street, Fort, Bombay, the following very valuable Jewellery, comprising—Pearl and diamond ornaments such as ravifuls, bangles, kanknis, vanks, bedharis, chudis, kadas, tridharis, ghughari, necklaces, toranmala, necklets, damni, nose-rings, called vindhadis, and other valuable ornaments.

For further particulars apply to Messrs. Madhowji, Kamdar and Chhotubhai, Attorneys for the said executors, at their office at Esplanade Road, Fort.

The above ornaments are on view at the office of the Auctioneers.

TO-MORROW, THURSDAY, the 14th instant, at 2-30 p.m. (S.T), Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at "West Ville" bungalow, Khatao Road, Colaba Reclamation (near Captain House), the valuable and handsome teakwood and black-wood household furniture, such as dining table, sideboard, drawingroom suit in 10 pieces, taj cabinet, Marble topped tables and tea-poys, bedsteads, almiras, clothes presses, marble-topped dressing and washand tables, large Milner's safe on stand, Jost fan, cottage piano by Rose and Co., windproof lamp, rich table ornaments, glassware, Crockery ware and plated ware, etc., the property of C. Wiggins, Esqr., left Bombay, and others.

Catalogues are published and the property is on view.

CRAWFORD & Co.

Bombay, 13th July, 1910.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.,
AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS,
21, MEADOWS STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

100 BALES BHAROOCH FINE MACHINE GINNED COTTON.

Messrs. SORABJEE COWASJEE and Co. will, THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY, the 13th day of July, at 4 p.m. (S.T.), sell by Public Auction, at the Godown No. 32-34, of Mukadam Tricumdas Damji at 1st Pasta Lane, Colaba:—

By order of Desai Hirachand Venachand and on account and at the risk of defaulting purchasers Messrs. Mitchell and Co—

M. M.—100 bales Bharooch fine machine-ginned cotton.

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of knocking the lot to the purchaser and the balance shall be paid and goods cleared on weighing the goods at purchaser's expense within three days from the day of sale.

A GOOD OPPORTUNITY FOR INVESTMENT IN SOUND SECURITY.

Sale of 24 Shares in the Bombay and Persian Steam Navigation Co., Ltd.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.
Ordinary Original Civil Jurisdiction.
Suit No. 217 of 1910.

Mahomed Hussein Dehdusty .... Plaintiff
vs.
Haji Mahomed Dehdusty and Others ...... Defendants.

Under instructions from Aga Mahomed Hussein Dehdusty, the Receiver appointed in the above suit and pursuant to the order contained in the Decree, dated the 29th day of March, 1910, passed in the above suit, Messrs. SORABJEE CAWASJEE and Co., Auctioneers, will, THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY, the 13th day of July, 1910, sell by Public Auction, at their sales rooms at 2-30 p.m. (Standard Time).

24 Shares in the Bombay and Persian Steam Navigation Co., Ltd., specified below:—

Eight original shares Nos. 583, 584, 585, 586, 587, 769, 772, 773.

Eight B shares Nos. 223, 224, 225, 794, 795, 796, 797, 798.

Eight C shares Nos. 205, 206, 207, 784, 785, 786, 787, 788.

The original shares are all of the nominal value of Rs. 500 each and are fully paid up.

The B and C shares are all of the nominal value of Rs. 125 each and are fully paid up.

For further information and conditions of sale apply to the undersigned at their office No. 21, Medow Street, Fort.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & Co.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 13th July, 1910.



Stephens' Ribbons AND Carbons For Typewriters.

BANKS.

COX & CO.,
BANKERS AND AGENTS.
BOMBAY, RAWAL PINDI, KARACHI, MURREE, AND SRINAGAR (KASHMIR).

BANKING BUSINESS of every description transacted.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and FIXED DEPOSITS received, rates of INTEREST to be obtained upon application.

LETTERS OF CREDIT issued, and DRAFTS granted on London at the Current Rate of Exchange, and on Branches and Agencies throughout India.

TELEGRAPHIC REMITTANCES made and ADDRESSES Registered in London free of charge.

INSURANCES of every description effected.

SHIPPING, PASSAGE AND AGENCY BUSINESS of every description, including IMPORT and EXPORT of CARGO and BAGGAGE, with STORAGE of Baggage and other goods, effected by COX'S SHIPPING AGENCY, Limited, in connection with Messrs. Cox & Co., SAILING LISTS and HANDBOOK supplied on application.

A copy of the half yearly Balance Sheet will be forwarded on application.

HEAD OFFICE:
16, CHARING CROSS, LONDON, W. S.

INTERNATIONAL BANKING CORPORATION.

HEAD OFFICE: NEW YORK.

Capital paid up ...	...Gold $3,250,000·00
Reserve Fund and Undivided Profits ...	...Gold $3,605,119·45

LONDON OFFICE: Threadneedle House,
Bishopsgate Street Within, E. C.

BRANCHES.

Bombay.	Cebu.	San Francisco
Calcutta.	Shanghai.	City of Mexico.
Hongkong.	Yokohama.	Washington.
Canton.	Colon.	Panama.
Manila.	Kobe.	Singapore.
Hankow.	Empire.	Peking.

THE CORPORATION buys and sells Bills of Exchange, issues Letters of Credit and carries on every description of Banking and Exchange business.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS opened on which interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on Daily Balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000.

FIXED DEPOSITS received for 12 months on which interest is allowed at 4½ per cent. per annum and for shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

GEO. HOGG, Manager.

BOMBAY OFFICE,
42/43, Church Gate Street.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LD.

ESTABLISHED 1880.

CAPITAL PAID-UP	Yen 24,000,000
RESERVE FUNDS	„ 16,250,000

HEAD OFFICE:—YOKOHAMA.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES AT:—

Antung-Hsien	Liaoyang	Ryojun Port Arthur
Changchung	Lyons	Peking
Dairen (Dairy)	Fengtien Mukden	San Francisco
Hankow	Nagasaki	Shanghai
Honolulu	Newchwang	Tiehling
Hongkong	New York	Tientsin
Kobe	Osaka	Tokyo
London		

LONDON BANKER:—
The Bank of England; The London Joint Stock Bank Ld.; The Union of London and Smiths Bank, Ld., The Parr's Bank, Ld.

BOMBAY BRANCH:—

LIBERAL INTEREST allowed on CURRENT ACCOUNT.

FIXED DEPOSITS on terms to be learnt on application.

CREDITS granted on approved securities, and every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business transacted.

DRAFTS granted on JAPAN and the Chief Commercial places in the World.

K. KODAMA.
Manager.

BOMBAY OFFICE—
Albert Buildings
Hornby Road Fort. Bombay

A SAFE REMEDY
FOR ALL
SKIN AND BLOOD DISEASES.

If you suffer from any disease due to the impure state of the Blood, FROM WHATEVER CAUSE ARISING, you should test the value of Clarke's Blood Mixture, the world-famed Blood Purifier and Restorer. This medicine has 40 years reputation, and is to-day more popular than ever, the reason of this being undoubtedly because this wonderful remedy does what it professes to do—IT CURES SKIN AND BLOOD DISEASES PERMANENTLY.

Clarke's Blood Mixture
IS THE FINEST BLOOD PURIFIER EVER DISCOVERED.

It is warranted to cleanse the blood from all impurities, from whatever cause arising. For

SCROFULA,	BAD LEGS,
SCURVY	BLOTCHES,
ECZEMA	SPOTS,
BLOOD POISON,	BLACKHEADS
ULCERS,	PIMPLES,
SKIN & BLOOD DISEASES,	AND SORES OF ALL KINDS

it is a safe and Permanent Remedy.

It is the only real specific for Gout and Rheumatic Pains, for it removes the cause from the Blood and Bones.

NOTE This mixture is pleasant to the taste and warranted free from anything injurious to the most delicate constitution of either sex, from infancy to old age, and the Proprietors solicit sufferers to give it a trial to test its value.

Thousands of wonderful cures have been effected by it.

TRIED MANY THINGS WITHOUT BENEFIT UNTIL TOOK CLARKE'S BLOOD MIXTURE.

Mr. F. B. Lewis, 48, Bridge Street Row, Chester writes:—"Just a line in favour of 'Clarke's Blood Mixture.' I had eczema for seven months, and tried many things without benefit until I took your remedy. After the eighth bottle I was quite well again. Please accept this letter as a token of gratitude to your wonderful 'Clarke's Blood Mixture.'" —June 13, 1908.

IMPURITIES IN THE BLOOD.—"We have seen hosts of letters from all sorts and conditions of people, in which the writers acknowledge the benefit they have received from Clarke's Blood Mixture, which as a curative agent cannot be too highly estimated, since it cleanses and clears the blood from all impurities, and restores it to its normal condition." This is a good testimonial from the *Family Doctor* the popular medical weekly, which goes on further to say: "It is certainly the finest blood purifier that science and skill have brought to light, and we can, with the utmost confidence, recommend it to our subscribers and the public generally."

Sold by all Chemists and Patent Medicine Vendors throughout the World.

ASK FOR...
CLARKE'S BLOOD MIXTURE

DEWJEE CANJEE & Co., Beds, Library Presses, Sofas Chairs of latest Designs, made and supplied.—Chuckla, No. 6.

BANKS.

ALLIANCE BANK OF SIMLA, LD

CAPITAL (Paid up)	Rs. 20,00,000
RESERVE FUND (in Government Paper)	Rs. 27,50,000

HEAD OFFICE: SIMLA.
BRANCHES:
Calcutta, Bombay, Agra, Ajmere, Cawnpore, Darjeeling, Lahore, Mussoorie, Murree, Rawalpindi, and Umballa.

CORRESPONDENTS:
London, Edinburgh, Dublin, and in all the principal towns throughout India.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 500 up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS received and interest allowed at rates which can be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANK—Deposits received and interest allowed. Rules on application.

BANKING BUSINESS of Every Description, transacted RULES OF BUSINESS and full information obtainable upon application.

W. A. M. LATTEY,
Agent.

Elphinstone Circle, BOMBAY.

COMPTOIR NATIONAL D'ESCOMPTE DE PARIS.

Post Box No. 45.
HEAD OFFICE:—14, Rue Bergere.
LONDON 52—Threadneedle Street, E.
LIVERPOOL AND MANCHESTER.

CAPITAL Fcs. 200,000,000, (£8,000,000.)

CAPITAL (fully paid up) ...	£ 8,000,000
SURPLUS	£ 1,360,000

LONDON BANKERS:—
BANK OF ENGLAND.
UNION OF LONDON AND SMITH'S BANK.

BRANCHES in all Principal Towns of France Bombay, Tunis, Melbourne, Sydney, Cairo, Alexandria Port Said and all principal towns on Madagascar.

Current Accounts opened and fixed deposits received at terms to be ascertained on application.

Drafts and Letters of Credits issued payable at any of the Chief Commercial Towns of the World.

The Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris beg to draw the attention of Travellers to its Letter of Credit Department in Paris at the Branch Office, 2, Place de l'Opera, in the very centre of the fashionable quarter of Paris, on the Boulevards facing the Grand Opera and within easy reach of the principal Hotels, Theatres, and Shops.

Dividends, Coupons, etc., on Government Paper, and other Stocks Cashed for Customers without charge, if remitted Home through the Bank.

Loans and Cash Credits granted on Government Paper, Gold, Silver, Merchandise to

S. KISSEL,
Acting Manager.

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

Paid up Capital	$ 15,000,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors	$ 15,000,000
Silver Reserve Fund	$ 15,500,000
Gold Reserve Fund	$ 1,500,000

COURT OF DIRECTORS AND HEAD OFFICE IN HONGKONG.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES.

AMOY	JOHORE (Malay Peninsula.)	PENANG
BANGKOK	KOBE	RANGOON
BATAVIA	KUALA LUMPUR (Federated Malay States.)	SAIGON
BOMBAY	LONDON	SAN FRANCISCO
CALCUTTA	LYONS	SHANGHAI
CANTON	MALACCA	SINGAPORE
COLOMBO	MANILA	SOURABAYA
FOOCHOW	NAGASAKI	TIENTSIN
HAMBURG	NEW YORK	YOKOHAMA
HANKOW	PEKING	YLOILO
HONGKONG		
IPOH (Federated Malay States.)		

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on Daily Balance of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 100,000 provided the sum accrued amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS

Are received for varying periods up to 12 months on term which may be ascertained on application.

Drafts granted on London and the chief Commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China and Japan.

Credits granted, Bills purchased, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

C. H. WILSON,
Agent.

CHURCH GATE STREET, BOMBAY.



THE BOMBAY GAZETTE

TOWN SUBSCRIBERS.

		Subscription. Rate.	Discount Rate.
Yearly	...	Rs. 25 0	Rs. 20 0
Half-yearly	...	„ 13 12	„ 11 0
Quarterly	...	„ 7 8	„ 6 0
Monthly	...	„ 2 8	„ 2 0

MOFUSSIL SUBSCRIBERS.

Yearly	...	Rs. 37 8	Rs. 30 0
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Quarterly	...	„ 10 10	„ 8 8
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* For rates of old Issues of the "Bombay Gazette," See Special Short Advertisements Column.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

For Advertisements of two or three lines, relating to such matters as Small Sales; Business Cards, Situations, Wanted Servants, Houses, or Lodgings Required; Change of Residence and Articles Lost or Found, the scale is as follows:—

Not exceeding three lines	...	... Re. 1-0
Each succeeding line...	...	... „ 0-8

No Advertisement will be inserted for less than One Rupee, and Payment must in all cases be made in Cash

LONG ADVERTISEMENTS.

First Insertion ...	...	Rs. 6-0 Per Inch.
Second Insertion	...	„ 3-8 do.
Third Insertion ...	...	„ 3-0 do.
Fourth Insertion	...	„ 2-8 do.
Fifth and upwards	...	„ 2-0 do.
Minimum charge	...	„ 6-0 do.

In the Native Languages double the above rates.

For Advertisements, which are to be inserted for length of time special contracts are made.

THE BOMBAY GAZETTE
OVERLAND SUMMARY
AND WEEKLY BUDGET.

		Town.	Post.
Yearly	... ...	Rs. 12	Rs. 15
Half-yearly...	... ...	„ 7	„ 8
Quarterly	... ...	„ 4	„ 5

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DAILY MARKET REPORT.

LONDON, July 11.

Consols 2 1-2 per cent. ...	... 82 1-16—1-16	
Exchange on London at Paris Fcs.	25-20 1/4 —1	
Rentes 3 per cent	... 97 3-4+1/4	
Berlin Cheques on London	... 20-46 — 1/2	
Bar Silver spot... ...	... 25 5-8	unchgd
Do 2 months hence ...	... 24 3-4—3-8	
Closing Tone of Silver.—Steady.		
Rupee Paper 3 1-2 per cent	... 63 7-8	unchgd
Exchange on India 30 d-st. (Bank buying rate) ...	... 1-3-13 1-2	unchgd
Discount Bank of England Rate 3 per cent. since 9th June 1910.		
3 1-2 per cent. Indian Stock (Sterling Loan)	95 3-4 + 1/4	
Discount bank bills 3 m/st ...	2 1-8—1-8	
Do. Indian Bank bills 6 m/st	2 2-4—1/8	
Do. Fine trade bills 3 months	2 3/4	unchgd
Do. Fine Trade bills 6 months	3 1-8	unchgd
Bar Gold (per oz.)... ...	77-9	unchgd
Interest day to day loans... ...	1 2-8+1-8	
Do. of day market loans ...	1 1-2	unchgd

MANCHESTER, July 11.

COTTON.

	Bales.
Total Day's Sales at Liverpool ...	5,000
Do. Day's Sales on Spot and for Exp	......
Do. Day's Sales of East Indian ...	......
Do. Day's Imports... ...	1,000
Tone of Liverpool Cotton Spot—Quiet.	
Do. of Liverpool Cotton Futures ...	Quiet.
Do. of Liverpool Cotton East Indian...	Dull.
Tone of Manchester Market... ...	Quiet.
Mid-Americans	7-9—2
Egyptian F. G. F.	11 5/8unchgd

	J.-A.	A.-S.	S.-O.	O.-N.	N.-D.
Cotton Delivery Mid Uplands G. O. C.	7·53	7·24	6·89	6·74	6·65
	—1	—2	—1	unchgd	
	D.-J.	J.-F.	F.-M.	M.-A.	
Liverpool	6·62	6·61	6·61	6·61	
	unchgd	unchgd	+1	+1	

NEW YORK, July 11.

AMERICAN MARKETS.

COTTON :—

Day's Receipts at all U. S. Ports ...	7,000
Do. Last year	2,000
Do. Exports to Great Britain ...	6,000
Do. Exports to Continent	3,000

Futures at New York ....
Oct. 12·79—1 } Declined later owing to bear pressure and liquidation.
Do at New York ....
Dec. 12·02— 1

Spot Cotton at New York ...	15·45	unchgd
Fair Rio Coffee (No. 7 quality)	Mutilated.	
Demand Bills	"	
Silver Commercial Bars ...	"	
Spot Cotton at New Orleans...	14 7-8	unchgd
Tone of Spot Cotton ...	... Quiet.	
Futures at New Orleans ...	... Oct. 12·67— 2	
Do. at New Orleans ...	... Dec. 12·57— 2	

LONDON, July 11.

LINSEED.

Linseed Argentine (La Plata) 60 1-2
" " months, July-Aug.
" " Hamburg.
" " Buyers, sellers, &c., Sellers.

WHEAT.

AUSTRALIAN.

Wheat Choice White Karachi, per 492lbs C.I.F. 33 2-4
Do. Months—July-Aug.
Do. Name of Ports—London.
Do. Weather Buyers or Sellers, etc.—Done,
Tone—Easier.
Wheat Afloat for United Kingdom ... 2,560,000

SEEDS.

Rapeseed—Yellow Gujrat per 416 lbs 85 per cent ex ship. ... 41 1-2
Do. Months—July August.
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp.
Do. Whether Buyers, or Sellersetc.—Sellers.
Rapeseed—Yellow Cawnpore, per 416 lbs 85 per cent ex-ship ... 40 1-2
Do. Months—July-Aug.
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp.
Do. Weather Buyers or Sellers, etc.—Sellers.
Rapeseed—Brown Cawnpore 38
Do. Months—Aug.-Sept.
Do. Name of Ports—Hamburg.
Do. Whether Buyers, or Sellers,etc.—Done.
Tone of Rapeseed—Firmer.
Linseed—Bombay, per 416 lbs. ex-ship ... 64 2-4
Do. Months—July-Aug.
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp..
Do. Whether Buyers or Sellers, etc.—Sellers.
Tone of Linseed—Quiet.

RUBBER.

Para Rubber 10-1 Value—Quiet but steady.

SUGAR.

German granulated sugar C. and F. India double bags. 17 10 1/2
Months of Shipment.—July-Aug.—Sellers.
Tone of Sugar—Quiet.

ARRIVALS.

"Hidalgo", "Glamorgan", "Istrar".

BOMBAY, July 12.

EXCHANGE.

The market opened at T. T. and 1s. 3 31-32d. for Demand and 1s. 4 5-32d. for 3 months' sight Credits.

We quote :—

Bank's selling—	
T. T. Ready ...	... 1s. 3 31-32d.
D. D. Mail ...	... 1s. 3 31/ 2d.
T. T. Forward ...	... 1s. 4d. Sept.
Bank's Buying—	
Private D. D. Ready ...	... 1s. 4 1-32d.
Credits 3 m/s "	...1s. 4 1-2d. to 1s 4 5-32d.
" " Forward ...	... 1s. 4 5-32d. Aug
" 6 m/s Ready ...	... 1s. 4 9-32d.
France 3 m/s " ...	... 169 2-4
Marks 3 m/s " ...	... 138
60 d/s. Hongkong ...	... 132
" Shanghai ...	... 177
" Japan ...	... 150 1-2

GOVERNMENT PAPER.

The market is firm and a fair amount of cash and forward business is transacted to-day. The money market being easy, the general public are investing their money in Government paper. The market opened at Rs. 95-14-6 and advanced to Rs. 95-15, at which rate a fair business was done, but at the close the rate declined to Rs. 95-14-6. We learn that a good lot is taken up by the Banks at Rs. 96 to 96-1.

BULLION.

Bar silver in London remained unchanged at 25 5-8 for ready, but forwards declined by 3-8 to 24 3-4 and New York telegram came mutilated.

The London market declined and private advices reported "steady." Our market remained easier. Forwards opened at Rs. 73-6-0, but there being few sellers declined at the close to Rs. 73-5-0. Demand for ready was dull and very little business has been done.

The Gold market remained quiet but steady with very little demand from upcountry and prices advanced by quarter of an anna. Sovereigns were in less demand and prices remained unchanged.

We quote :—

GOLD.

	Rs.	a.	p.
97 Fakirsett	23	7	0
97 Chintu	23	8	0
National Bank	24	1	9
Chartered Bank	24	0	9
Sovereigns Shield	15	4	0
Do. Dragon	15	0	0
Australian	24	1	0
English Gold	24	0	9
Native Bullion	24	0	3
Indian Specie Bank	24	0	6

SILVER.

117 1-2 Penny	73	7	0
117 Penny	73	5	0
Local per tola	0	11	3

FUTURES.

First Settlement	73	5	0
Second do	73	7	0

SEEDS AND WHEAT.

Linseed.—Firm. London quotation was 9d up. There were no sellers for both ready and forward and prices advanced by one anna.

Rapeseed.—Firm. London quotation was 6d. more. Demand being moderate, there was no change in the prices.

Wheat.—Quiet. London quotation was 3d. down. There being sellers price declined by 1 anna.

Castor and Cottonseed.—Quiet but firm. Demand being meagre there is no change to report.

Poppy.—Firm. Local price advanced by an anna. Mowra, Gingelly and Groundnut.—Quiet. Inquiry was nil and prices show a weaker tendency.

Description.	Rate.
Linseed, Bold ...	...Rs. 11 7
Linseed, Small ...	... " 11 4
RAPESEED—	
Brown Cawnpore ...	... " 8 4
Yellow do. ...	... " 6 12
Do. Gujarat ...	... " 6 14
Poppyseed ...	... " 10 0
Castorseed ...	... " 39 to 40
Mowraseed... ...	... " 6 11
Maize ...	... " 18 to 19
Groundnuts ...	... " 42 to 43
Mustardseed ...	... " 85 to 95
Gingellyseed ...	... " 41 to 53
Khandesh Howri ...	" 49 to 51
Gulburga do. ...	
Kalbur do. ...	
Itarsi do. ...	
White Gin, Bold 95/5	" 45 to 49
Do. do do 85/15	
Do. do. do. 75/25...	
Do. Mixed 50/50...	
Do. Gin, Small 50/50...	" 43 to 44
Do. do. 85/15...	
Gin, Black Beaver ...	" 42 to 42
Do. do. Gadag ...	
Gin Red Khandwa ...	" 43 to 46
Do. Meggi ...	
Do. Yellow Hinganghat	" 49 to 53
Do. do. Secunderabad	
Do. do. Gujarat	
Do. Black Kutni	" 41 to 42
Do. Ahmedabad...	
WHEAT—	
Pissi	... " 31 to 33
Hard Red... ...	... " 30 to 31-8
Cottonseed ...	— " 23 to 25

The following are the receipts of Wheat and Seeds into Bombay during the 24 hours ended at 6 p. m. on Monday, 11th July :—

Wheat	12,305	cwts
Linseed	10,823	"
Rapeseed	4,343	"
Gingellyseed ...	425	"
Poppyseed	2,560	"
Groundnuts... ...	...	"
Castorseed	2,875	"
Rice...	6,238	"
Myrabollams ...	767	"
Cottonseed	5,968	"
Mowraseed	5,450	"
Gram	3,218	"
Joowar	...	"
Maize	...	"

SHARES.

BANKS.

Bank of Bombay	1,522 1-2	C. D.
Bank of India	69	"
Indian Specie Bank ...	55 1-2	"

MILLS.

Davids	395
New Great Eastern ...	180

PRESSES.

Indian Cotton	143 3-4
New Mofussil	807 1-2

MISCELLANEOUS.

Bombay E. S. and T. Co. Ord.	95
Bombay E. S. and T. C. Pref.	164
Bombay Steam Navigation Ord	298 3-4
Shivrajpur Mining Syndicate	17 1-4

RAILWAYS.

Tapti-Valley	473 3-4

COTTON.

Liverpool was 1 to 2 points down, and New York remained unchanged. The local market was maintained and demand from exporters and mills being moderate there was no change in the rate. The opener indicated 2 points down. Demand for New Broach being good, prices remained unchanged. Business in New Broach was done at Rs. 293, advanced to Rs. 295 and declined again to Rs. 293 at the close.

We learn of the following purchases :—

Bales.			Rs.
500	Currimbhai Mills	...Sawgin	... 297-29 8
500	Bussan M K	...Nagpur	... 290
100	Ripon Mills	...Sawgin	... 295
100	Colaba Land	...Amraoti	... 215-220
100	Hope Mills	... Nagpur	... 260
100	H Goculdas & Co.	...Dhamangaon	... 225
100	Colaba Land Mills	...Ellichpur	... 220
500	Volkart Bros	...Broach	... 285
800	S J Devid	...Kadi	... 317
300	Hindustan	...Lasur	...248 2 50
200	do	...Khandesh	... 238
100	do	...Barwai	... 335

Bengal Hand Gin. Fine	... 262
" F Good	... 250
Bengal Machine Gin. Fine	... 278
" F Good	... 266
Sind Punjab Fine	... 278
" F Good	... 266
Khandesh Fine	... 278
" F Good	... 266
Dhamangaon Poolgaon Fine	... 288
" F Good	... 278
Akola Khangaum Fine	... 286
" F Good	... 276
Amraoti Fine	... 286
" F Good	... 276
Yeotmal Fine	... 292
" F Good	... 282
Nagpore Fine	... 294
" F Good	... 284
Wardha Hinganghat Fine	... 300
" F Good	... 290
Methia Fine	... 276
" F Good	... 266
Broach Gin Fine	... 308
" F Good	... 298
Sawginned Good	... 309
Coompta Ginned	... 306
Westerns H. G.	... 288
Do M G	... 293

FUTURES.

Broach Good	... 293
Bengal F G	... 228

The following are the receipts of Cotton into Bombay during the 24 hours ended at 6 p. m. on Monday 11th July:—

Khandeish	34	Bales
Central India	40	"
Barsi and Nagur	...	"
Berar	...	"
Central Provinces ...	...	"
Oomras	74	"
Dholera	5	"
Broach	98	"
Coompta and Dharwar ...	59	"
Westerns	149	"
Bengals (N. W. P.) ...	5	"
Rajputana...	131	"
Sind	...	"
Persian	...	"
Other sorts	...	"
Egyptian	...	"
Total...	521	"

LIVERPOOL, July 12.

Opening Tone and Prices.

Opening Tone	Quiet.
Estimated Sales	5,000
Total Imports	26,900

Future Delivery Prices :—

July—Aug.	7·51 — 2
Aug.—Sept	7·22 — 2
Sept.—Oct.	6 87 — 2
Oct.—Nov..	6·72 — 2
Nov.—Dec.	6·63 — 2
Dec.—Jan.	6·65 — 2
Jan.—Feb.	6·59 — 2
Feb.—Mar.	6·59 — 2
Mar.—Apl.	6·59 — 2

FREIGHTS.

Ports.	Seed.	Cotton.
Antwerp ...	9 6	10 6
Dunkirk ...	......	......
Havre ...	10 0	11 0
Hull ...	9 6	......
Liverpool ...	9 0	9 6
Marseilles ...	9 0	9 6
Genoa ...	10 0	11 0
London ...	10 0	......
Hamburg ...	10 0	10 6
Trieste ...	11 0	12 0
Venice... ...	11 0	12 0
Open Ports ...	Aug.	10 0
	Sept.	11 0
	Oct.	12 0
	Nov.	13 0
	Dec.	14 0

Market is steady.

METALS.

We quote :—

	lbs.	
Copper Braziers 4×4	21, 28, 35, 42, 56, 63, 70, 77, 84	Rs.52 12
Yellow Metal Sheets	21, 28, 35, 42	" 43 6 a
	49, 56	" 44 8
Tin Ingots.	...	" 40 8
Spelter S M ...	...	" ...
M M ...	...	
J ...	...	
G ...	...	
Georgshutte ...	...	" ...
Copper Ingots K S ...	...	" 47 2
Copper Sheetings	...lbs. 8, 10, 12, 14	6-8 51 1-2
Yellow Metal Sheetings	lbs. 14, 16	10-12 48-12
	10, 12	14-16 45-12
Copper	...	6-8 56
"	...	10 12-54
"	...	14 16 45-12
a Cruesur	English 44	

IMPORTS OF TREASURE.

Monday, July 11.

GOLD.

No. of Packages.	Bullions.	Sovs. and half Sovs.	Other coin.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
2 Boxes ...	1,51,744	...	...
2 do ...	1,53,888	...	...
1 Box ...	76,296	...	...
1 do ...	...	...	6,750

SILVER.

No. of Packages.	Bullions.	Govt. of India Rs.	Other coin.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
54 Bars ...	86,250	...	...
49 do ...	75,000	...	...

Importers.	Vessel.	From
Chartered Bank... ...	Arcadia	Freemantle
Mercantile Bank of India.	do	Auckland
Comptoir National D. E. de Paris	do	Adelaide
National Bank of India ...	do	Melbourne
Do	do	Freemantle
O Heerjee	Devanha	Aden

EXPORTS OF BAR SILVER FROM BOMBAY BY RAIL on 9th & 10th July, 1910.

By	Bars.	Ounces.
G. I. P. Railway	14	14,534
B. B. & C. I. Railway.	30	35,146

SIND LIGHT RAILWAYS, LD.

The approximate earnings of the Mirpur Khas-Jhudo Feeder Railway for the week ending 18th June 1910 were of Rs. 1,600, making a total earnings for the period 1st January 1910—18th June 1910 of Rs. 39,496.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY LT.-COL. R. W. L. DUNLOP, V. D.

Bombay, 13th July.

527. Inspection.—The Inspector General of Volunteers in India will inspect the Cadet Companies to-day the 13th instant as follows :—

"H" Coy. (Byculla Education Society's School) at 8-40 a.m.

"L" Coy. (St. Mary's College, Mazagon) at 9 a.m.

"I" Coy. (Cathedral High School) at 9-30 a.m.

528. Rifle Meeting.—The Bengal Punjab Rifle Meeting will be held at Meerut from 9th to 19th Nov. 1910. Programme may be seen at Head-Quarters.

529. Programme.—The undernamed having been enrolled are taken on the strength of the Corps and posted to "G" Company :—

No 6951 Vol J B Hodgson
No 6952 Vol H E Standage
No 6953 Vol G F D Tennant and
No 6954 Vol R Wallace.

A. L. CARTWRIGHT, Capt.,
Adjt., B. V. R.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY MAJOR J. W. HAWES, COMMANDING B. V. A.

Bombay, 13th July.

INSPECTION.

110 The Inspector-General of Volunteers, India, will inspect Nos. 1 and 2, and E. E. Companies inside the Town Hall on Thursday July 14th, 1910.

Parade at 6-30 p m

Dress—Khaki and Forage Caps.

All members are particularly requested to attend.

STRENGTH.

116 The following member having joined is taken on the strength of the Corps and posted as follows :—

No 1316 Gunner John Woodruffe. No 1 Sub-Divn No 1 Company.

E. P. CUDLIP, Lieut., R.A.,
Adjutant, B. V. A

NOTICE.

Smoking Concert.

A Smoking Concert will be held at the B V A Club on Saturday 16th July at 9-30 p.m.

All members, Reservists, and Honorary members of the Corps are invited to attend.

Dress—Mess dress or khaki.

Cricket.

The Nets will be available for practice on the Oval on Friday next instead of Thursday as before stated.

The following match has been arranged. B V A vs R G A Colaba. At Colaba on Sunday next 17th July 1910 at 2-30 p.m.

The project for elevating the principality of Montenegro to a kingdom has been widely discussed in Europe. It is said, writes the Vienna correspondent of the "Daily Telegraph," that Russia, France and Great Britain have opened negotiations with Turkey, with a view to the proclamation being made on August 13, the jubilee of Prince Nicholas. It is added that Austira has been asked to join the other Powers. In political circles, though unofficially, it is not thought that the project will encounter serious difficulties.

CONSTIPATION.

A RELIABLE AND LASTING CURE.

Constipation means that there is not a regular and sufficient action of the bowels. It is a very dangerous disorder because it prevents the body's waste from leaving the system and this waste soon turns to poison. This is how many fatal diseases begin; and it is always wise to keep a box of Doan's Dinner Pills handy, and to take a dose whenever a day passes without a motion of the bowels. Doan's Dinner Pills restore to the muscles of the bowels their natural power of discharging the decaying waste matter which would otherwise cause disease. They soften the mass of waste, and so prevent discomfort and pain in passing. This medicine is prepared from pure vegetable extracts, which tone up the whole digestive system, restoring a regular and natural action to the stomach, liver and bowels, and stimulating the flow of the digestive fluids, so that perfect digestion is assured.

"At the birth of my first child," says Mrs. Thorkildsen, of 13, Nile Row, Poole, England, "I had to go under chloroform, as I never seemed to have completely got over the effects of the anaesthetic, for I have suffered ever since from serious stomach troubles and constipation.

"Parts of my body always seemed numbed; there was no feeling whatever in my legs. For days and days I would have fearful headaches, and the cruel throbbing used to make me cry out. Sometimes it came over all dark before my eyes. When I went upstairs quickly my heart throbbed, and I perspired freely.

"I have suffered terribly from constipation, and more than once I have been costive for a whole fortnight. Only a few days ago I had an attack which left me almost dead.

"I am very pleased to tell you that Doan's Dinner Pills have relieved me wonderfully. They have restored a natural action to the bowels, and taken away that terrible numb feeling from the limbs. I cannot say enough for this splendid medicine."

Doan's Ointment is sold by all medicine dealers and stores at Rs. 2 per pot, or 6 pots for Rs. 10-8-0, or from Doan's Medicines, P.O. Box 20, Bombay.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

The Charge for Announcement of Births, Marriages, Deaths and Memoriam Notices, which must be authenticated by the name and address of the sender is Rs. 2 for six lines or less, and 8 as. for every additional line. Cash strictly in Advance.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTHS.

CAVE—June 20, at 7 Zetland House, Marloes Road, Kensington, W, the wife of Major Arthur S Cave, of a son.

CHILTON—June 16, at 34 St Edward's Road, Southsea, the wife of Lieut Frank Chilton, H M S Dreadnought, of a son.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Sun rises, 6h. 9m.; Sun sets, 7h. 18m. High water, 3-45m.; 3 55a.; Low water, 9 17m. 10-36a.

Bombay Standing Committee, 4-45 p.m.

Harwood League Football : Government Telegraphs vs. B. V. A., Cooperage 5-45 p.m.

Bombay Gymkhana Mounted Sports, 5-50 p.m.

Excelsior Cinematograph. "Rescue of the Trieste," Novelty Theatre, 7 to 8, 8-30 to 9-30 and 10 to 11 p. m.

Maxim : "Labour brings pleasure, idleness pain."

THE ENGLISH MAILS.

ARRIVAL.

The P. and O. Company's s. s. "Caledonia," with the English Mails of the 1st instant, which left Aden at 2 p.m. on Sunday, is expected to arrive in Bombay harbour at 6 a.m. on Friday next.

DEPARTURE.

The P. and O. Company's s. s. "Arabia" leaves Bombay harbour at 2-39 p.m. on Saturday next.

Departure of a Chief.—The Chief of Nagpur left Bombay on Monday for Nagpur.

The "Trieste" and the "Lowther Range."—Last night a reception was given at the Seamen's Rest to the crews of the "Trieste" and the "Lowther Range" followed by a concert. Mr. J. A. D. McBain presided at the reception. A thanksgiving service was held at 9-30 p.m.

Fatal Burns.—Khan Saheb Maneckji Jamshedji Chandana, who was admitted into the Goculdas Tejpal Hospital on Sunday suffering from burns under circumstances already reported, succumbed to the injuries yesterday.

United Men's Meeting.—On Thursday next the Rev. J. D. Gordon will address the United Men's Meeting at the Y M. C. A. Hall, Fort, at 6-15 p.m. His subject will be "Heredity and the Christian Life."

Transvaal Deportees.—The s.s. "President" arrived in Bombay harbour on Monday from Durban and other East African ports with 10 saloon and 171 deck passengers on board, in quarantine. Two hours after her arrival she was granted the permission to land the passengers among whom were 19 deportees from the Transvaal, who were landed at the Ballard Pier.

Fatal Railway Accident.—Mr. G. F. Chalk, the Coroner of Bombay, held an inquest yesterday touching the death of Jaggonnath Rampraseed, a labourer at the New Docks. While unloading a waggon he fell between two waggons and one waggon passed over him. He was removed to the G. T. Hospital where he died of the injuries. The jury returned a verdict of accidental death.

Popular Lantern Lecture.—At the Y. M. C. A., Wodehouse Road, Fort, on Saturday evening next, July 16th, Mr. L. U. Mongini will give a lantern lecture entitled "Ancient Rome." The lecture will be illustrated by about 50 excellent slides projected by the Y. M. C. A. electric lantern, and during the evening one or two solos will be given by Mr. W. B. Reid. Admission annas 8.

The Gatha Society.—At the weekly meeting of the Society to be held this evening at 5-30 p.m. (B. T.), at the Dadysett Agiary Hall, Fort, Mr. A.K. Vesavewala, B.A., will expound Gatha Ahunavaiti, Chap. II. (Yasna XXIX), verse 8. Thereafter, Mr. D. M. Madan, M.A., LL.B., will read a paper on "The personality of Zarathushtra and the nature of his Mission." All who are interested in the subject are cordially invited to attend.

Seamen's Institute.—A concert will be given at the above Institute, this (Wednesday) evening at 9 o'clock, by members of the Purser's Department of the R. M. S. "Arabia" by kind permission of Captain Palmer. The entertainment will be in honour of the officers and men of the s.s. "Lowther Range," and a collection will be taken in aid of the fund (now amounting to upwards of Rs. 173) for placing a mural tablet in the Seamen's Church in memory of the late 2nd Engineer of that vessel.

The B. D. Petit Parsee Hospital.—The Secretary begs to announce the following contributions towards the abovenamed hospital.—Amount previously acknowledged Rs. 17,46,255-14-3; from the collection box placed at Seth Hormusji B. Wadia's fire temple, Rs. 209 6-2; from the collection box placed at Seth Cowasji B. Banerji's fire temple Rs. 188-130; from the amount subscribed by Mr. Dadabhoy Nusserwanji Jehangir Wadia, at the Oothamma ceremony of the late Mr. Naoroj Maneckji Wadia Rs. 150; from the amount subscribed by Mr. Nusserwanji Dadabhoy N. J. Wadia at the Oothamna ceremony of the late Mr. Naoroji Maneckji Wadia Rs. 100; from the collection box placed at Seth Maneckji Seth's Agiari, Fort, Rs. 20-8-9; sent direct to the Parsi Punchayet, from the amount subscribed by relatives of the late Mr. Hormusji Edulji Bam, who died at Poona on the 4th day of the 5th month of 1279 (14-1-10) at his Oothamna ceremony, Rs. 15; from the amount subscribed by the relatives of the late Mr. Cowasji Rustomji Hodiwalla of Ahmedabad at the Oothamna ceremony of the late Bai Pirojbai, wife of Mr. Bejonji Pallonji Baliwala, who died on 24-4-1910, Rs. 5 each, Rs. 20; Mr. Ardeshir Mancherji Patel out of the amount subscribed at the Oothamna ceremony of his father, the late Mr. Muncherji Maneckji Patel who died at Igatpoora, Rs. 15; Mr. Jamshedji Hormusji Khan in memory of his late daughter, Bai Nawazbai, Rs. 5; total Rs. 17,46,944-10-2.

BOMBAY IMPROVEMENT TRUST.

A meeting of the Trustees for the Improvement of the City of Bombay was held in the Trust's Offices, Esplanade Road, Mr. J. P. Orr, I.C.S., Chairman of the Board, presiding.

Consideration was resumed of the letter from Government in reply to the Trust's representation of their reclamation rights in Back Bay.

The Hon'ble Mr. Ibrahim Rahimtulla suggested that before discussing the matter the Chairman should be requested to draw up the reply. He thought that it was not possible for Government to carry out the scheme nor was it possible for the Trust to do it, in any case the work would have to be done through contractors. He urged that either the Government pay them a lump sum for compensation or divide the profits. The extreme limits of the city or the foreshore up to low-water-mark belonged to the Trust and the profits on any land reclaimed on that part, should go to the Trust. He only desired that the whole question should be settled on the basis of equity. Further consideration was postponed.

According to a cablegram received by Lord Strathcona from the Minister of the Interior at Ottawa, the immigration into Canada during the month of April was 50,000 which is double that of April, 1909. The total immigration for the last fiscal year was 157,000. The amount of British capital invested in Canada in 1909 was approximately thirty-nine million pounds, the total investments for the past five years being over ninety-eight millions pounds.

BOMBAY PORT TRUST.

Out-of-Date Signalling to be Revised.

At a recent meeting of the Bombay Port Trust, a letter was read from the Port Officer, Commander Beaumont, in regard to signalling.

This letter pointed out that no changes had been made since 1901 in the codes employed by the Trust's signallers. All that was then required it continued, was a knowledge of the commercial code of signals and how to hoist flags. "Port Trust signallers employed at present have only this knowledge and having regard to modern requirements of signalling the Port Trust Office Signal Station is inefficient and not up-to-date, seeing that since 1901 signalling in the Mercantile Marine has advanced very much and Morse and Semaphore signalling are compulsory subjects required of candidates presenting themselves for Board of Trade Examination for Masters and Mates Certificates of competency and the result is signalling with a flashing lamp is practically a daily occurrence with vessels in harbour and passing at sea and it is most important that the Trustees' Signal Station should be thoroughly up-to-date with appliances and signallers with a knowledge of English and efficient in all methods of signalling by day or night so as to be able to communicate with His Majesty's vessels and vessels of the Mercantile Marine, leaving, arriving, and in port."

The Port Officer accordingly recommended an enhanced scale of pay for signalmen, and the purchase of an electric flashing lamp.

To these suggestions the Trust agreed.

KARACHI PROFESSOR'S TOUR.

Professor T. L. Veswani of the Sind Arts College, Karachi, will leave Bombay on Friday next en route for Berlin, where, with Mr. Promotho Lall Sen and Principal Heramba Chandra Maitra of Calcutta, he will represent the Brahmo Samaj at the World Conference of Free Christianity and Religious Progress. This is the third Session of the Conference which was originally organised by religious bodies in America and had previously met at Boston, U. S. A., and Geneva. After the Conference, Professor Veswani and Mr. Sen propose to go on an extensive lecturing tour. After visiting Paris they well spend about six weeks in the British Isles lecturing to Unitarian, Temperance and other Associations. They will go on a two months' tour in the United States of America and finally will visit Japan and China, returning to India about the beginning of next year.

HIGH COURT.

TEMPLE PROPERTY IN DISPUTE.

On the Original Side of the Bombay High Court, yesterday, the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Beaman proceeded with the hearing of the suit in which Khemdas alias Bapudas sought to recover possession of the property dedicated to the deity Ram-Laxman from Tulsibai Kampetna. Mr. Jafferbhoy Rahimtulla, instructed by Mr. Thakoredas A. Gandhy, appeared for the plaintiff; the defendant appeared in person.

The plaintiff's case was that in 1854 Vejbai dedicated her Kumbharwada property to Ram-Laxman and built a temple thereon and installed plaintiff's father to be the manager to receive all the offerings made to the deity. After the death of his father plaintiff's elder brother Girdharidas managed the temple property. Girdharidas died in 1906 and the defendant, was wrongfully in possession of the property. Plaintiff claimed to be the rightful owner of the temple and the offerings.

Defendant denied that the plaintiff was the heir of Girdharidas or was entitled to succeed him in the management of the temple or to receive the income. Defendant maintained that she lived with Girdharilal as his wife and on his death came into possession of the property in her own right and for and on behalf Balakdas who was the adopted "chela" (disciple) of Girdnaridas.

His Lordship, in delivering his Judgment, after hearing the evidence, decreed the plaintiff's claim. His costs were to come out of the estate.

SHORT CAUSES.

Before Mr. Justice Davar.

SUITS ON PROMISSORY NOTES.

In the suit filed by Kanji Dwarkadas and Co., against Ebrahim Haji Suleman, a firm, Mr. Jafferbhoy Rahimtolla appeared for the plaintiffs; the defendants did not appear. The suit was filed to recover Rs. 5,000 due on a promissory note executed in Bombay by the defendant's moonim. The defendant had absconded and no trace of him could be found.

His Lordship passed a decree for the amount with interest and costs.

In the suit filed by Munshi Alindin Salludin against Munshi Kashiprasad Govindprasad, Mr. Bhandarkar appeared for the plaintiff and applied for a decree against the defendant for Rs. 1,000 with interest at 9 per cent. per annum and costs. The learned counsel said that the note was executed at Bhagelpore, but it was arranged that the payment should be made in Bombay.

His Lordship passed a decree for the amount with interest and costs.

SUIT BY THE GULAM BABA MILLS.

In the suit filed by the Gulam Baba Mills of Surat against Dayabhey Tapidas, Mr. Desai appeared for the plaintiff. The suit was to recover monies for the goods supplied to the defendant. For the defendant, the plaintiff's claim was admitted and his Lordship passed a decree for Rs. 6,186, the amount claimed with interest and costs.

POLICE NEWS.

ALLEGED INFRINGEMENT OF PORT RULES.

Yesterday, at the Esplanade Police Court, before Rao Bahadur Chunilal H. Setalvad, Acting Third Presidency Magistrate, Sub-Inspector Walsh charged Messrs. Shaw Wallace and Co., with having transported dangerous petrol in contravention of the Port Rules. The evidence was that a barge laden with the petrol was being towed in towards the Safety Anchorage, when the rope broke. The barge was thus left outside the Safety Anchorage. Under the Port Rules it was an offence for the barge to remain in the stream but it was also an offence to get into the Safety Anchorage after sunset. The weather was strong at the time and it was therefore decided to choose the lesser of the two evils and the barge was taken into the Anchorage after sunset. Taking into consideration all the circumstances, his Worship ordered the accused to be acquitted.

THEFTS.

Yesterday, at the Esplanade Police Court, before Mr. A. H. S. Aston, Chief Presidency Magistrate, Sub-Inspector Miller charged Jairam Raghu, a Hindu, with the theft of a bottle of brandy, valued at Rs. 1-8 from the Prince's Dock. It appeared from evidence that on Monday night the accused was searched at the Dock gate by a policeman and was found in possession of the bottle. The accused then pointed out a broken case lying in the shed. He pleaded guilty and admitted two previous convictions. He was sentenced to three months' rigorous imprisonment.

Sub-Inspector Miller then charged one Lakmidas, inhabitant of Cutch Mandvi, with the theft of property, valued at Rs. 2. The accused pleaded guilty and admitted nine pervious convictions. His Worship remarked the accused appeared to be a hardened criminal as he had already had nine convictions. He sentenced the accused to undergo nine months' rigorous imprisonment and ordered him to report his place of residence to the police for a period of two years after his release from jail. His Worship further said he hoped the accused would try to lead an honest life when he comes out of jail.

THE WEATHER.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

SIMLA, July 12.

The rainfall has increased in the Punjab and diminished in the United Provinces, but otherwise the changes have been slight. Nearly general rain has fallen in Eastern Bengal and Assam, the South East Punjab, there has been local rain in Bihar and the South-West of the Peninsula, and a few falls are reported from Burma and the United Provinces.

Principal amounts are : Moulmein, Mymensingh and Shillong, one and a half inches; Cherrapoonjee, three; Silchar, Jalpaiguri and Patna, two; Roorkee and Ambala, one; Chakrata, Mercara and Tinnevelly, one and a half.

Forecast :—No important change.

RAINFALL IN BOMBAY.

	Byculla	Esplanade	Fort	Colaba.
	In Cts	In Cts	In Cts	In Cts
Previously registered...	31·15	27·22	26·77	26·08
Tuesday, 12th July	0·09	0·00	0 00	0·00
Total......	31·24	27·22	26·77	26·08
Same date last year	43·10	39·02	46·13	32·14

MESSRS. KEMP & Co., CUMBALLA HILL.

July 12.

Rainfall up to 8 a. m.

Station.	Last 24 hours.	Total to date.	Corpdg. Total 1908.	Corpdg Total 1909.
	In. cts.	In. cts.	In. cts.	In cts.
Cumballa Hill ...	0 08	29·29	35·06	41·76

BOMBAY DAILY WEATHER REPORT FOR THE 12TH JULY.

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Tuesday, the 12th July, giving data for the preceding 24 hours.

The Punjab.—Ambala records 1·10" of rain. Skies are heavily clouded in the extreme eastern districts, and lightly to moderately clouded elsewhere. The moisture in the air is generally equal to the average. Temperature is in defect in the north Punjab and in excess at Delhi.

The United Provinces.—Skies are heavily clouded at Allahabad and clear or lightly clouded elsewhere. Humidity is in defect. Maximum temperature is in excess at Mainpuri and Cawnpore; the minimum is everywhere normal.

Sind and Rajputana.—Skies are clear in upper Sind and moderately to heavily clouded elsewhere. The moisture in the air is equal to the average. Day temperature is in defect in Upper Sind and the adjacent parts of Rajputana; night temperature is everywhere normal.

Gujarat, Kathiawar and Central India West.—Deesa records 0·19" of rain and Bhavnagar Para 0·11". Skies are moderately to heavily clouded. The air contains the average amount of moisture and temperature is nearly normal.

The Central Provinces.—Nagpur reports 0·18" of rain. Skies are generally moderately clouded. The moisture in the air is either equal to or below the average. Temperature has risen and is now in excess during the day in Berar.

The Konkan.—Mormugao records 0·21" of rain and Karwar 0·10". Skies are lightly clouded in the north and moderately to heavily clouded in the south Konkan. Humidity and temperature are normal.

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad.—Skies are lightly to moderately clouded. The moisture in the air is either equal to or below the average. Day temperature is in excess at some stations; night temperature is nearly normal.

General Remarks.—The break in the rains continues the only rainfall of importance being 1·10" at Ambala. Isolated light showers have occurred in Gujarat, Kathiawar and the east Central Provinces. On the west coast of the Peninsula rainfall is restricted to the stations between Mormugao and Mangalore.

No large change in the weather is likely at present.

Appended is Tuesday's report of the Meteorological Reporter for Western India based on observations taken at 8 o'clock.

Names of Stations.	Maximum temperature during the past 24 hours.	Minimum temperature during the past 24 hours.	Rainfall past 24 hours.	Rainfall since 1st June to date.
Bushire (11th July)	93·1	78·1	...	...
Jask	94·3	86·3	...	...
Muskat (11th July)	90·3	84·1	...	...
Multan...............	102·3	81·0	0·04	0·71
Rawalpindi	90·4	72·9	0·04	8·67
Lahore	91·4	76·2	0·09	4·68
Sirsa................	...	...	...	...
Ambala	96·5	75·0	1·10	8·19
Delhi	98·7	86·7	...	4·10
Agra.................	96 0	80·5	...	4·37
Mainpuri.............	99·8	83·0	...	2·87
Jhansi	93·5	78·5	...	8·46
Cawnpore	98·0	81·0	...	5·03
Allahabad	93·6	82·0	...	4·86
Jacobabad	101·5	82·8	...	2·00
Karachi	87·5	81·0	...	10·42
Ajmer	86·4	77·2	...	9·18
Jaipur	95·2	78·1	...	2·18
Kotah	91·0	81·1	...	10·28
Bhuj..................	86·6	77·5	0·04	12·52
Dwarka	85·8	81·2	0·03	8·36
Veraval	83·1	80·3	...	9·60
Rajkot	87·1	75·5	0·02	16·30
Bhavnagar Para.........	92·6	76·5	0·11	14·04
Surat	87·6	76·1	0·07	21·60
Ahmedabad.............	89·6	75·7	0·02	13·12
Deesa	87·8	74·9	0·19	13·66
Neemuch...............	87·0	...	...	12·42
Indore	84·6	70·6	0·02	15·68
Jubbulpore	89·3	76·8	—	14·04
Saugor	88·6	73·5	...	8·71
Hoshangabad	88·1	72·9	...	17·70
Khandwa...............	92·2	74·1	...	12·30
Akola	93·7	75·1	...	11·20
Amraoti	92·8	76·3	...	13·00
Nagpur................	88·1	75·3	0·18	27·01
Chanda	92·5	78·5	...	15·53
Raipur................	88·7	75·6	...	19·58
Bombay	86·6	79·4	...	26·08
Ratnagiri.............	86·3	78·9	...	38·30
Mormugao	84·0	74·7	0·21	49·73
Karwar	82·8	?	0·10	66·16
Malegaon..............	97·9	70·6	...	12·30
Ahamednagar...........	88·4	66·0	...	10·15
Poona	86·5	69·8	...	9·92
Sholapur	90·3	72·4	...	5·77
Bijapur	87·2	71·2	...	3·59
Belgaum	81·3	65·1	...	14·33
Aurangabad............	88·2	69·7	...	6·64
Nizamabad (Indur)	91·9	72·2	...	11·06
Hyderabad	91·3	75·7	...	6·97
Mangalore	84·3	69·8	0·32	52·54
Calicut...............	83·8	76·1	...	41·46
Cochin	85·2	76·3	...	36·60
Colombo	86·5	73·0	...	9·19
Masulipatam	90·3	79·2	...	8·65
Bellary	93·0	74·8	...	1·32
Cuddapah	94·2	75·6	0·06	4·17
Madras................	90·5	80·0	...	2·47
Bangalore	86·3	67·8	0·04	2·40
Coimbatore	92·4	69·8	...	1·21
Trichinopoly	93·6	75·2	...	2·39
Negapatam	89·0	77·5	...	0·69

STANDARD BAROMETER READING.

The reading of the barometer at the Colaba Observatory corrected for index error and reduced to 32° F. and for Calcutta standard at 8 a. m. (local time) on the 12th July was 29·973 inches The height of Observatory barometer cistern above zero of the tide gauge at Apollo Bunder is 47 feet. The height of tide in the stream above zero of the tide gauge was 6 feet at 8 a. m. (local time). The temperature correction for a mercurial barometer, supposing the reading to be 30·00 inches and that of the attached thermometer 80° F. will be ·14 inch and this will be higher and lower by ·01 inch for each 4 degrees. In the case of the aneroid no temperature correction is required. Should the height of barometer cistern, either mercurial or aneroid above zero of tide gauge be different from 47 feet, it will read higher or lower by ·01 inch for each 11 feet. The readings given above are distinct in from those given in the daily weather report, to which different corrections have been applied.

H. A. ARMSTRONG,
Meteorologist, Bombay.

The Hon. Colonel H. Daly, Agent to the Governor-General in Central India, and General C. H. Desvoeux, Commanding the 5th division, have accepted the position of patrons of the Central India Centre of Saint John Ambulance Association.

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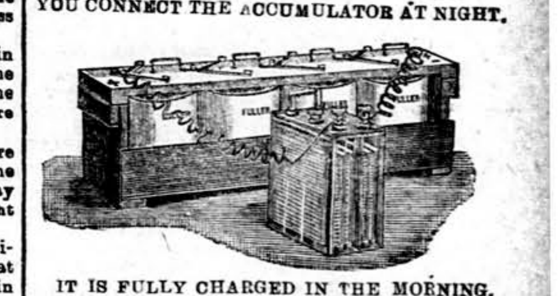
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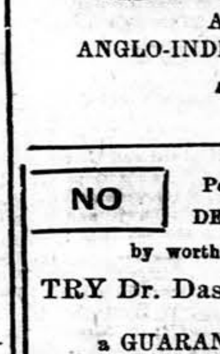
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R I M S Dufferin ..... Comdr A P Marsack .... R I M
R I M S Investigator .. Comdr W Y Beauchamp ...... Survey Street
R I M S Polinurus .. Comdr Taylor .... R I M S

VESSELS IN THE HARBOUR.—July 12.

Berne .... 1899 Barrand ... Shaw Wallace & Co
Clematis .... 2368 Robinson ... Andrew Yuel & Co
Cowno .... 3155 Falls .... W & A Graham & Co
City of Calcutta ... 4786 Rae .... Killick Nixon & Co
Dido .... 3127 Runton .... James Finlay & Co
Folmuna .... 2546 Evken ......
Gresham .... 2447 Thompson .. W & A Graham & Co
Harpenden .... 2302 Cromack ... Andrew Yuel & Co
Linga .... 951 Curbush .... M M & Co
Najmi .... 2522 Hallet .... E & A M Jeewanji
Nowshera .... 1961 Rose .... M M & Co
Orissa .... 3525 Kedslie .... M M & Co
Rehmania .... 1872 Coats .... B & P S N & Co
Shah Jehan .... 2566 Born .... B & H S N & Co
Saifi .... 502 Willoughley, B & H S N & Co
Springburn .... 3173 Crosthwaite, W & A Graham & Co
Strathairly .... 2783 MacMahon .. W & A G & Co
Singu .... 1912 Morrison .. Shaw Wallace & Co
Gerd .... 751 Anderson ... F F Campbell & Co
Lowther Range .. 2498 Mathews ...... P & O S N & Co
Kalibia .... 3149 Stewart .. W & A Graham & Co
Zanoni .... 2476 Driner .... T Morrison & Co

VESSELS IN DOCK.—July 12.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

Vessel	Ton	Capt.	Dest.	Date.	Agents
A Ismaila	3381	Favre	Calcutta	13 7	M M & Co
C&B Arcadia	3513	Barcham	China	3 8	P & O S N & Co
D&E Vadala	2164	Maud	Cochin	15 7	M M & Co
H Naseri	911	Lemare	P Gulf	21 7	B & P S N & Co
K Umsinga	1869	Robertson	London	23 7	W & A Graham & Co
L Kola	510	Morrison	Busreh	14 7	M M & Co
M Upada	3382	Witsher	Rangoon	14 7	M M & Co
N Strathdeu	2840	Mason	Galveston	16 7	W & A Graham & Co
O Dunrobin	2319	Parlett	Dunkirk	16 7	W & A Graham & Co
P Den of Ruthven	3110	Thomson	Philadelphia	21 7	R A Willis
Q President	2086	Jacobson	Durban	19 7	A Strandes & Co

VICTORIA DOCK.

Vessel	Ton	Capt.	Dest.	Date.	Agents
1 Glenlyon	2654	Anderson	Karachi	23 7	M M & Co
2 Circassia	4323	Osborne	Liverpool	19 7	W & A Graham & Co
3 D Balduino	2684	Rouchi	Genoa	15 7	Florio & Rubattino S N Co
4 Ischia	2481	Belsito	Hongkong	16 7	F R S N & Co
5 Warora	2565	Dickinson	Calcutta	17 7	M M & Co
7 Oceana	3155	Ryder	Antwerp	16 7	J Mackintosh & Co
8 Ockenfels	3542	Denker	Hamburg	14 7	W & A Graham & Co
10&11 Devanha	4781	Powell	Shanghai	20 7	P & O S N & Co
12&13 Arabia	4198	Palmer	London	16 7	P & O S N & Co
14 Lhasa	950	McDiarmid	Karachi	15 7	M M & Co
15 Colombo Maru	2919	Combes	Kobe	14 7	N Y Kaisha
16 Bulimba	1608	Butler	Busreh	18 7	M M & Co

Offside D&E

Vessel	Ton	Capt.	Dest.	Date.	Agents
Megna	772	Maude	N F	N F	M M & Co

M W D D

Vessel	Ton	Capt.	Dest.	Date.	Agents
Trieste	3203	Nitsche	Trieste	N F	A L S N & Co

H W P D

Vessel	Ton	Capt.	Dest.	Date.	Agents
Satrunji	547	Esmail	Karachi	12 7	Bo S N Co Ld
Mahavadi	547	Ahmed	M'ioa	13 7	Bo S N Co Ld
Indravati	513	Fakeera	N F	N F	12 7 Bo S N Co Ld
Sarasvati	443	Ahmed	Bhnager	13 7	Bo S N Co Ld

ARRIVALS.

July	Vessels.	Commanders.	From
12	Warora	Dickinson ...	Calcutta, June 17
	Dido	Runton	Hull, May 28
	Bulimba	Butler	Bushire, June 29
	Beme	Barrand	Rangoon, June 14
	City of Calcutta ...	Rae	Glasgow, June 9

DEPARTURE.

July	Vessels.	Commanders.	Destination.
12	Barque Radient ...	Smart	Philadelphia

The following vessels began to load on Tuesday:—
Steamer Lido for Hull.
" Arcadia for China.
" Warora for Calcutta.
" Beme for Rangoon.
" Bulimba for Persian Gulf.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

The Austrian Lloyd's steamer Vorwaerts, from Trieste, left Aden on the 11th instant and is due here on the 18th instant.

DAILY EXPORT.—July 12.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Circassia s—6,200 cwt oil cakes and two bales cotton, the New Mofussil and Co ; 48 bales wool, J Khoopchand, 60 bales wool, H Metha and Co ; 65 bales wool, the Bombay and Co Ltd ; 41 bales wool, K Bulkeshandas ; 28 bales wool, E Dossa and Co ; 2,821 cwt cottonseed, Ralli Bros ; 48 bales wool, D Sassoon and Co ; 20 bales wool, Mr Joosub ; 506 cwt cottonseed, R Hurrichand.

FOR LONDON.

Arabia s—34 cwt cuttle fish, S Pochaji ; 546 cwt myrabollams, Greenbury Bros ; 23 bales skins, R M Kooka ; 30 bales skins, Mr J Jomabhoy and Co ; 17 cases silk cloth, King King and Co; 2 cwt deer horns, S Mahomed ; 7 cases bristles, J A Begbie and Co ; 45 cwt mother of pearl shells, K N Mianee and Co ; 65 bales skins, W and A Graham and Co ; 2 bales skins A H Mahomed and Co.

FOR BARCELONA.

Circassia s—100 bales cotton, The Bombay and Co. Ltd.

FOR ANTWERP.

Oceana s—1,960 cwts linseed, B S Lloyd and Co ; 5,988 cwts linseed, J Fachiri ; 2,000 cwts poppyseed and 4,000 cwts linseed, S Cooverji and Co ; 1,007 cwts myrabolams, G Madhovji and Co ; 52 cwts gum, T V and Godsey Bros ; 1,060 cwts linseed, Killick Nixon and Co.

FOR HAMBURG.

Okenfels s—154 cwts gum, P Jaithabhoy ; 50 bales cotton fly and 60 bales cotton, W Wolf and Sons ; 275 bales cotton, Breul and Co ; 1003 cwt mowraseed, W Bechar ; 199 cwts gum, S Cooverji and Co.

FOR GENOA.

Oceana s—125 tons old iron, T Hakimji and Sons ; 286 bales cotton fly and 11 bales cotton rugs, C Boggiano and Co ; 100 bales cotton, A Moritz and Co.

D Balduino s—1,002 cwt castorseed, C Boggiano and Co ; 5,000 cwt linseed, Ralli Bros.

FOR NAPLES.

D Balduino s—1,000 cwt castorseed, C Boggiano and Co.

FOR HONGKONG.

Ischia s—100 bales twist, M M Essabhoy ; 40 cwt dry fruits, D Passoo and Co ; 75 bales twist, E D Sassoon and Co.

Devanha s—27 cwt olibanum, P Jaithabhoy.

FOR SHANGHAI.

Devanha s—200 bales twist, Tata Sons and Co.

Ischia s—105 bales twist, E D Sassoon and Co.

FOR KOBE.

Ischia s—600 bales cotton, G Dossa and Co ; 200 bales cotton, Framji Sons and Co.

Colombo Maru s—300 bales cotton, Ralli Bros.

FOR YOKOHAMA.

Colombo Maru s—200 bales cotton, Ralli Bros.

Ischia s—600 bales cotton, Ralli Bros.

THERE are some indications, says a Johannesburg message, that the Union Government is about to impose an export duty on diamonds with the object of diverting the cutting from Amsterdam, and at the same time adding several thousands to the European population of South Africa.

THE ROYAL GOOD HOPE ESPLANADE BAR,
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AND
H. E. General Sir O'MOORE CREAGH, V.C., G.C.B., I.A., Commander-in-Chief in India.
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STANDARD OIL CO. OF NEW YORK,
MARSHALL'S BUILDING,
BALLARD ROAD, BOMBAY.

BRAND	Price. Rs.	a.	p.	
Snowflake, 150 deg	6	8	2	per case.
White Rose, 150 deg	6	8	2	"
Chester, 125 deg	5	0	2	"
Devoe's Brilliant, 125 deg ...	4	12	2	"
Monkey, 125 deg	4	8	2	"
Elephant, 125 deg	4	8	0	per two tins.
" 125 deg. (in Bulk)	3	9	0	per 8 gallons

The Company's Local Agents sell all or any of the above oils at the prices stated. Deliveries of bulk oil on Malabar Hill and Cumballa Hill are made at half an anna extra charge for coolie hire to cover the increased cost of haulage.
All case oil sold by Standard Oil Co. of New York IS IMPORTED IN CASES.
Bandra Agent adds one anna to the above prices excepting for bulk.
Coorla and Andheri Agents add one anna and Thana Agent adds 2 1-2 annas to the above prices.
Order books supplied gratis on application.

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Postal letters and covers should be addressed Box 209, GENERAL POST OFFICE. BOMBAY.

The Bombay Gazette.

Wednesday, 13th July, 1910.

THE MILK SUPPLY.

How many years is it since the educated portion of the public have complained and protested against the manner in which their milk supply is produced ; how often have our medical men traced the death of children to polluted milk and how often has the daily press reproduced the revolting details of the milk dealer's trade? It would be impossible to tell. The lecture of Captain Liston with its photographic illustration of how the milk is handled in Bombay, will not readily be forgotten by his audience, and yet the old abuses are still rampant. Milk is carried daily through the streets in open pots a few inches from the ground, cattle are kept in ill-ventilated stables and the milk is collected by dirty men in dirty vessels. The Health Department has used its very inadequate powers to correct some of the abuses of the milk supply, but the mischief that is rooted in national customs of the most insanitary nature requires remedies of a much more vigorous character. Our Corporation has for many years been aware of the situation which calls for reforms of a wholesale kind ; the Island of Bombay can no longer offer the necessary accommodation for sufficient cattle to furnish the milk supply, and even under the best possible management the cattle stables leave much to desire. The project of the late Mr. Jamsetjee Tata to establish a large dairy farm at Bandra seemed to offer many advantages for the city, demanding as it did a very short railway journey in a country where refrigerator cars are still unknown in spite of the urgent need of their employment for the transport of fish, ice, fruit and other goods. A great change has, of late years, come over the methods of examining milk. At one time adulteration by watering and fraud by skimming seemed to occupy the chief attention of the inspector, but cleanliness is now recognised as the most important point with regard to public health. This subject now attracts a good deal of official attention in America. Out of 104 dairies supplying the city of Washington the milk supply of 11 per cent. was found to contain the germs of tuberculosis sufficient to communicate the disease to guinea pigs. Among the samples examined was one from a dairy that supplied a charitable institution for children, the milk fairly teemed with the microbe of tuberculosis. In the examination of dairies by the officials of the United States Department of Agriculture the highest certificate requires the milk utensils to be thoroughly washed and sterilised with live steam, the stables must be clean on floors, walls, windows and ceiling, the stable air must be pure, and also the water. The food and bedding must be clean and wholesome, the attendants must be clean and in clean clothing. The milk must be kept in a separate room and stored at a temperature below 50 degrees Fahr. These are some of the conditions required by the inspector and not found too onerous by the dairy man.

Among the most hopeless features of the present Bombay milk supply are the dirty habits of the "gowlies" who, being distributed in numerous small centres, are incapable of any efficient control. Even some of the so-called dairy companies are not all above reproach for the empty milk cans that may be seen daily at their doors after a perfunctory wash, are so imperfectly cleansed that the interior surface may be smelt many feet away. The absence of refrigerator cars cuts us off from supplies of milk from the districts that send to Bombay its supply of excellent hay, and, as there seems to be no immediate prospect of such means of transport, our citizens—or those of them who are determined, in spite of all draw-backs, to have pure milk—must seek for it in other directions. One of the results of the unsatisfactory milk supply is the increasing importation of condensed milk in airtight tins. This article has, of late years, been greatly improved by a better method of preparation, and it is probable that the demand would be still greater if the consumers knew how to compare its cost with that of the milk they buy locally. A tin of condensed milk is emptied completely into an open vessel and water is added until the lactometer shews it to be of the same density as that of the locally bought milk. It is then weighed and, by a simple rule of three calculation, its comparative value is established. Without such a test the tinned milk is liable to be unfairly judged, especially if it be used in the condensed form for adding to tea or coffee. Users of sweetened milk must note that they are buying condensed milk and sugar at the same price. This milk is now supplied in quantities to suit large and small consumers ; it insures the user against irregular delivery in the morning, and, what is still more important, he is sure of a pure and clean article of food. We wonder if it has ever occurred to any Indian to go abroad in order to study the process of preserving milk with a view to establishing a factory in some of the fertile valleys in the hill districts of his own country.

If it is profitable to condense milk five or six thousand miles away to supply the present demand in India, it would surely pay to prepare it in some suitable spot in India now that a market is established. Already in this country fruits are preserved and distributed, butter tinned for export ; and potatoes reduced to dry meal to meet a large demand for the army, offering a great advantage in portability. Fruits are also dried and canned, by which means the cost of distribution is reduced by at least three-fourths. The drying and preserving of fish is now established as a steady business in Madras with prospects of a great extension. But what distinguishes all these important industries from that of the milk supply is the attention to cleanliness, method and uniformity that is rigidly followed in their factories The *gowli* has shewn himself to be proof against every influence making for order, system and cleanliness, and if, among the decaying industries there is one that deserves more than another to suffer, it is assuredly his. The educated Indian in spite of his hereditary prejudices and habits is discovering what carelessness in respect of his milk supply is costing him in infantile mortality, and, when the native community fully realises it, things will go hard with the *gowli* whose proper occupation should be the lowest class of unskilled labour. It has long since been demonstrated that Bombay Island cannot become a suitable place to produce the milk supply for a million inhabitants, and there is no lack of examples of how the work should be done. London, Paris and New York have their daily milk trains. The latter city requiring three large trains of refrigerator wagons to carry its supply. This milk is collected at various places on the route of the train, when it is cooled in readiness for putting on board. Such an arrangement is impossible in India until the refrigerator car is introduced, when ice, fish, fruit and game may be safely and profitably carried for long distances. In the meantime all those who have any reason to doubt the purity of the milk they consume will do well to examine into the merits of the various brands of condensed milk that are now available.

STORY OF THE DISCOVERY OF NEPTUNE.

WRITING of the death of Sir William Huggins some weeks ago at the advanced age of 86, we remarked on the longevity of astronomers. We are now furnished with even a more striking instance of this longevity by the announcement concerning the Prussian astronomer, Dr. Johann Gottfried Galle in his ninety-ninth year. He was born at the Saxon town of Grafenhainichen on 9th June, 1812, and educated at Berlin in whose celebrated Observatory he got a post as early as 1835. His laurels were gained long ago, and his death will now recall several echoes of the past, among which the most notable will certainly be that connected with the discovery of the planet Neptune. Reuter describes him as the discoverer of this planet; but this can be true only in the most literal sense. He was the actual telescopic discoverer of Neptune, it is true; but there his connection with the brilliant discovery begins as well as ends. Neptune, it is now well known, was discovered as the result of the most elaborate mathematical calculations on paper, with which telescopes and other like instruments had nothing whatever to do. Uranus, until 1846, the intermost planet known of our solar system, was found to be slightly moved out of the course marked out by astronomers and this perturbation as it was called of its orbit was suspected to be due to some then undiscovered planet which must have been moving beyond it still. Two persons unknown to each other undertook at about the same time to calculate from the amount of perturbation of Uranus the mass and distance of the unknown outer planet whose attraction was causing this perturbation. One of these two was an astronomer who had already made his mark by researches, Le Verrier (1811 and 1877), the Frenchman, who undertook this very difficult problem in mathematical astronomy at the instance of another distinguished and an older astronomer, Francois Arago. The other who simultaneously attacked the same problem was a young countryman of ours, then quite unknown even to English men of science and with his spurs still to win, John Adams (1819-1892). Curiously enough both the Englishman and the Frenchman completed their calculations at about the same time ; but the former a little earlier. They had both by means of very delicate and minute calculations ascertained exactly on paper the position and size of the unknown planet beyond Uranus, and the only thing wanted was telescopic verification of the supposed planet in the place in the heavens they had indicated already in their written memoirs.

Adams took his calculations to the Astronomer Royal, Airey (1880-1892) and asked him to look out for the unknown planet in the place he indicated by means of the telescope at the Greenwich Observatory. But Airey hesitated for a considerable time as he refused to take the young unknown Cambridge student seriously. Professor Chellis of the Cambridge Observatory, who was next appealed to, also lost precious time in looking out for the planet. Meanwhile Le Verrier, after finishing his calculations, wrote to Dr. Galle in Berlin to look out in the heavens at a place which he well defined, and was sure that the planet would be found there. Le Verrier, being well known, Dr. Galle, who was only a year younger, at once, that very night of 23rd September, 1846, directed his large telescope to the indicated part of the heavens and sure enough found the planet which modestly shone as a star of the eighth magnitude. Thus England lost the honour of the actual first telescopic discovery of the planet through the strange dilatoriness of her astronomers, Airey and Challis. But the real facts of the case, the prior and independent discovery by Adams, were brought to the notice of the world soon enough and the real honours were divided between Le Verrier and Adams, both the Englishman and the Frenchman being as it were bracketed together as co-discoverers in the history of the science. Dr. Galle's part in the discovery was very minor indeed. But he has won other laurels of his own in the astronomical arena which will make his name long remembered in the history of this noble science. His contributions to cometary astronomy are highly important, especially his brilliant pointing out of the close connection of Biela's comet with the Andromeda meteors. Biela's comet, it is well known, has disappeared, and Dr. Galle pointed out that the path of Andromeda meteors lies precisely in the direction of the orbit of this last comet and that very likely they are the fragments of that comet which has broken up. His name is also connected with the method of ascertaining the sun's distance from us by means of the parallax of some of the asteroids. He discovered three comets, and in 1894 published at Leipzig the most complete catalogue up to date of comets and their orbits, a work of immense labour. He was at Berlin from 1835 to 1851 in which year he went to Breslau to become Professor of Astronomy and Director of the Observatory of the famous Silesian University there. These posts he held for 45 years retiring in 1895 when he was 83. He turned his attention to meteorology also, and published an important work on climatology. His son is also an astronomer and especially geodisist.

WOMEN'S RIGHTS.

LEGISLATION establishes artificial conditions of life which govern the lives of all the people ; therefore all adults have a natural right to vote for or against this legislation, and no person has any natural right to prevent any man or woman from doing so. That seems unanswerable, but it is only one of the "pros" in favour of Woman Suffrage and Mr. Shackleton's Bill in the Commons. The debate on this measure will delight, though it will not satisfy, the leaders of the Suffragette movement. It has divided party against party and friend against friend and, as Reuter says, was characterised by an extraordinary confusion of party distinctions. Wherever woman is concerned this is inevitable, so it is quite unnecessary to lament over it. Sterner considerations will bring about reconciliations. No permanent harm will have been done, for it is well understood that no further facilities for debate on the subject will be afforded by His Majesty's Government during the present session, if indeed during the time of the present Parliament. It is a subject on which much may be said on both sides. If one woman has a vote, all must, and all includes a large number we should not like to see enfranchised. It is absurd to argue that if women can use the municipal franchise to advantage she can also use the political franchise to equal advantage. She knows more of local domestic politics, sometimes than the man. And then she guides him. But as regards politics! Sometimes she does not. At all events, if she is to be admitted to the larger privilege we trust that every woman who has taken part in an unseemly demonstration will be disqualified for say five years, and every one who has been convicted of disorderly, unfeminine, conduct for at least ten.

THE TELEWRITER.

A NEW development in the commercial life of London is the telewriter, an instrument akin to the telephone, and the first exchange for which was opened by the Lord Mayor a few days ago. The instrument is worked on similar lines to the telephone, the difference being that all messages are written instead of spoken. A company subscriber to the telewriter calls up the exchange on the telephone, gives in the number of the telewriter subscriber he wishes to communicate with, and he is switched through in the ordinary way. He writes his message, which simultaneously appears on the telewriter of the subscriber he has been switched on to. When he has finished, he rings a little bell and he is switched off. For certain purposes the instrument has its obvious advantages. For general use it is hardly likely in England to supersede the telephone to any degree, but for communications between business houses, frequently involving figures and requiring great exactness, it will avoid those mistakes, which are sometimes inevitable on the telephone, even when the clearest of speakers and the keenest of listeners are concerned. It is stated that arrangements are being made with the principal cable companies, by which subscribers will be able to despatch cables direct to the cable offices. We wonder how long it will be before the instrument makes a tentative appearance in the East. The clearness of a written message—we are presuming the machine would play no tricks with it—has such evident advantages over the spoken message, which it is frequently difficult to hear, that we should like to see it given a trial out here.

COMMUNICATIONS are at present passing between the Secretary of State and the Government of India regarding the creation of an Education Department. This question, it is understood, was before the Executive Council last week.

THE Raja of Nabha is at present paying a visit to Simla.

RAI BAHADUR GANGA RAM, Superintending Engineer, Patiala State, will shortly leave for England on furlough.

THE WORLD OF SPORT.

A SPLENDID SPRINTER.

(FROM OUR SPORTING CORRESPONDENT.)

LONDON, JUNE 24.

THE manner "even time" sprinters are developed in the United States of America, is nothing short of wonderful. Looking back over the list of English cracks, one can only think of two natives who have honestly run 100 yards in 10 secs., viz., Charley Bradley, of Hudersfield, and J. W. Morton, of Birmingham. Others have been credited with the performance but the two named are alone among English amateurs, who were the real "even timers." Matters are very different across the Atlantic and even the most biased of Britishers are now compelled to admit that American sprinters are well ahead of our home cracks. Fortunately for the credit of the Empire, two over-seas Britishers in Bobbie Kerr, of Canada, and Reggie Walker, of South Africa, have come to the rescue, and done much to keep up the reputation of British Empire athletes since J. W. Morton ceased to be a top notcher. At the moment, there is no English sprinter capable of running 100 yards in 10 1-5 secs., consequently the 100 yards championship on July the 2nd, looks like going to F. L. Ramsdell, the Pennsylvania University athlete, unless his fellow countryman L. C. Carey upsets calculations. The latter (a middy on the Indiana) must be hot stuff, judging by his record, and the writer wonders if he is any relation to the old Manhattan A. C. Crack, who won English championship laurels in 1891.

RAMSDELL'S DOUBLE.

The performance of Ramsdell at the Crewe sports last Saturday prove him to be a wonder. Though he had only been on English soil a few days, he showed 10 secs. when winning the scratch 100 yards, and was fast enough to defeat our best—L. J. de B. Reed and E. W. Haley—in the scratch 300 yards. After this, it will not surprise the writer should the splendidly built Texas men run 100 yards in 9 4-5secs. before he leaves England, That a man of his height (6ft. 1in.) and weight (190lbs.) is so speedy for 100 yards, is astonishing, and he ought to be capable of something remarkable between 120 and 200 yards. The presence of Ramsdell and other visitors at the English Championships on July 2nd, ensures the meeting being very interesting, and five of the events, "100", "220", "880", high jump and pole vault look like being won by entrants from other countries.

CITIZEN SOLDIERS.

The London Territorials held their second annual sports meeting at Stamford Bridge, London, on Saturday, when some very interesting competition was seen. Chief of the items on the programme was the twelve miles race for teams of sixteen, field service dress being worn, except that "shorts" instead of trousers were permitted. The race served to show that the London Scottish team, as last year, outclassed all rivals, for the men in kilts finished the journey in 1 hour 48 mins. 32 secs., the Civil Service 2 hours 3 mins. 4 1-2 secs., and the 23rd Battalion 2 hours 4 mins. 56 secs., being next. The performance of the winning team is of high merit, as all, who have done any soldiering, will recognise. Racing while handicapped by a rifle, bayonet, knapsack, overcoat, etc., is a tough game, to which the writer can testify (he having had the honour of wearing the uniform of the 7th Regiment of New York, and also that of an Imperial Yeoman in South Africa in 1900) as he created a record of 2 mins. 30 secs. for half a mile in heavy marching order in 1891. The race under notice is a useful one, and ought to help the military authorities in their efforts to discover the best sort of foot-wear for soldiers.

PEDESTRIANISM.

C. W. Cardiner, of London, accomplished a very good performance when winning a one hour race at Milwall on Saturday, the victor covering 11 miles 480 yards in the 60 mins., and he was 470 yards in front of A. Ribey, of Brussels, at the end. The Belgian is only a lad, and gives promise of developing into a champion. Cardiner and A. Haddow, of Scotland, and C. Hefferon, of South Africa, were the runners in another race at Glasgow on Monday, the distance being 15 miles Hefferon was soon out of it, but the other two had a great race, Haddon finally winning by a foot in the fair time, considering the wind, of 1 hour 24 mins. 17 3-5 secs.

ROWING.

The Winnipeg crew and the Thames R. C. Four had a strange experience in the final of the Senior Fours at Walton Regatta on Saturday. The Canadians were the faster, and would probably have won, but for faulty steering. When leading by two lengths, the visitors ran into the piles, which enabled Thames (who lost the lead through running into the bank) to go to the front again. Both crews were now in their wrong stations and it looked as though they would stay there. Bad steering by Thames, however, caused them to cross over to their proper station (it was not intentional) and this led to Winnipeg running into the home boat, the men all going overboard. The Canadians went on, but owing to the damage to their boat, they were unable to finish. The judges awarded the race to Thames, they being in their own water and the Canadians out of theirs, when the collision happened. The Thames men, however, handed their Cups over to the Winnipeg oarsmen, who thus had adequate proof that the Londoners were good sportsmen. Mr. C. S. Riley, the Winnipeg stroke, admitted that the award to Thames was correct, so that naturally the action of the Thames men pleased him. Both Fours are entered for the Stewards at Henley, and if the luck of the draw brings them together, we shall see a memorable race.

The Canadians journeyed down to Henley on Tuesday, and have taken up their quarters at the Five Horse Shoes, where the Pennsylvania University crew stayed, when last here. The hotel is situated at the top of a very steep hill, and quite 1 1-4 miles from the boathouse, so the "boys" get some exercise when going to and from their training spins.

POLO.

The players, who will shortly visit the United States, and try to regain the America Cup, represented England against Ireland in the annual match for the Patriotic Cup. In this, they proved their ability to fight an uphill game, for though the Irishmen led by 6 goals to 2 at the end of the second period, the old Etonians—or England for the occasion—finally won by 11 goals to 7. The team is a good one, and if the men can reproduce the form they showed during the last portion of the match under notice, they will extend even the pick of America.

GOLF.

Although, Scotland is the home of golf, England has had much the better of the International team matches between picked professionals. Seven annual contests have now been decided, the last at St. Andrew's, enabling England to score a fourth victory, Scotland having won once, while the other two contests ended in draws. St. Andrew's was the scene of Saturday's match, H. Vardon and J. Braid, the respective leaders opening the ball, when Vardon put England one up by 4 and 3. When the Singles were decided, England had won eight and Scotland 2 matches, two others being halved. The Scots did better in the Foursomes, each winning three, so that the final result was 11 to 5 in favour of the visitors, J. H. Taylor and A. Herd halved their match and the two Scots beat Vardon and Taylor in the Foursome by 5 and 4

THE OPEN CHAMPIONSHIP.

Some sensational play has been seen in the open championship at St. Andrew's, G. Duncan lowered the course record to 73 in the first round, but J. Braid and C. Roberts (Woolton) equalled this in the second round. It remained for W. Smith, of Mexico, to provide the sensation of the day. He was the last to start and had a return of 71, which, with 77 for the first round, enabled the old Carnoustie man to assume the lead with a total of 148, Braid 149, and Duncan 150 coming next. To-day, Braid did best in the third round (with a score of 74), and again came to the fore in the final round (with a score of 76) which gave him a grand total of 299 and the championship. (Braid 74, Herd 75, and Duncan 71.)

REMARKABLE CRICKET.

We have had some remarkable cricket lately and the new system of scoring in the county championship is certainly doing something to check the uninteresting draw. In the Notts v. Lancs match at Manchester, the home side commenced their last innings, faced with the task of making 399 runs to tie. In accomplishing this, Lancashire created a record, no side having previously made 400 in the last innings of a county fixtures. It has been done in other first class fixtures, however, notably when the Players made 501 and beat the Gentlemen at Lords in 1900. The win of Lancashire was chiefly due to Sharp (102), Tyldesley (91) and A. H. Hornby, whose 55, not out, was very creditable, as he was suffering from a twisted knee.

GOOD OLD YORKSHIRE.

That Yorkshire is still a power in the cricket world. We saw at Lords against Middlesex, when the "Tykes" made 331 in 4 1-2 hours, and won with a minute to spare. After a poor start (three wickets going down for 47 runs), Hirst 137 and Denton 95 made splendid progress, and yet when Haigh joined Myers at the fall of the eighth wicket, 12 runs were required and only five minutes remained for play. The situation was exciting, as runs were necessary, while the fall of another wicket would mean defeat for Yorkshire. Myers and Haigh were equal to it, however, and the match was won with a minute to spare.

FEATURES OF RECENT GAMES.

Sussex beat Surrey by a wicket in the match at Horsham, but Smith almost saved his side by taking 6 wickets for 42 runs, so that Sussex lost 9 wickets in making the necessary 125 runs. Surrey showed to better advantage against Lancashire at the Oval, and the victory by seven wickets was mainly due to the bowling of N. A. Knox, the first hander taking 12 wickets for 136 runs. More good bowling was seen in the Oxford University vs. M. C. C match, Le Couteur securing 6 for 22, and 5 for 77. The "googlie" merchant also played a fine innings of 73 and helped materially to beat the club.

It was mainly due to Seymour (3 for 7) and Wells (5 for 41) that Northampton beat Yorkshire (by 5 wickets) at Sheffield, this being the first time on record. Charlesworth's innings of 216 for Warwickshire against Derby this week is his highest score. J. Chapman and Warren also distinguished themselves by putting on 283 for the ninth Derbyshire wicket.

THE TURF.

We have to go back sixteen years the last success of an English horse in the Grand Steeplechase de Paris, so that the win of Jerry M. on Sunday gave much satisfaction. The victor was one of the four top weights and his easy win made up to Mr. A. Smith for his disappointment at not winning the Grand National with Jerry M. The stakes of the big French race amounted to 6,350 sovs., about double the value of our leading steeplechase. It was hoped Indian Runner would follow up by winning the big hurdle race at Autouil, but none of the English entrants gained a place.

The Newbury Summer Cup is the most important of recent home events, and this served to show Royal Realm to advantage, Mr. W. Hall Walker's five year old carrying 126lbs. and running the 1 1-2 miles in 2 mins. 32 3-5 secs. Another, and even a more remarkable performance at Newbury was that of Greenback in the Royal Stakes, the Derby second carrying 123lbs. and running 1 1-2 miles in 2 mins. 3 4-5 secs., which speaks well for his St. Leger prospects.

IN GENERAL.

A. E. Wood, ten miles amateur champion of 1909, has decided to embrace professionalism.

E. Barry is sculling very fast and his prospects of beating Arnst are not to be underrated.

G. Duncan's score of 73 in the opening round of the open Golf Championship, is a record for St. Andrew's.

Eustice Miles has again won the M. C. C. gold racquet (tennis) at Lords, beating Captain R. K. Price by 3 sets to nil.

L. Meredith (World's 100 Kilometres Amateur champion) rode 100 miles unpaced, on an out and home road course, in 4 hours 32 mins. 51 4-5 secs. on Wednesday, the first time a rider as beaten 5 hours.

BRITISH INDIANS IN SOUTH AFRICA.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—With reference to your leading article of to-day's date, may I be allowed to point out that Mr. Gandhi has expressly assumed sole responsibility for the views enunciated in his pamphlet? Apart altogether from their wisdom or the contrary, I am sure you will agree with me that the grievances of the Transvaal Indians, and the South African Indians generally exist and should be kept entirely separate from any political ethical, or social views that Mr. Gandhi may hold in his individual capacity. And as you rightly suggest, those grievances continue to constitute a scandal of a peculiarly crying nature.—Yours, &c.,

H. S. L. POLAK.

Bombay, July 8.

THE deep interest which the Kaiser takes in the German mercantile marine has received a fresh and noticeable illustration. On his way to the regatta at Kiel his Imperial Majesty honoured Herr Ballin, the Director-General of the Hamburg-American Line, with a visit at his private house in Hamburg. The Kaiser was entertained to luncheon, and was shown a number of pictures illustrative of the gigantic liner which the Hamburg-American Company is having built by the Vulkan Company of Stettin. A fact which now emerges is that this vessel is to be of such a size that the Germans will presently be able to boast that the largest ship in the world flies under the Hamburg-American flag. The new White Star liners, the "Olympic" and "Titanic," are to be of 45,000 tons register or thereabouts. The Germans have arranged to go one better. Their leviathan, intimated, is to be a little larger it is officially still.

WOMEN'S SUFFRAGE BILL

A REMARKABLE DEBATE.

Disregard of Party Distinctions.

THE EFFECT IN INDIA.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, JULY 11.

In the House of Commons this afternoon, Mr. Shackleton moved the second reading of the Bill for extending the Municipal franchise of women to Parliamentary elections.

The opinions are so divided that party distinctions are obliterated, and the leaders have decided to leave their followers complete freedom. Government, however, refuses facilities for the further stages in 1910. The division will be marked by general cross-voting, including both front benches.

Mr. Shackleton estimated that not more than a million women would be enfranchised, and he was confident that experience would justify the extension.

Mr. F. E. Smith, K. C., Conservative, moving the rejection of the Bill in a powerful speech, said the precedents of Norway, Australia and New Zealand were worthless to an empire of four hundred millions, of whom three hundred were Orientals, detesting government by women.

Mr. J. A. Bryce, Liberal, seconding the rejection, asked what authority a Government could have which depended upon a majority of women, especially in Egypt and India.

Mr. Haldane supported the Bill.

LONDON, JULY 12.

The Debate on the Suffrage Bill was resumed.

It was of a most animated description, and was characterised by an extraordinary confusion of party distinctions.

Mr. Walter Long denounced the Bill as a danger to the State.

Mr. Lyttelton declared that it was unfair and dishonourable to deny women the vote.

Lord Hugh Cecil supported the Bill and Mr. Claire Belloc opposed it, root and branch.

Mr. Haldane's support was of the strongest.

He declared that the question was almost urgent. Future generations would consider present conditions with the same amazement as we did slavery.

Lord Cromer presided at an anti-suffrage demonstration in Queen's Hall last night. The meeting was marked by constant interruptions and ejections.

M. Kato, the Japanese Ambassador, in his speech at the Lyceum Club, said the day was soon coming in Japan when the relations of the sexes must be entirely recast, giving more power to women though it would be long before political rights would be demanded.

LATER.

The Suffrage controversy is raging in all the papers. Every point is being thoroughly argued and the decision of the House of Commons is awaited with much interest.

SPAIN AND THE VATICAN.

Pope's Vehement Protest.

LONDON, JULY 11.

Reuter wires from Madrid that the Cabinet is considering a fresh vehement protest from the Vatican against the so-called Cadenas Bill, prohibiting the establishment of new religious associations, until negotiations for the reform of the Concordat are concluded.

THE JOHNSON-JEFFRIES PICTURES.

Question in the House.

LONDON, JULY 11.

In the House of Commons, Mr. Churchill informed Sir W. Howell Davies that he had power to prohibit cinematograph pictures of the Johnson-Jeffries fight.

Mr. Thorne interjected: "Would there have been so much lobby talk if Jeffries had won?"

INTERNATIONAL PRIZE COURT.

LONDON, JULY 11.

Sir Edward Grey, in reply to a question, said technical difficulty in the way of the establishment of an International Prize Court at the Hague, was in a fair way to settlement.

THE NEW VICEROY.

LONDON, JULY 12.

Sir Charles and Lady Hardinge, will start for India on the 3rd of November.

A SWISS LANDSLIP.

Farm-house Buried and Four People Killed.

LONDON, JULY 12.

Another landslip, due to storms, has taken place in Canton Lucerne. A farm-house was buried, four people were killed, and also the cattle.

JAPANESE CRUISER IN HOME WATERS.

LONDON, JULY 12.

The Japanese cruiser "Ikoma" has arrived at Falmouth.

THE ACCESSION OATH.

Protestant Agitation against Change.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, JULY 12.

The Protestant agitation against any change in the Accession Declaration is growing.

Mr. Asquith yesterday promised the Nonconformist Parliamentary deputation, that he would give his most careful consideration to their objections, when the Bill entered on the Committee stage.

A demonstration of United Protestant Societies in London last night forwarded a protest to the King, and Messrs. Asquith and Balfour.

The Wesleyan Methodist Committee yesterday practically unanimously approved the report of the Wesleyan Conference, objecting to the new oaths and concessions to Cathelics.

Speaking at a demonstration in Edinburgh, the Hon. Neil Primrose declared that Protestants were fighting for the very basis of political and religious freedom.

NICARAGUAN AFFAIRS.

A Peculiar Situation.

LONDON, JULY 12.

The publication of a letter from the Kaiser, recognising Senor Madriz as President of Nicaragua is commented on in Washington, as Senor Madriz has not been recognised by the United States or by Great Britain, but the State Department does not treat the matter seriously, and regards it as a blunder on the part of the German Foreign Office.

There have been rumours in Washington that Senor Madriz offered a coaling-station to any European Power, which recognised him.

"THE MIRACLE OF THE MODERN WORLD."

Eulogy of Japan.

LONDON, JULY 12.

Mr. McKinnon-Wood, proposing the toast of Japan at the Lyceum Club dinner last night, said Japan was the miracle of the modern world. England regarded her not only as a marvellous nation, but a great and valuable ally.

H. E. Mons. Kato, replying, said he hoped the alliance would long continue, and would increase in usefulness and benevolent influence.

A distinguished gathering, including many Japanese notables, was present.

KING GEORGE AND THE ARMY.

LONDON, JULY 12.

King George paid a surprise visit to the 3rd Infantry Brigade last evening. He took the keenest interest in the domestic arrangements. His Majesty witnessed the flights of two airships yesterday.

THE COLONIAL OFFICE.

Visit of a Secretary to Canada.

LONDON, JULY 12.

Lord Crewe has instructed Mr. H. W. Just Assistant Under-Secretary for the Colonies, to make an official visit to Canada. He will accompany Earl Grey, who is returning on the 15th of July.

BISLEY.

The Donald Smith Cup.

LONDON, JULY 11.

At Bisley to-day, the Silver Cup given by Major Donald Smith, of the Madras Volunteer Guards for the Indian or Ceylon volunteer, scoring highest in the Stock Exchange Competition, was won by Cantor of the Burma Railway Volunteers.

LATER.

At Bisley, Sergeant-Major Wallingford, of the School of Musketry, won the Prince of Wales' Competition with a score of 85, the highest possible.

Sergeant Martin, H. L. I., won the Stock Exchange Competition with 105. Six scores of 104 were made and twenty-four of 103, constituting a record.

LONDON, JULY 12.

The final result of the Schumacher competition at Bisley is as follows:—

The 2nd Hampshires with a score of 2,660 win the cup and forty-one silver medals, and £100.

The 18th Carnatics with a score of 2,821 win bronze medals and £50.

The 36th Sikhs with 2,515 points win bronze medals and £25,

The 29th Punjabis with 2,359 points win £20.

The Witwatersrand Rifles with 2,215, the 53rd Sikhs with 2,174 and the 26th Punjabis with 2,169 points each win £15.

THE BOXING CHAMPION.

Johnson Feted by Negroes.

LONDON, JULY 12.

Johnson was welcomed at New York by thousands of negroes and processions of motors went through the streets filled with negroes. Johnson describes the fight at the Music Hall in the evening assisted by a bioscope.

OBITUARY.

LONDON, JULY 11.

The death is announced of Mr. James Smith founder of the "Sportsman".

AVIATION IN ENGLAND.

Sad Fatality at Bournemouth.

HON. C. S. ROLLS'S TRAGIC DEATH.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, JULY 11.

The British aviation season has opened auspiciously at Bournemouth. Enormous crowds are present. Fourteen British and five foreign competitors are taking part, and the British are shaping well.

LATER.

Hon. C. S. Rolls was circling over the the Grand Stand at Bournemouth to-day when his machine buckled and he fell forty feet. He was killed.

Hon. C S. Rolls was about to alight for the competition and was coming down in front of the Stand when the tail piece seemed to break. The machine gave a violent lurch and fell at a terrific speed in a straight line to the ground. The framework buckled in the air, spinning round. Hon. C. S. Rolls was found in the upper plane with his legs entangled in the framework. The doctors carefully extricated him and vainly attempted to revive him. Death was instantaneous and was due to concussion of the brain. The disaster was witnessed by crowds. All flying has been abandoned for the day.

[Hon. Charles Stewart Rolls was a pioneer in the introduction of automobilism into England in 1896, and drove a motor-car previous to the abolition of the "red flag" regulation; foompeted successfully in numerous competitions and races in England and on the Continent; was awarded the gold medal for his performance in the 1,000 miles trial of 1900; drove in the Paris-Berlin, Paris-Vienna, Paris-Madrid, and other motor races; drove as representative for Great Britain in the Gordon-Bennett Race, 1905; several times established the world's record for speed; broke the Monte Carlo-London record, 1906; won the International Tourist Trophy organised by the Royal Automobile Club, Isle of Man, 1906; won numerous prizes for cycling, athletics, and motor driving; held 3rd Engineer's (marine) certificate; was also a certified aeronaut; owned three balloons, had made over 130 balloon ascents. He won the French Aero Club's medal for the longest balloon journey during 1906 (Paris to Sheraborne, Norfolk). He red papers and lectured on motor cars and automobilism before various societies. He published various papers and articles on motor cars, their development, and the future of mechanical traction on roads; a bibliography on road locomotion; also chapters in the Encyclopædia Britannica and the Badminton Library. He was the founder of the Royal Automobile and the Aero Clubs of the United Kingdom and a member of the Aero Club de France. He was the third son of the first Baron Llangattock and was born in London in 1877. He was educated in Eton, and Trinity College, Cambridge. He joined the Eton Volunteer Battalion (4th Oxford Light Infantry) 1893; was half-blue (Cambridge) for cycling, 1896, and Captain of the University bicycle teams 1897. He graduated in engineering in 1898; B.A. in 1898 and M.A. in 1902.]

HOME NAVAL MANŒUVRES.

War Declared.

THREE HUNDRED WARSHIPS IN ACTION.

LONDON, JULY 12,

War has been declared in the Naval manœuvres. A record fleet of three hundred warships is taking part. Admiral Sir William May commands the British Red fleet and Admiral Sir Edward Poe, the Blue fleet, who are the invaders. A large portion the Mediterranean and the Atlantic fleets will take part in order to bring into full play the strength of the Empire so far as it is possible to concentrate it in the Home waters. Admiral May will defend the North and West coasts of Ireland. Admiral Poe commences with his fleet in three portions and Admiral May will endeavour to prevent a junction.

FIRE IN NEW BRUNSWICK.

A Whole Town Gutted.

LONDON, JULY 12.

The town of Campbellton in New Brunswick has been gutted by fire. Four thousand are homeless and the damage is estimated at two million dollars. The fire was fanned by a north-westerly gale and blazed furiously.

FLOODS IN FRANCE.

Crops Destroyed.

LONDON, JULY 12.

Floods are creating havoc everywhere in France. The tributaries of the Seine are swelling and spreading over fields and destroying crops. All the lowlying land in the valley of Orge below Paris is converted into an immense swamp.

A GERMAN RIDING BET.

From Damaraland to Europe.

LONDON, JULY 12.

Two Germans have started on a ride from Damaraland to the East Coast and to Europe via the Victoria Falls and Mozambique and thence to Suez for a bet of £5,000 each. They are accompanied by a pack-horse.

RUSSIA AND JAPAN.

German View of the Agreement.

LONDON, JULY 12.

The *Koelnische Zeitung* says that the Russo-Japanese agreement arose out of Russia's need to carry out her Asiatic policy without disturbance and Japan's wish to develope in peace the conquests acquired in war. It will therefore be welcomed in Germany as elsewhere as a guarantee of peace. Judgment must be witheld for the present as regards its economic aspect.

CRETAN GOVERNMENT.

Submission to the Powers.

LONDON, JULY 12.

The Cretan Government has officially notified the Consuls of the submission to the conditions of the Powers.

THE VICEROY'S COUNCIL.

A New Member.

BILLS FOR NEXT MEETING.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, JULY 12.

It may be taken as certain, says the "Pioneer" that the question of a member of Council versus the Director-General of Education, has been definitely settled in favour of the creation of a new membership of the Council. In fact, it is understood, that Lord Morley has been pressing the Government of India for an immediate decision, on the ground that he desires to make an announcement on the subject in Parliament. His Lordship, who can be deliberate enough when he pleases, apparently does not appreciate the necessity for deliberation in the case of others. The Educational Member will, of course, be selected from the ranks of the Indian Civil Service, and as soon as he is gazetted, the way will be clear for the formal appointment of Mr. Clarke as a member of Commerce and Industry. With the successor to Mr. Sinha selected and installed the changes will be complete when the new Viceroy will begin the year, with his Council at full strength, and ready for all the work that may lie ahead.

SIMLA, JULY 12.

The first meeting of the Legislative Council on the 22nd instant will be comparatively a tame affair. None of the elected Additional Members, except Nawab Abdul Majid are coming up and only three Nominated Members will be present. Even Sir Louis Dane will be absent on tour. The second meeting has been fixed for the 5th proximo when the Council will adjourn sine die. Thus so far as at present arranged, only two meetings will be held during the Simla season.

The programme for the first meeting will include the introduction of a Bill to amend the Tramways Act; a Bill to amend the Criminal Tribes Act, and a Bill to amend the Cantonments Act. The Census Bill and the Emigration Bill will be referred to Select Committees. The Emigration Bill, it may be stated, has been accepted by all local Governments and the Government of Bengal has made some important suggestions which will be dealt with by the Select Committee. These measures being non-contentious in their characters will be passed at the second and last meeting of the Council. The Army Bill and three small measures dealing with village sanitation, local self-government and excise law in Central Provinces are not yet ready and the Government have given no indication of their intention as to the Seditious Meeting Act which expires in October.

The most important question, however, which is engaging the attention of the Legislative Department is the re-arrangement of the work of the session about of which Lord Minto spoke at the last meeting of the Council in Calcutta. An expert report on the subject has been received by the last mail from an official who has been for many years connected with the Supreme Legislative Council. It is quite probable that the question will be referred to an informal Committee of the Executive Council and the non official members will also be given ample opportunities to express their views. It is understood that Lord Minto will decide this question and will not leave to his successor, although the new arrangements will affect the incoming Viceroy more than any body else. It is, however, quite possible that Lord Minto will hold a meeting of Council in Calcutta early in November before making over charge to his successor.

THE "YUGANTAR" LEAFLETS.

Important Clue Obtained.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JULY 12.

Important light has at last been thrown upon the source of the mysterious "Yugantar" leaflets which for the past twelve months have baffled the best men in the Calcutta and Bengal Police. Two searches were made last night in Calcutta. One was at 72 Sikdar Bagan Street occupied by Samacharan Ghosal and his son Phani Bhusan Ghosal. The police found on the ground floor a printing press and two bundles of vernacular types. Several boxes were also seized containing papers and documents, several of which, it is alleged, are of an incriminating character. An earthen jar was also taken charge of. This contained rice and bore the inscription "Bhikaputra" (begging for country), the idea of which is said to have been originated by Barindra Kumar Ghose who was sentenced to transportation for life in the Alipore bomb case. All property seized, it is alleged, belongs to Phani Bhusan who has absconded. The police are now on the look out for him.

The police next raided 52 Machua Bazar Street occupied by Probash Chnder Dab who was an accused in the Alipore Bomb case, but as acquitted. The police seized several bundles of seditious pamphlets including a recent number of the 'Yugantar." A quantity of papers and documents were also seized. Probash has absconded. The recent edition of the "Yugantar" is similar in substance to those which have previously found their way into circulation from Calcutta, Madras, Delhi and other centres. After the usual revolutionary exhortation it contains a reference to Barindro Dutta Gupta, the murderer of the Superintendent Shams-ul-Alum of the Bengal C. I. D., who it states was done to death by the police by means of an electric battery and that his dead body was afterwards hanged as a mere formality. The sheet also refers to the late King Edward as a gambler and headman of dacoits.

MADRAS INSURANCE TRIAL.

Amazing Evidence.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, JULY 12.

The trial of C. J. Spalding was resumed yesterday before the Presidency Magistrate, on the charge of cheating the Commercial Union Assurance Co., in respect of a claim on a fire policy for Rs. 73,000 damages.

Evidence was given by Mr. B. W. Flower, a fire loss assessor from Bombay; and another witness said that the tannery in respect of which the policy was issued had been sold to the absconding accused for Rs. 375. The case is proceeding.

NEW GOVERNOR OF PONDICHERRY.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, JULY 12.

M. Martineau, the new Governor of Pondicherry, arrived there on Saturday, and was met by the local officials who read an address of welcome. A Levee was later held at Government House. He was formerly Governor of Gabon, and his arrival is welcomed in Pondicherry, where it is to be hoped he will restore order.

MINISTER OF COMMERCE.

Mr. Clarke's Appointment.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, JULY 12.

Commenting on Mr. Clarke's appointment, and the feeling it has excited, the "Pioneer" says, that the selection is entirely Lord Morley's and not at the instigation of Mr. Lloyd George. Lord Morley, for his own reasons, resolved to turn to the home service, for Mr. Harvey's successor. Mr. Clarke was strongly recommended by Sir James Mackay, under whom he served in the Commercial Mission in China. Lord Morley was totally uninfluenced in the choice by his colleagues. There was no political log-rolling in the matter. The appointment is totally indefensible. If Lord Morley had gone into the city of Liverpool or Glasgow for his Commercial Member, nothing could or would have been said, because such a man would be presumed to have lights of his own business conditions or industrial organisation to counter balance his want of administrative experience, and inacquaintance with the country. But instead, he has gone to the Government offices and chosen a junior Civil Servant, a man of precisely the same class and training as Civilians here, but only differs from them in not possessing experience of India and not being legally eligible.

[Remarks with which we fully agree.—ED. "B.G."]

OUTRAGEOUS MURDER OF A GIRL.

A Mahomedan Arrested.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, JULY 11.

The daughter of a Mahomedan, shawl merchant at Amritsar, was the victim of brutal murder on the night of 7th instant. The girl was about 10 years old and used to visit daily a blind lady, who knew the Quran by heart, to read the holy book. On the 8th the girl, not returning to her house at the usual hour, the parents became anxious and reported the matter to the police. A search was instituted and the girl was found 9 at a. m. in a corner of a lane wrapped up in her veil with her dupatta tied round the neck. She was covered with blood and her eyes, nose and ears were wrapped in straw. The Civil Surgeon who conducted the post mortem examination came to the conclusion that the girl had been throttled to death and had also been outraged. A Mahomedan young man has been arrested on suspicion. Police enquiry is preceeding.

MAHSUD RAID ON REHOWA.

Three Ringleaders Captured.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, JULY 12.

"We have friends as well as enemies, it would appear, in the Mahsud country," says the "Pioneer." A Mahsud lashkar has, after some fighting, captured and handed over to the British authorities unconditionally, three of the ringleaders in the recent Mahsud raid on Rehowa in the Dera Ghazi Khan District.

LAHORE, JULY 12.

A Mahsud lashkar after some fighting has captured and surrendered unconditionally to the British authorities three of the Mahsud ringleaders in the recent raid on Rehowa in Dera Ghazi Khan district. This is a most unusual success and reflects considerable credit on the Political Officers concerned.

DERA GHAZI KHAN.

Overrun by the Indus.

PEOPLE IN GREAT DISTRESS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, JULY 12.

The River Indus has again set in in a westerly direction and is now running in the heart of Dera Ghazi Khan. Strong built houses, mosques, shrines and temples are falling one by one. More than half of the town is in the river. Hundreds are homeless. The loss of property amounts to lakhs of rupees. The people are dismantling the houses still standing and removing their material on bullock carts provided by the Deputy Commissioner. The afflicted condition of the people calls urgent help.

COTTON CULTIVATION.

Imperial Specialist's Help.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, JULY 12.

Mr. G. A. Gammie, Imperial Cotton Specialist, will carry out the following programme this year:—

1. To visit and advise on points regarding cotton and its cultivation whenever requested to do so by the Provincial Department of Agriculture or even by individual cultivators.

2. By special invitation of the Department of Agriculture, Central Provinces, to make detailed investigations throughout the whole of the cotton tracts of that province in co-operation with the Deputy Directors of Agriculture. A continuation of this research would probably have to be carried into Khandesh and Bengal; also to investigate into the distribution of superior varieties in the rich cotton tracts of the Nizam's dominions, especially those which lie along the Godaveri river.

(3) As Bourbon and Buri cottons appear to be the two superior varieties most suitable for what are at present non-cotton producing tracts, namely those with a sandy or red soil or with a rainfall heavier than can be borne by indigenous varieties, it is proposed to carry out experiments with these on lands furnished by the owners in parts of Rajputana, near the Western Ghats and perhaps Mysore. I understand that the officers of the Madras Agricultural Department are to undertake investigations into the Bourbon cultivation in the red soil of their Presidency. The re-establishment of superior varieties in Kathiawar and other parts, which were substituted for inferior drought-resisting cottons during the famine year of 1899-1900.

MAGURA DACOITY CASE.

Another Arrest.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JULY 12.

In connection with the political dacoity at Magura in the Jessore district another arrest was made last night. The three arrested persons are boys, one of them having just matriculated in last examination. Some stolen property was recovered in the house of one of them.

THE MODERN CIVILIAN.

Strong Comment on Lord Curzon's Speech.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JULY 12.

Referring to Lord Curzon's remarks at the Civil Service Dinner, the "Englishman" comments:—

The self-constituted "members for India" are never so happy as when "fouling their own nests", and rendering the administration of India as difficult as possible. Their task is rendered easy with a Radical Ministry in power. Is it surprising that the Indian Civil Service is losing its attractions for the class of men who have built up this great Empire? As for the "Westminster Gazette," it thinks "that the new Civilian is more academic and less human than the old, and thinks too much of leave and retirement, with a pension at fifty." This may be dismissed as begging the question. No amount of "fresh, vigorous, alert men" will alter the present conditions of the service, which are not what they were in old Haileybury days. The India of to-day is not the India of thirty years ago. The British prestige, by which alone we hold the country, has been dragged in the mud within the past five or six years or so, and not until the Home Government awake to a sense of the danger that threatens British supremacy in India, will the conditions alter for the better.

MADRAS, JULY 12.

The "Madras Times," in an article this morning regarding Lord Curzon's speech on the Indian Civil Service, state that Mr. Pinhey, one of the Madras most able Civilians, retired recently owing to the interference of Lord Morley, who issued orders that Mr. Pinhey was not to serve again in the High Court, Madras, because he had passed a severe sentence on a man convicted of sedition, in its worst and most dangerous phase."

BOARD OF AGRICULTURE.

Meeting at Pusa.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, JULY 12.

The proceedings of the Board of Agriculture which met at Pusa on February 21st and the following days have been published to-day:—

Besides dealing with the programme of the work of the Imperial and Provincial Departments of Agriculture, the Board discussed, among other matters, the "reh" problem in India, the oil pressing industry, the best means of bringing the results of experimental work to the notice of the cultivators, and agricultural engineering, particularly in regard to well boring and well irrigation. The proposal for holding the future meetings of the Board biennially, also came up for consideration. Mr. Renouf proposed, and Mr. Couchman seconded, that in the opinion of the Board, it will now be sufficient if, in future, the meetings of the Board of Agriculture are held in every alternate year, instead of annually. Dr. Leather opposed the motion on the ground that a real advantage was gained by the opportunities afforded by the meetings of the Board for the interchange of opinion. The proposal was put to the meeting and carried.

KING EDWARD MEMORIAL FOR BENGAL.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JULY 12.

In accordance with the wishes expressed by the Bengal Chamber of Commerce the Lieut.-Governor has invited between three or four hundred representatives of the people of Calcutta, and different districts and divisions of Bengal, to meet him at a conference to be held at Belvedere on Tuesday next, to consider a proposal for inaugurating in Calcutta on behalf of the people of Bengal, a memorial to perpetuate the memory of His late Majesty the King-Emperor. It is understood that the proceedings of this meeting will consist of a short address by His Honour, explaining the reasons for calling a conference, followed by two resolutions, one proposing that there should be a memorial in Calcutta, and the other proposing the names of gentlemen who should be asked to serve on the General and Executive Committees.

RAILWAY GUARD ON TRIAL.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JULY 12.

A Deputy Magistrate of Hooghly is engaged in hearing an interesting case, in which a guard of the East Indian Railway, named Barnes, is undergoing trial for aiding and abetting a Mr. Lannoux, an assistant in the firm of Messrs. Schroder Smidt and Co., who was arrested while travelling in the brakevan of a Bandel local train, under the assumed authority of a guard. The accused claimed the right of a British born subject, and the question will be discussed to-day.

THE SIMLA EXODUS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, JULY 12.

The question of Simla exodus seems to remain in status quo at present. The only change of any importance is that the second Director General of the Post Office has been allowed to come up to Simla, leaving the office in Calcutta in charge of the Assistant Director General. In view of the decision that some of the office will winter here, all the leading trading firms have decided to remain open during the next cold weather season.

HORRIBLE TRAGEDY AT KUSHTIA.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JULY 12.

A story of a ghastly nature comes from the Kushtia sub-division. A villager on the 7th instant, at 11 in the morning, suddenly attacked his old mother with a dao and killed her. He next murdered his young wife, and his brother interfering was killed also. He was subsequently arrested, and questioned by the police stated that he killed deceased because he wished to do so. Insanity is supposed to be the cause of this horrible tragedy.

MATRIPUJA SEDITION CASE.

Ganguli Sentenced.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JULY 12.

The Chief Presidency Magistrate to-day delivered judgment in the Matripuja sedition case. Kunja Behari Ganguli, the author of the book, was sentenced to one year's imprisonment.

"HORACE IN BURMA."*

"J. M. S." who is well known to be a prominent member of the Indian Educational Service in Burma, has just published a collection of his sparkling verses which have from time to time illuminated the columns of the *Rangoon Gazette*. Launched a literary sampan on the high seas of Anglo-Indian criticism is his way of describing the event, well aware that he is performing an act of considerable audacity. Our only regret is that the sampan is not as big as a Dreadnought for there are, alas, too few of his merry jingles with which to relieve the monotony of existence. The poet finds Anglo-Burman life a beautiful and inspiring topic, but climatic conditions are against the Muse who can hardly be expected to do justice to herself in a land which is admittedly unsuitable for ladies. "J. M. S." sings of all manner of people and things—including "the Power that are" whom he thus addresses:—

If your conscience be sound and untainted,
If you own a medicinal chest,
Some day you may rank with the Sainted,
Who are throned on the high seat of the blessed,
But your conscience and liver provided,
I fear, will not carry you far,
Till you learn to re-echo as they did
The praise of the Powers that are.

. . . . .

Though your fate be the fate of Gray's flowerlet
And you blush in the desert unseen,
Yet be sure that you don't for an hour let
Your leaves lose their primitive green;
Though you're yearly transplanted o'er Burma,
Though you're left to run rank at Katha,
In the breezes your petals shall murmur
The praise of the Powers that are.

"The Heaven-born" the poet describes as A "Scion of the gods immortal" and after reminding him that no cataclysm rent the sky when first he burst upon the wondering gaze of Kew or Peckham Rye, he turns his attention to the P. W. D. which he admires, but is bound to confess

I would not have you rest your head
Where pensioned boredom loves to spread
Her nauseous spells,
Your feet upon some club-room hearth
Pressing on "Public Works" in Bath
Or Tunbridge Wells.

. . . . .

I'd rather dream of one who goes
From Burma to a world which knows
No district cess,
Where cherub ears have never heard,
The sickening echo of the word
Financial stress.

Appreciating the desire for promotion prevalent in the hearts of all young officers in every branch of the service and their natural objection to extensions, our rhymester gives the sticker as gentle a hint as may be:

You are old Father William, and wizened,
Your back—it is horribly bent,
And your forehead is furrowed—then isn't
Oh! isn't it time that you went?

. . . . .

'Tis not that I'm eager to flout you,
But with silver my locks are besprent,
And my wife gets quite angry about you
Then isn't it time that you went?

. . . . .

There's a block in official gradation,
We are still in the season of Lent,
What a chance for some self-abnegation
By admitting it's time that you went!

Social follies and foibles, human weaknesses, come under his ken and with a fair but foolish matron he remonstrates:

Come, Mrs. Languish, tell me why you tarry
Upon the bund which fringes yonder tank
And utter sentiments which play old Harry
With Capt. Blank?

Her charms have diverted the gallant captain from sports in chukkers as a captain ought, forwearing games, poor soul, because he knows she is averse to sport.

So marked the change that he who runs may read a
Distressing moral in his tresses dank
May even vindicate the works of Ouida
In Captain Blank!

He appeals to her forcibly, but in a way others have appealed in other cases, frequently however without result.

Then, Mrs. L. release him, of your mercy,
Or ere the mires our Captain's footsteps clog,
Or ere this victim of another Circe
Becomes a hog.

We give but a few chippings from the jewels in this casket of gems J. M. S. offers us. From these the lot may be judged.

* Horace in Burma, by J. M. S.—Rangoon: British Burma Press.

FIGHT BETWEEN POLICE AND STATION STAFF.

Railway Passengers Neglected.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JULY 12.

A Muzufferpure correspondent reports a somewhat extraordinary quarrel at Sahebpurkamal Railway Station on the Bengal and N.-W Railway, between the Railway Police and the station staff. It appears to have arisen out of some petty question about allowing a private servant of the Sub Inspector of the Railway Police to work as an unlicensed coolie. The two parties are said to have fought, and subsequently the station men apprehending an attack from the police disappeared from the station, with the exception of a signaller. The trains that day, owing to the absence of the station staff, were delayed for three or four hours; and the passengers were put to great inconvenience. Both parties have reported the matter to the Magistrate. The Assistant Superintendent of the Railway Police, and other Railway authorities, have taken up the matter and are holding enquiries.

CHARGE AGAINST A ZEMINDAR.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JULY 12.

A Zamindar of Hooghly and his servant are awaiting trial, the latter for dacoity, and the former for harbouring dacoits in connection with the dacoity at Singur. The servant was arrested the week after the dacoity took place, with injuries on his person, which he could not satisfactorily explain. The Zamindar stated that the servant left on the night of the dacoity, and returned early next morning, explaining the injuries as a result of being knocked down by a train.

CALCUTTA CHEATING CASE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JULY 12.

At the High Court sessions to-day, Alfred Hamilton Campbell and John Howard Bradbaugh were put on their trial on a charge of cheating Bux Elahi, a cigarette merchant, by false representation, and thereby entering into an agreement to supply one thousand cases of "Scissors" cigarettes to him. The case has created a great sensation, as it arose just before the Tariff Bill was passed. It is likely to last several days.

ATTEMPT AT POLITICAL MURDER.

The Anarchists' Revenge.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JULY 12.

A sensational attempt to murder the uncle of Raja Promatha Bhusan Deb Roy, the Raja of Naldhanga in the Jessore district, was made on Sunday night. The victim Kamalesh Chandra Deb Roy has been suspected of aiding the police in running to earth many gangs of political dacoits in the Jessore district. Roy, it would seem, was watched on Sunday and in the evening he was shot. Fortunately Roy was not killed and although he is now lying in a critical condition his case is not hopeless. The culprit is believed to be one of the political gang. They will be placed on trial before a Special Tribunal next week.

GROUNDING OF BIBBY LINER.

The Court of Enquiry.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

RANGOON, JULY 12.

In connection with the grounding of the Bibby liner "Warwickshire" on the 3rd instant at Elephant Point at the mouth of the Rangoon River, the Court of Enquiry, with the District Magistrate as President under the local Government direction, commenced hearing of the charge against Pilot Simond, of showing incompetency or carelessness in allowing the vessel to ground.

Simond explained that the accident was due to his mistake as regards the buoys marking channel. The ground was quite soft, half mud and half sand, and the vessel grounded so gently that no one knew anything till she stopped. This happened about three hours before high water. He took no soundings. There was no danger for the vessel breaking her back and not geting off but of ripping the false bottom plates.

Captain Langston of the "Warwickshire" and the third officer in their evideuce said that the former called the pilot's attention to the buoy which seemingly escaped his notice, but he made no reply.

BENARES MOSLEM LEAGUE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, JULY 12.

On Friday evening the Moslem League of Benares held a meeting under the presidency of Prince Akbar Bakht, and passed resolutions thanking the Government for the title of Nawab conferred on the Hon'ble Nawab Abdul Majid, and congratulated the Nawab.

BURMA KHEDDAH CASES.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

RANGOON, JULY 12.

The second Kheddah case known as the Anthrax case against Mr. Dalrymple Clark, Birch and Gupta will commence to-morrow.

THE NEW PRESS ACT.

The Security Question.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, JULY 12.

A local Urdu paper "Arjuna," brought out by Mr. Dharam Pal, had to submit a new declaration owing to a change of publisher. The Magistrate sent on the papers to the Deputy Commissioner to decide whether a security was or was not to be taken under the Press Act. The Deputy Commissioner dispensed with security and the paper which then remained suspended has now come out again.

SUIT FOR DIVORCE.

Full Damages Decreed.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JULY 12.

Mr. Justice Fletcher to-day delivered judgment in the sensational divorce suit brought by E. A. Mitchell, a well known Attorney of the High Court, against his wife Gertrude Mitchell on the ground of misconduct with a merchant named Cassie.

His Lordship observed that the respondent's letter showed thorough depravity of mind, and principles that undermined morality. His Lordship decreed the suit and gave the full amount of damage, viz., Rs. 15,000 against Cassie. According to the terms of the petition his Lordship directed the whole or any part of the amount, if realised, to be made over to respondent.

EARTHQUAKE SHOCKS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, JULY 12.

To-day at about 1-15 p. m. a dintinct shock of earthquake was felt at Lahore lasting for about one second. The shock was smart enough to startle people out of their rooms.

SIMLA, JULY 12.

A sharp shock of earthquake was experienced at Simla this afternoon.

FOOTBALL.

The Harwood League.

GLOSTERS VS. THE ROVERS.

The Glosters added another to their long list of victories last evening defeating the Rovers by the fine margin of five goals to love. The Rovers put up a good fight but were quite outclassed. In the first half Barton, Short and Hill scored and in the second goals were netted by Short and Harris. Nothing in the game calls for comment unless it was the fine goal keeping of Walker for the Rovers. The teams were as follows:—

ROVERS.—Goal: Walker; backs, Morley, and C. Edwards; half-backs, Saban, Miller and Hodges; forwards, Toveridge, Robinson, Toole, A. Edwards and Phelps.

GLOSTERS.—Goal: Smith; backs, Ruck and Scarfe; half backs, Barton, Sherwood and Curtis; forwards, Maton, Holmes, Hill, Short and Harris.

MADRAS HOCKEY TOURNAMENT.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, JULY 12.

Yesterday the Leicesters and the 14th Hussars replayed their semi-final contest in the Hockey Tournament, and a splendid game resulted in a win for the former by two goals to one. There was a large attendance, and the keenest interest was manifested right up to the end of the game. Undoubtedly the better team won, the Leicesters being the quicker, but the Hussars had hard luck in not making a draw again.

ON an eight hours trial in the Firth of Clyde the "Parramatta"—the first-completed of the three destroyers being built on the Clyde for the Australian Commonwealth—exceeded the stipulated average speed of twenty-six knots by about a knot, and her best speed achieved in the eighth hour of full steaming was 28·48 knots on the measured mile.

HEALTH OF THE CITY.

THE following are extracts from the Executive Health Officer's report for the second quarter, ending 30th June, 1910:—The continued general improvement recorded in previous reports has been well maintained, and the health of the City during the quarter compares very favourably with that during the corresponding periods of previous years. Comparison with the quinquennial averages shows that in the quarter under notice the number of births registered increased by 126 and that the number of deaths from all causes decreased by 3,643, from plague by 2,466, from fevers decreased by 176, from cholera by 129, from phthisis by 146, from respiratory diseases by 415, small-pox alone showing an excess of 172. 4,542 live births were registered in the quarter under report, being 384 less than in the preceding quarter, but 199 more than in the corresponding period of the preceding year. The total number of deaths from all causes—includinw 146 deaths among persons newly arrived and not belonging to the City—was 9,496, the lowest registered for the second quarter of any year since the first appearance of plague in 1896. There were thus 236 more deaths than in the previous quarter, but 644 fewer than in the second quater of 1909. The highest mortality on a single day was 152 on 19th April against 185 on 12th April 1909; 134 on 1st May against 157 on the same date last year; 109 on 15th June against 90 on the 28th of the same month in 1909; the lowest mortality was 55, recorded on the 19th June, which is much below the daily average. Passing on to plague mortality, a very encouraging reduction has to be recorded: in no other year was the incidence of plague so low in the 2nd quarter. There were 2,255 attacks against 3,273 in 1909—a decrease of 1,018; and 2,030 deaths were registered. As is usual, the number of plague deaths exceeded that in the first quarter of the year,—by 956, but it fell short of that in the second quarter of 1909 by 911. Small-pox was prevalent throughout the quarter; as stated in my report for the previous quarter, it became epidemic in the second week of February and continued so till the third week of May. There were 452 deaths from this disease in the period under notice, being 72 less than in the previous quarter, but 267 more than in the second quarter of 1909. 622 cases of small-pox were recorded, including 3 imported from outside. During the epidemicity of small-pox vaccination was very vigorously continued and the demand from Clubs and Public Offices and Business Houses for vaccination was so great that vaccinating staff had in many cases to be specially deputed for whole sale vaccination of members. Every possible facility was placed at the service of the City. Large number were vaccinated at the Municipal Offices under special arrangements which had to be repeated. A temporary Vaccination Station was opened at the Ladies' Gymkhana, Malabar Hill, whose Honorary Secretary was kind enough to place the "verandah" at our disposal for vaccination work, daily for about two hours in the morning from 4th April to 9th May: residents on the Hill and thereabout were thus offered great facilities which were appreciated. As in the second quarter of 1909, malarial fever occasioned 42 deaths in the period under review, being 22 less than in the preceding quarter. Anti-malarial measures were continued during the quarter, premises were visited, wells, tanks, cisterns, etc., examined, and wherever mosquitoes were found breeding in wells letters were addressed to parties to remedy the situation, with the result that 58 wells were covered and 24 filled in. In accordance with the orders of the Standing Committee 118 wells were reported to them as being "the most objectionable case," out of which 15 wells were visited and inspected by the Sub-Committee, who recommended 7 of them to be hermetically sealed or filled up; and these are under action; lists of remaining cases have been returned to this Department to ascertain the objections, if any, of the owners to comply with the requisitions of this Department. The total number of rats collected during the quarter exceeded the number for the corresponding period of the last year (92,110) by 18,554; out of 1,10 664 rats collected and sent to Parel Laboratory 27,574 dead rats were examined. Deaths.—The number of deaths registered from all causes during the quarter was 9.496, being 236 more than in the past quarter but 644 less than in the corresponding quarter of the last year. Of the total number of deaths, 3,925 were of persons born in Bombay, 5,163 of those born out of it and 408 were of those whose place of birth could not be traced.

Plague.—From plague 3.030 deaths were registered, being 956 more than in the previous quarter, but 911 less than in the same period of the last year. The attacks from plague during the quarter were 2,255.

Small-pox.—Small-pox is responsible for 452 deaths, being 71 less than in the preceding quarter, but 267 more than in the same quarter of the past year. The number of small-pox attacks during the quarter was 622.

Measles.—To measles 45 deaths were referred, being 17 more than in the last quarter and 10 more than in the corresponding period of the previous year.

Fevers.—Fevers caused 695 deaths, being 52 less than in the past quarter and 5 less than in the same quarter of the preceding year. Of these, 612 deaths were ascribed to ague and remittent fever and simple continued fever, being 23 less than in the previous quarter, but 26 more than in the corresponding period of the last year.

Cholera.—Cholera occasioned 8 deaths, being 4 less than in the past quarter and 278 less than in the same quarter of the preceding year. 9 attacks from cholera were registered during the quarter.

Leprosy.—10 deaths were referred to leprosy, being 8 less than in the previous quarter and 11 less than in the corresponding quarter of the last year. 2 of these deaths were registered in the Khetwadi and 8 in the Sion Section.

Hydrophobia.—From hydrophobia 2 deaths were registered during the quarter, against 1 in the previous quarter and 2 in the corresponding quarter of 1909.

Cancer.—12 deaths were attributed to cancer, being 4 less than in the last quarter, but 1 more than in the second quarter of the previous year.

Phthisis.—557 deaths due to phthisis were registered during the quarter, being 66 less than in the corresponding period of the preceding year.

Accidents and Violence.—Deaths due to accidents and violence numbered 175, being 7 less than in the last quarter, but 21 more than in the last quarter, but 21 more than in the corresponding quarter of the previous year. Of these, 9 deaths were due to the effects of poisoning, being 3 less than in the preceding quarter, but 2 more than in the corresponding period of the past year; 4 were suicidal, 4 accidental and 1 from snakebite.

Deaths amongst children under 5 years numbered 3,028 as against 2,981 in the preceding quarter and 2,802 in the corresponding quarter of the previous year.

During the quarter, 12,168 visits were paid to houses, chawls and huts by the visiting nurses working under the Registrars, and they inquired into 1,632 cases of ordinary sickness, 510 cases of infectious diseases, 902 deaths amongst the female population of the City. They also attended 158 confinements and ascertained 1,861 births.

TRAM SHELTERS.

The Standing Committee of the Bombay Municipal Corporation will discuss at its meeting to-day a letter from the Commissioner, in the course of which he states:—"The Managing Engineer, Bombay Electric Supply and Tramways Co. has now written, objecting to the rent proposed, viz. Rs. 10 per month being charged in respect of the ground occupied by the shelter. I have the honour to state that I have sanctioned a nominal rent of Re. 1 per annum being charged subject to the condition that the shelter be removed within one month of the receipt of a notice from the Commissioner for its removal without claiming any compensation and have the honour to report the matter for the information of the Standing Committee."

The Managing Engineer, Bombay Electric Supply and Tramways Co., Ld., in the course of a letter to the Executive Engineer, Municipality, says: "I shall be glad if you will kindly ask the Commissioner to reconsider his stipulation as regards rent. The shelter is entirely for the benefit of the public and it we are to be penalised in our efforts to provide for its comfort and convenience we cannot continue to do so. The principle of our paying rental for Starters Chowkies is right enough as they are conveniences for my Company's benefit but in the present case, to charge a rental for the space occupied by a public shelter is not, I venture to urge, in the public interest as it will naturally have the effect of deterring us from making any further provision of this nature."

INTERMARRIAGE BETWEEN PALSE AND DESHASTA BRAHMANS.

An intermarriage has taken place in Bombay between a Palse or Palsikar Brahman, and a Deshasta bride. After the ceremony, the bride's father repudiated the marriage. He filed a suit in the High Court for cheating him as to the actual caste of his son-in-law, but after due deliberation the British Court held that the marriage is legal.

The Palses claim to be Deshasthas, but they are considered degraded, because it is alleged that they eat fish and they served as priests in the Royal House of Raja Bimb of Salsette who was a Koli or a Sudra of some denomination. They were much persecuted by the Peshwa Brahmans or Konkanashas alias Chit-pavanas, during their palmy days, along with Prabhus, Shenvis, Sonars, and others. They wear the sacred thread, act as priests in certain houses, and are accepted as Brahmans of a lapsed sort. A large number of Brahman sects have their origin in the creation of a sacerdotal class to compete with the numerically strong Buddhists—(1), by Shankar-Acharya, and his followers; (2) by self elevated Hindu Rajas who wanted priests in spite of the unwillingness of the accepted Brahmans to officiate in their houses; and (3) by evolution of a mixed class of Brahmans from intermarriages between different tribal sects of priests. The lapsed Brahmans are those who are considered by public opinion to have lost their high position by officiating as priests in the houses of Shudras beyond the line of demarcation. The Palses belong to this class. The disputed Brahmans are those who style themselves as such but whose claims have not been accepted by public opinion. Among the Kshatryas, the initiated Kshatryas are those who—through force of circumstances—may or may not have enabled themselves to retain arms, are still, like the Prabhus, found wearing the sared thread, invariably performing the sandhya, including the "Gayatri mantra," and taking no cooked food until they have bathed, recited the "mantras," and offerred the daily oblation. The elevated Kshatryas are the descendents of a comparatively modern or historical (as distinguished from mythological) dominant race, who have raised themselves to a high position and who have to a certain extent been like the Maratha chiefs accepted to be higher than the Saudras, but are not included in the phrase "Pandhar-pesha." It is not necessary for them to wear without reproach the sacred thread, nor to bathe and offer the daily oblation before partaking of cooked food. They are allowed to get themselves shaved even after taking such food, while no permanently initiated Brahman or Kshatrya can have a shave after meals. A Kshatrya has also to bathe after a shave without defiling by touch any sacred things, such as washed clothes, food, offerings for deities, &c. Degraded Kshatryas are those who have married into lower or Kunbi and other families; and disputed Kshatryas are those who never were dominant, but who have advanced their claim based on pecuniary considerations and have sometimes married into higher families but have not been accepted even by that section who through poverty stooped to form matrimonial alliances with them. Of the Vaishyas the first division, corresponds with that of the first among the Kshatriyas, but the second division has its origin in the mixture of races arising from similarity of profession, the 'high' or 'low' position of the trade in which they are engaged. The degraded Vaishyas form a conglomerate unit which has lost its position in the estimation of their countrymen, by following objectionable trades or handicrafts, or by unauthorized intermarriage lost the esteem of their castemen. In the first division thus formulated, a place has to be assigned to the ascetics, mendicants, and religious orders formed out of the twice-born castes. They are considered somewhat sacred, and in some cases adered, but their social position has suffered owing to the (1) freedom with which they take their food, (2) the difficulty of identification, (3) the possibility of contact with low class devotees, and the (4) possibility of members of the lower castes passing for devotees of the higher castes without fear of detection.

Of the second or non-Dwija division it must be said that it includes (1) priests, though not Brahmans, (2) Warriors, though not Kshatriyas (3) Traders and artisans, though not Vaishyas, (4) Kunbis or Shudras, though not necessarily menials, (5) Satshudras or elevated Shudras who have improved their status by following honourable vocations, and acquiring wealth, (6) Degraded Shudras who have by following disreputable professions lost their position, (7) Elevated Shudras who have by accepting Brahmanical faith raised themselves higher than the animistics in the opinion of the Hindu population, and (8) mixed castes who by open violation of matrimonial restrictions married among allied or lower races and formed separate communities.

The "Ati-Shudras" are animistics and untouchables. The standard of purity of descent need not be examined in this place, but it must be explained that India may be divided into two parts (1) the mainland and the (2) peninsula as to the standard of food. In the mainland, many Brahmans will take certain kinds of food as well as water from other selected castes; but in the penninsula, a Brahman of one tribe will not accept food from even a Brahman of another tribe. He may condescend to take water, if he is sure that the Brahman who offers it does not touch animal food. If he does, like the Palses and Shenvis of Bombay, his water shall never be accepted, although he may claim to be the Raj-guru or Royal Preseptor of an extinct Ruling House. The line of isolation is very distinct. In the mainland, the barber takes a conspicuous part in marriage and other household ceremonies; but in the south of the Vindhia range, his touch after a bath and before the meals cannot be tolerated. The sacred cloth is not absolutely necessary in the main land, and, if it is worn, it is not polluted by a touch of the carpets and bedding in the house. In the peninsula, however, it has to be changed if so polluted. The great mark of distinction, common perhaps to the whole of the ancient Dwija race, is the total absence of smiths, "dhobis" and barbers among them. There is no Brahman copper-smith, no Brahman "dhobi," no Prabhu-barber in existence like the Khatri-barber, the Rabbari mochi, or Vanjara Dhobi. Those who wear the sacred thread without remission and die with it have not got any such subcastes in their folds. If any members of their castes have in prehistoric days accepted such professions, they have lost their caste once for all and have ceased to be Brahmans, or Prabhus or Lad-Vanis. But to this rule there is an exception. It consists in the adoption of European professions, such as Engineering, Painting, Wood-engraving, Printing, Watch-making or repairing, Shoe-keeping, etc. Western civilization has wrought that change. No one loses his caste by accepting a profession introduced by the Europeans after the establishment of the British Rule, but if any one were to become a barber, out he goes. In the midst of this cobweb of social strata in India, we congratulate the Palse Brahamans for their return to the original stock of Deshasth Brahmans. It is a sign of the times, that subcastes are getting, or trying to get merged.

B. A. G.

THE S.-V.-R. PEN.
(Suaviter.)

Does not scratch or break. It retains its golden colour and does not corrode in hot moist climates. It forms the letters neatly so as to give character to one's handwriting. Ladies like it because it writes smooth as velvet.

6 Annas per box.

Sold by Stationers and Dealers and by A. H. WHEELER & Co., Bombay and Allahabad.

A Monster Devil Fish

Destroying its victim is a type of Rheumatism. To be overpowered by this terrible disease, crippled helpless, bed-ridden, is to-day the fate of hundreds of sufferers. For but few diseases are so many remedies recommended as for Rheumatism, but among them none is so efficient as Little's Oriental Balm. It has proved its wonderful curative power in thousand of hopeless cases. Cures by this remedy have been recorded in cases of more than 10 years' standing. Don't waste time, money, and health on useles, drug store salves, ointments, pills, and other failures, but go to your nearest Chemist and purchase a bottle of this wonderful remedy and let the result speak for itself. Sold at Re. 1 per bottle. Of all Chemists and Medicine Vendors.

DEPORTEES FROM SOUTH AFRICA.

Passive Resisters for Bombay.

Twenty-six passive resisters, who were deported to India by the Transvaal Government in April last returned to Durban on Monday by the s. s. "Præsident," says "Indian Opinion" of June 18th. A party of sixty was deported to India and arrived at Bombay on May 6th. Twenty-six of them sailed again for Natal on the 10th to May. On arrival of the ship at Durban, thirteen were allowed to land, four Kimberley men were sent on to East London, and the remaining nine were picked off back again to India by the "President." Those who were allowed to land by the Immigration Restriction Officer were Messrs. David Marian, Albert Veeraswamy, David Marimuthoo, Govindaswamy Pillay, Mottu Naidoo, Eliex Nagappa, Samuel Francis, John Edward, A. Manikum, Veeraswamy Kambodi, Harry Singh Vardharajaloo, and Moonsamy Ellari, the last named being allowed to come off the boat half-an-hour before sailing, his "bonafides" having been proved. Messrs. Govindsamy Pillay, Gunputty Pillay, K. C. Pillay, and Govindsamy Moothoo were sent to East London to prove their domicile at Kimberley. The following Natal-born Indians were sent back to India:—Messrs. Moonsamy Paul, Kathia Ramsamy, Joe Chinna, Laitchman Moorgan, Moonsamy Sinna, Samy Dhobie, Moonsamy Onelan, and Willy Lazarus. Mr. Govindsamy Chetty, who was also sent back, was born in India but has a free pass for Natal. He had lately resided in the Transvaal.

The passive resisters appear to have had rather a rough time on the return journey. After leaving Zanzibar, for some reason or other not known to them, they were not allowed on deck but were kept in the hold and had for their companions the wild beasts of Pagel's Circus. The atmosphere, it may be easily imagined, was not quite savoury. Nor was this the only hardship they had to undergo on the voyage.

About 1,500 Indians assembled at the Point on Sunday afternoon expecting the arrival of the "Præsident," but she did not come in until Monday morning. Amongst the crowd were Messrs. Dawad Mahomed, Parsee Rustomjee, Ismail Gora, P. K. Naidoo, J. B. Mehta, P. V. Sanghavee, T. M. Naicker, and other leaders of the various societies in Durban. On Monday, there were again several hundreds at the Point. While the passengers were being examined on the steamer, Mr. Lutchman Panday went round and made a collection from friends on the wharf and bought food to send to the poor men on board who were badly in want of a good meal. When the twelve men landed, they were taken in hand by Mr. Ismail Gora who kindly undertook to provide them with food and lodgings during their stay in Durban. They were taken to his house and entertained.

Mr. P. K. Naidoo who, as our readers are aware, has recently come out of Diepkloof gaol, gave evidence of his resourcefulness and courage. On Tuesday morning, after receiving a message from Johannesburg and taking a hurried farewell of his family, he joined the steamer which was leaving for India with the passive resisters. His intention is to look after their comfort and generally to advise and help them.

Every effort was made by the Congress leaders in Durban to land the passive resisters, but the Immigration Restriction Officer refused the deposits of £100 per man, saying that he had instructions from Pretoria that the men had refused to give identification particulars before deportation and that they should not be allowed to land But, before this decision was come to Messrs. Dawad Mahomed and Parsee Rustomjee were given to understand that, on a deposit of £10 per man being made, every man would be allowed to land, and afterward prove his domicile in Natal. This was about twelve o'clock on Monday. At five o'clock or after Mr. Smith, the I. R. Officer, changed his front and demanded definite proofs or he could not allow them off the ship. It was evident that he had received instructions from Pretoria. Mr. Laughton, K.C., was approached and offered to do what he could, although it was already about 8 p. m. After chasing round the town, from the Club to Mr. Smith's residence, from there to his office, and back again to the house and Club, he at last found him at the latter place, only to be told that no guarantee could be accepted, no matter how large.

The "Præsident" sailed for Bombay, with the passive resisters on board at 10-30 on Tuesday morning.

The "Natal Mercury" states that "through the activity of an organisation known, it understood, as the Indian Congress, 26 of these people were intercepted by a South African Asiatic Agent—an Indian named Polak, (!) for some time well known in Natal in connection with the Asiatic movement—and induced to return."

Our contemporary goes on to say: The "Præsident" brought in all 121 Indians for South Africa, all of them, including the 26 above referred to, having shipped from Bombay. Of these 40 sought admission into Natal, and 32 of their number, being supplied with the necessary evidence of their domiciliary rights here, were admitted, the remaining eight being rejected, and were taken away by the steamer when she sailed on Tuesday morning. Eighteen of the immigrants produced permits to enter the Transvaal, and were allowed to proceed, while 25 transhipped to the "Windhuk" and were conveyed to the Cape ports—principally Capetown. Twelve of the "Præsident's complement were Indians who were restricted from landing by the immigration officials last week, and were returning to India. They left by the "Prinzregent" on the 9th instant, but as that vessel is going to Europe, instead of to India they had to join the "Præsident" and came back to Durban with her in order to be carried on.

BOMB OUTRAGE IN GERMANY.

Municipal Offices Blown Up.

A crime of extraordinary audacity was perpetrated at Friedberg, a town in central Germany, writes a Berlin correspondent on June 23, but ended disastrously for the robber who planned and executed it. At five o'clock in the afternoon inhabitants were startled by an explosion at the headquarters of the municipality, which comprise the offices of the mayor and other borough authorities. The building was seriously damaged, the main staircase being destroyed, the roof blown off, and all the windows shattered by the shock. All the houses in the vicinity rocked, and every window pane within a mile was broken. A general panic ensued, and the townspeople rushed headlong to the partially-destroyed seat of municipal government, the police, of course, being foremost. During the universal confusion which ensued a masked man appeared at the Friedberg branch of the Imperial Bank of Germany and shot the manager, Herr Meyer, who, as it was just before closing time happened to be alone in the office. Herr Meyer, received a dangerous wound which may prove fatal. The masked brigand proceeded to rob the safes which were standing open and opened those which were closed with keys taken from Herr Meyer. Having secured his plunder the robber was making off when the alarm was raised and the chase began. He had a bicycle, but the police promptly obtained a motor car and pursued him.

Slowly the police motor car gained on the fugitive's bicycle, until finally he perceived that escape was impossible. He dismounted just as his pursuers thought they could seize him, and, drawing a revolver shot himself through the neck, inflicting a serious wound. The police conveyed him to the local hospital, where he lies in a precarious condition. He was identified as a chauffeur named Borgheim, who was employed to drive a motor car belonging to a wealthy resident of Halle. The sum of £250, which had been taken from the Imperial Bank of Germany, was found in his pockets. The police investigations have not yet shown whether Borgheim had an accomplice, but he appears to have planned and carried out the scheme unaided, first blowing up the municipal offices and then cycling to the bank. There is a police station in the municipal building, and Borgheim's attack there was doubtless primarily intended to destroy the police, so that he could escape after robbing the bank. This portion of his plan failed as that part of the building occupied by the police remained undamaged. The mayor and several municipal officials were injured, and it is almost miraculous that no deaths were caused by the explosion, which wrecked a considerable portion of the building.

THE POPPY IN SZECHUAN.

A correspondent of the "North-China Herald" writing from Chungking, says:—

Reports of great diminution in the quantity of opium under cultivation this year have been so wonderfully favourable, that I am sure there is need to correct a tendency to suppose that extirpation is all but an accomplished fact.

It is a well-attested fact that in Eastern Szechuan there is still a considerable cultivation and trade in the poppy. The cultivation is, of course, not in conspicuous situations, but mostly away from high roads. In one country, Fouchou, and that one of the largest, if not the largest, in the province, an observant traveller would scarcely believe that prohibition is the declared policy of the Government. There is an exception in this case to the secrecy. On the hilly banks of the Upper Yangtze, I saw a month ago in this one county eight-tenths of the cultivated slopes filled with the poppy just coming into bloom (latter part of April). There was little attempt at secrecy. From one end of this large county to the other, about seventy miles, the poppy is this year spoiling the crops of maize, beans, peas, wheat and other cereals; and what is worse, the poppy is again limiting the cultivation of the Chinese staff of life—rice—so that rice is dearer than ever.

As far as the eye could reach from a boat in the middle of the bread river the poppy was the one conspicuous feature of the hill sides, I could scarcely believe my own eyesight, and was only convinced when I went ashore and made a closer inspection of the fields and conversed with the people.

This open defiance of the prohibitory edict has, I presume, been kept from the knowledge of the Viceroy in Chengtu, whose seat of administration is four hundred miles distant from Fouchou city. But this rebellious attitude has not been kept a secret from the Taotai residing in Chungking. He was made aware of the facts at the end of last year, and went himself with some soldiers in the steamer Shutung to "exhort the gentry and people of Fouchou to abandon their rebellious attitude." He fined the Chou official ten thousand taels and deposed him. I hear that this fine will be banked as a loan fund to help the farmers through with their losses, at a rate of interest undefined.

The taotai also took guarantees from the local gentry that all the poppy crops not destroyed by the soldiers should be rooted up by their (the gentry's) orders.

What really was done was this. On hearing of the purpose of the Taotai and his soldiers the farmers covered the poppy sprouts with earth. The soldiers visited a few farms near the city, and discovered very little sign of poppy. Where any was showing they cut off the tops, but took care not to cut so low as to kill the plant. Probably they also took guarantees (!) or fines (!)

After a few days the Taotai and his soldiers returned to Chungking. Surely such drastic measures would turn rebels into good and obedient subjects! Or is the whole business no more than Comic Opera?

When they were at a safe distance the farmers hastened to uncover their buried treasure, and assiduously encouraged the sickly and injured plants in hope still to make them profitable. But they did not stop there. They planted additional late crops in fields which had been prepared for maize. The net result then of the Taotai's visit was, a pocketful of fines and guarantees for some one, and a greatly augmented poppy cultivation. But we have not done with Comic Opera yet. The new Chou official put out a very correct and orthodox proclamation that poppy was prohibited and then called a conference of the heads of Twan. To them he laid down the law. He would make a personal inspection during the fourth moon, and if he found any poppy he would confiscate the farmer's land and have the farmer beaten. Dear man, he knew quite well that by the date stipulated all the poppy crops of the present year, even including the late ones sown after the Taotai's visit, would be harvested and out of sight.

Of course the poppy crops are poor. Burying the plants for two or three weeks in January; cutting off the tops of the plants not buried lack of sunshine and the ingenious trick of planting alternate rows of peas and poppy, or beans and poppy, or wheat and poppy, so that the bloom should be hidden from distant view all militated against a prolific result.

But with prices varying from five to ten times what used to prevail, even poor crops are good enough this year to make fortunes with.

Is it fanciful to say that, with eight-tenths of the fields growing poppy in a county seventy miles from boundary to boundary, such criminal slackness on the part of the officials will breed trouble for next season?

Fouchou rich and immune, why should not a hundred other counties, when they realize the impunity in this case, disregard the prohibitory edict and next November sow the seeds of a profitable harvest? Rebellion pays when mandarins are disloyal.

Those interested in this now criminal trade have won through and have gained this year even more than they expected. And they are in high hopes of finding a way through next year. This is clearly shown by the rise in the value of property in Fouchou since last December. I had large houses and premises offered me then at reasonable prices. In April these same premises were either not in the market or had doubled their purchase price.

Whatever faith other counties may have in the prohibition policy, Fouchou is at present unconvinced. And adjoining counties are actually preparing to disobey in the autumn by purchasing seed now from the farmers of Fouchou county.

BOMBAY SANITARY ASSOCIATION.

The Honorary Secretary, Bombay, Sanitary Association, has addressed a letter to the Bombay Municipal Corporation applying for a contribution of Rs. 1,500 towards the cost of opening a Sanitary Library and Museum and for an annual grant of Rs. 1,500 towards the expenses of the Association.

The Commissioner in the course of a letter to the Standing Committee remarks:—"This Association is doing work of great usefulness and value. Its work in different branches affects classes so different as the large employers of labour, and the poorest inhabitants of chawls, and it may be said to be fully complimentary to the labours of the Health Department to maintain and inculcate cleanliness among the population in the more crowded portions of the City. The small cost at which it is run is due to the self-sacrificing labour of several of its members, and more especially of the Health Officer and of Dr. Naik Dandekar. Such Associations are commonly found in connection with Municipal life in European countries and their existence is admitted to be entirely beneficial. The request of the Association for the recognition and assistance of the Corporation, to be shown by an annual grant of Rs. 1,500 is unreasonable. The usefulness of such a body must depend largely on having a portion of its revenue fixed, as the income from subscriptions must naturally fluctuate with the amount of public interest taken in it. I accordingly recommended that the provision may be made in the next Budget for this sum. The request for a grant towards a Library and Museum stands upon quite the same footing. Though these would doubtless be useful both to members of the Association and to the students whom the Association desires to educate in sanitary matters, their provision is more properly in the sphere of private munificence, and that failing a generous donor, a library could be built up by small donations of books and money."

THE invention of an entirely new system of submarine and wireless telegraphy by Mr. Hans Knudsen, the well-known Danish inventor, is likely to have effects of world-wide importance, bringing the cost of cablegrams down to a very low rate. Applicable to existing lines and wireless systems, without in the former case affecting the wires, the invention quadruples the speed at which messages may be sent to any part of the world, and by so augmenting the present capacity of cables will make it possible, says the "Daily Mail," to send messages to any part of the world at one-third the present paying rates. The invention is simplicity itself. The slow Morse code is dropped, and the messages are transmitted in longhand, the operator merely pressing the lettered keys of a keyboard. At the other end the message is automatically printed by a typewriting machine, so that anyone who can read may act as cable operator or receiver.

THE LADIES' CORNER.

HALF-MOURNING POINTS.

One advantage of a half-mourning season, writes a London correspondent, is that there is none of the sometimes plainful clashing of colours. There is nothing uglier than a vermillion near a crimson red skirt, unless it is a combination of royal blue and Prussian blue or the alliance of purple with scarlet in dresses. These will be perforce avoided but, there will be some ill-advised people who will persist in making neutral shades of the same colour fight one another, and by a bad matching of trimmings achieve a most disappointing result. I know of grey hat trimmed with great tulle and grey feathers which is painful to look at, although the description of it seems to indicate a very harmonious ensemble; the crinoline shape is mole grey, the tulle mauve grey, and the feathers dove grey. No comment is necessary.

MATCHING.

This year the matching is perfect in mauve, grey, and cream shades, for although the period of mourning will soon end, vivid colours will not be worn by elegant people. For a slender, girlish figure, the afternoon frock is extremely pretty. It may be carried out in quite a variety of materials, and without changing the pattern different results may easily be obtained. Say one frock is made of viola coloured crepelle, with a high hem of cloth, an insertion of Cluny lace, dyed "viola," and veiled with chiffon of exactly the same shade, belted with deep violet Liberty satin, finished with a tucker of white net; worn with a violet straw hat, draped with "viola" ribbons, with long, flowing ends, and a big bunch of white roses—the ensemble will be delightful for a fair as well as for a dark girl. The same idea may also be carried out with cream liberty satin for the hem, venetian or blonde lace insertion, veiling of cream voice ninon, black belt, cut crystal buttons, all cream hat, lined with black—there is a charming bridesmaid gown. Another combination is that of a flowered cretonne gown, with an insertion of torchon lace, veiled with mousseline de soie of the colour of the printed flowers.

THE CRETONNE DRESS.

This would be very novel, for last year Paris launched the cretonne trimmings, pipings, pockets, parements; but it is only this year that the whole cretonne dress has been tried. It is really very pretty, and has a quaint, old world-look. One can quite picture a girl in the old-fashioned garden of an English mansion wearing a cretonne gown, for the notion of the cretonne costume in the country is quite acceptable, but it seems rather out of place in London. Another thing one does not like is the silk veilings with cotton materials; it may be fashionable, it is none the less incongruous. The veiling is a means of obtaining delightful effects, but one may have too much of a good thing.

AERONAUTICS.

Height "Record."

A Reuter telegram from Indianapolis, dated June 18, states that Mr. Brookins has attained a height of 4,503 feet which constitutes a world's record.

FLYING MAN KILLED.

Herr Robl, a German aviator, was killed, says an Exchange telegram from Berlin, at Stettin on June 18. According to the latest advice the public was largely responsible for his death. A number of airmen who were participating in the Stettin meeting refused to fly on account of the bad weather conditions. The public began to hiss and jeer and to call loudly for Herr Robl, who was a great favourite. Herr Robl, against the advice of the authorities, essayed a flight in his Farman biplane, and flew beautifully for a short time to the accompaniment of tumultuous cheers from the spectators. Suddenly the machine dropped like a stone to the ground. The pilot was killed instantly.

THE FIRST PASSENGER AIRSHIP.

The passenger airship L.Z. VII., with which passenger trips are to be made from Dusseldorf, arrived there soon after noon on June 22 from Friedrichshafen. The voyage, which was by way of Stuttgart and the valley of the Rhine, was performed without mishap in a little over nine hours. The total distance is between 400 and 450 kilometres. Including Count Zeppelin, who was in command of the airship, there were thirteen persons on board. The L.Z. VII. will shortly be renamed Deutschland. The success of the maiden flight of the first passenger airship has given great satisfaction in Germany and should do much to rehabilitate the credit of the rigid frame type of dirigible, which has suffered severely as the result of the recent repeated accidents which have overtaken the Zeppelin airships. The flight of a little over 300 miles was accomplished in nine hours and a quarter without a hitch, though the weather at the start was not altogether favourable.

Mr. S. F. Cody, the well-known airman, met with a serious accident on June 23 while making an experimental flight with a new machine of his own design and construction at Aldershot. After making two circuits of Laffan's Plain at a high rate of speed in a strong wind Mr. Cody was apparently attempting to effect a landing when the machine collapsed and came down with a crash. It was wrecked, and Mr. Cody sustained serious injuries, and was removed to his home unconscious.

THE CITY MORTALITY.

THE Municipal Office returns for the twenty-four hours, ending at 6 a. m. yesterday, give the following results:—

Wards.	Plague. Attacks.	Plague. Deaths.	Total deaths from all causes.
A Upper, Middle and Lower Colaba, Fort Northern, Fort Southern and Esplanade	1	0	6
B Mandvi, Chukla, Oomerkhadi and Dongri	0	0	14
C Market Dhobi Talao, Fanaswady, Bhuleshwar, Khara Talao, and Kumbharwada	5	2	24
D Khetwadi, Girgaum, Chowpati, Walkeshwar, and Mahaluxmi	0	0	5
E Mazagon, Tarwadi, 2nd Nagpada, Kamatipura, Tardeo, Byculla and 1st Nagpada	3	1	10
F Parel, Sewree and Sion	0	0	5
G Mahim and Worli	1	2	11
Harbour	0	0	0
Hospital	0	2	12
Total	10	7	87
This day last year	5	4	73

THE RAT CAMPAIGN.

July 12th 1910.

Ward.	Alive.	Dead	Found Infected.
A	27	35	3
B	106	48	4
B	79	76	5
C	83	38	7
D	73	17	1
E	81	47	6
E	71	3	0
F	41	3	0
G	37	0	0
Total	598	269	25
Total killed to date rats	...	...	867

"PAISLEY FLOUR"
(Trade Mark)

—the *sure* raising powder—2ozs. of it will raise 1 lb. of flour. Give home baking with 'Paisley Flour' a trial to-day. You are sure of three things—freshness, digestibility ('Paisley Flour' cakes are always light), and less cost.

Mix one part to eight parts of ordinary flour dry before adding the other ingredients.

"Paisley Flour" is made by Brown and Polson, and sold in tins containing many useful recipes.

CRUEL CASE OF WEEPING ECZEMA

Suffered So Terribly She Could Neither Work nor Sleep—Her Poor Hands were Perfectly Raw—Baby had Skin Trouble, Too.

MOTHER AND CHILD CURED BY CUTICURA



"I was for eight months the victim of terrible suffering from eczema. My hands were like raw beef and I was told that my complaint was weeping eczema. I had it more or less all over my body as well as on my face and it gave me so much suffering that I could neither work nor sleep. The chemist gave me a prepared powder and told me to bathe my hands in water and dust them with the powder. But this did me no good. It seemed rather to chap my hands more, so I went to see a doctor. He gave me some medicine and told me that I might not be rid of the disease for two years. I became fairly downhearted. The disease gradually grew worse and eventually I was unable to attend to any of my domestic duties.

"After a lapse of several months I happened to go to the house of a neighbour's sister, whose little boy had had ringworm and was cured, I was told, by Cuticura. I was recommended to try it myself and when I got home I persuaded my husband to send for a set of the Cuticura Remedies. Their use had immediate effect, my skin peeled, and new flesh formed within a week. It is glorious to be once more able to get about and attend to my domestic duties. I am quite cured and it is Cuticura alone that has cured me. I also found Cuticura a positive remedy for another form of skin trouble, known commonly as 'heat bumps,' from which my infant child was then suffering. I applied the Cuticura Ointment and in the course of a few days the 'bumps' entirely disappeared. Mrs. A. Holton, The Grove, nr. Wantage, Berks., England, Aug. 30, 1909."

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BOOKS AND BOOKMEN.

The question not infrequently arises in conversation what exact value is to be attached to the simile in Kipling's well-known line, "The dawn comes up like thunder outer China crost the Bay." It may, for one thing, be a rough way of expressing the suddenness of dawn in those countries where the interchange of light and darkness is so rapid as to admit no period of twilight. On the other hand, the image may be treated as visual, and one meets people who feel that their conception of a grey dawn is enriched by being associated with the glooms and pallors shed upon the wrack by the "disastrous light" of impending storm. As a third alternative, the simile may refer to the sound of thunder, and Kipling may have put into the mouth of Tommy Atkins some "myth or superstition of the country" which connected the rising of the sun with a thunderous noise. As a parallel passage the following verse from Francis Thompson's "The Mistress of Vision," may be quoted :—

Eat, ah, east of Himalay,
Dwell the nations underground;
Hiding from the shock of Day,
For the sun's uprising sound:
Dare not issue from the ground
At the tumults of the Day,
So fearfully the sun doth sound
Clanging up beyond Cathay;
For the great earthquaking sunrise
rolling up beyond Cathay.

This verse, the writer conceives, may possibly be simply Thompson's development of Kipling's suggestion.

JOHN DE PLANO CARPINI.

Now, the poem from which this verse is taken—it is the poem of the 1897 volume—shows unmistakable signs that Thompson, before writing it, had been steeping his imagination in the works of ancient travellers in the East, such as Marco Polo or Sir John Maundeville. Among those travellers was one John de Plano Carpini, who claims to have been sent on a mission to the Tartars by Innocent IV., and who came back with a Budget of stories which must have made his Holiness feel that he had got the worth of his money, and which even in this year of grace are of a sort to make a lover of the marvellous chortle with joy. One of them tells how Genghis, Cham of Tartary, marched his men through the "Caspian mountains" until they came to a place where, although the fields and roads were in perfect order, there was no sign of men or habitation. To his alarm the Cham presently found that the natives dwelt underground, for "by bliade and hidden passages under the earth, assembling themselves, they came against the Tartars in warlike manner, and, suddenly issuing forth, they slew a great number of them." Moreover he had to encounter a more formidable and more unexpected enemy. This was the sound the sun made as it rose. His men "were not able to endure the terrible noise which in that place the sunne made at his uprising; for at the time of the sunne rising they were inforced to lay one care upon the ground and to stoppe the other eare least they should heare that dreadfull sound. Neither could they so escape, for by this means many of them were destroyed." The Cham had no choice but to retreat, but he took with him two natives who gave him what information he desired about the region. "Being demaunded why men of their country doe inhabit under the ground, they sayd that at a certeyne time of the yeare, when the sunne riseth, there is such an huge noyes that the people cannot endure it. Moreover they use to play upon cymbals, drums, and other musicall instruments, to the ende they may not heare that sounde." Here, then, and not in Kipling, is Thompson's source. That it is also Kipling's source is improbable. Kipling would not have ascribed to Tommy Atkins so recondite an allusion—an allusion not to a "myth or superstition of the country," but to a forgotten legend gathering dust in ancient libraries. In all probability he was thinking of the suddenness of tropical sunrise or of the mysterious lights of the grey dawn preceding it.

"BLUNDERS AND PENQUAKES."

Mr. De Morgan's article on "Blunders and Penquakes," taken along with the postscript to his last book, confirms a reader in the impression that to the make-up of an excellent novelist there has gone all the equipment necessary to constitute a charming essayist of the "familiar" sort. His wit can make little things interesting, his style flows glittering like a brook, and a certain charm of personality which shines through all that he writes makes it an added pleasure to the reader when he talks of himself. Thus in the article in question he gives us an interesting account of an access of "map fever" which seized him when a boy. He would pore over maps for hours together losing himself in wonderful forests crossing perilous mountain ranges, and constructing in his own fancy towns to correspond to the names set down. It is an experience which most people who have developed intellectual interests have at one time shared in. But the point is that it is not only in boyhood that this sort of enjoyment can be indulged in. Indeed there come, in later life, times when the contemplation of a map can amuse the imagination when the usual means of doing so fail. It is when he mind for the moment is at one and the same time fatigued and restless, desiring to be entertained but incapable of the concentration necessary to entertain itself by following the thread of a narrative or the argument of a discourse. For one thing it is pleasant to the eye. It is too rigid to have the graceful charm of a picture, but some of the map-makers of to-day exercise the most delicate skill in the choice and adjustment of their colours, and one can take the same sort of pleasure in their workmanship that one does in watching the prismatic flake which a ray of sunlight drawing through the crystal stopper of a cruet flings upon the tablecloth. Then the wavy lines along the coast are the mere visibility of the lines of Kingsley,

The current sweeps the old world,
The current sweeps the new,

and one can call up all the wild beauty of strange seas—wonderfully carven canoes, atolls with lagoons magically blue, like some Circæan wine, and islands on whose terraced precipices unknown races have left huge barbaric sculptures. Then the place names may stir the fancy. At one time they may only remind one of the omnipresence throughout the globe of "God's Englishman," but others are associated with tales of martyrdom or mutiny, or strike into the heart a sad thought of "the silent vanished races" which have left no other memorial. This is the literary use of the atlas, and the mind continues to answer to such stimuli long after its jaded faculties would take it amiss to be summoned to follow out a definite line of thought.

REVIEWS AS ADVERTISEMENTS.

It is clear that the American owners of newspapers who debated whether publishers should not be asked to pay for reviews did more than toy with the idea before finally abandoning it as impracticable. The argument in favour of the suggestion is simplicity itself—that to review a book is to advertise it, and that in these days advertisements are too valuable to be given away for nothing. The counter argument, however, is equally simple-that if reviews are useful as advertisements it is because they are interesting as reading matter, so that the newspaper is benefited as well as the publisher. The chief objection to the suggestion, however, is that it stands for a suicidal policy. It is clear that publishers would not pay to have their books disparaged and if all were reviewed favourably, readers, after an experience or two of disillusion, would guess what was going on behind the scenes. They would, accordingly, lose all interest in the reviewing columns, and the latter would become useless as advertisements.

"THE CHEERFUL KNAVE."

It is curious how often the same suggestion seem to strike a number of authors almost simultaneously. There is nothing particularly original in the idea of a young girl rendering herself temporarily unattractive in order to ingratiate herself with the mother of the man she loves, but we found it as the keystone of Mr. Marion Crawford's "The Undesirable Governess" and now we find it again in Mr. Keble Howard's "The Cheerful Knave." In the last-named it is as an amanuensis that Joyce, with no little cleverness, gains an entrance to Castle Bacchus. Lady Bacchus, the mother of the pleasant young peer who has won Joyce's heart, has views on her son's duties, one of them being the importance of his writing a history of the Bacchus family; another the advisability of his marrying his cousin Jane. She also dislikes Americans, and Joyce happens to be a daughter of the Stars and Stripes. However, once she has effected and entrance into Castle Bacchus, Fate, assisted by the Cheerful Knave, plays into Joyce's hands. And she remains triumphant. The Cheerful Knave is a burglar, as one of the incidents in his varied career, and his capture plays and important part in Joyce's love affair. He has a long line of forbears, reaching back to the mediæval jesters, quite unmoral but delightfully witty. Mr. Keble Howard has the genius of the commonplace. he sees humour in all sorts of places, and knows how to utilise it to the greatest advantage. He can give us every variety of farce, but he never loses sight of the human nature underlying, so that his novels always do more than make us laugh; they stir the fringe of our emotion.

BY THE WAY.

NOTABLE TREES AT CLAREMONT.

It is a considerable distinction for a garden to possess the finest specimen in the kingdom of even one kind of tree, but Claremont, the "Kew Bulletin" states, has within its boundaries four or five for which precedence may be claimed over all others of the same species in the British Isles. Claremont, as is generally known, is now the residence of the Duchess of Albany, and it is gratifying to know that her Royal Highness tales a keen interest and pleasure in her trees and their preservation. Some valuable specimens have been promised for the new Museum of British Forestry now in course of formation at Kew.

UNRIVALLED IN GREAT BRITAIN.

Gymnocladus canadensis (Kentucky coffee-tree) is represented by the finest specimen in the British Isles. It is over sixty feet high and its trunk is seven feet in girth. Sassafras officinale, with a trunk girthing 7ft. 2in. and a height of about 50ft., is the only fine specimen in the kingdom. Magnolia macrophylla, whose extraordinary leaves are often 2ft. to 2½ft. long and 9in. or 10in. wide, is 40ft. to 45ft. high and the trunk 2ft. 11in. in girth. This tree is exceedingly rare in Britain, and no other approaches these dimensions. A specimen of Redwood (Sequoia sempervirens) is over 100ft. high and its trunk is 13ft. 7in. in girth, clothed from base to summit with branches and forming a slender pyramid. These four trees, one believes, are unrivalled in the British Isles.

A FAMOUS LIGHTHOUSE KEEPER.

In a lonely lighthouse on a jutting ledge of rock on the coast of Rhode Island Ida Lewis is rounding out fifty-three years of Government service. Although sixty-five years of age, she is still untiring, dauntless, and brave, and in the face of gale and storm she has succeeded in saving no fewer than twenty-three lives. She is a pensioner of the Carnegie hero fund, holds the Government first-class medal for bravery and the American cross of honour. Miss Lewis was made assistant-keeper of the Lime Rock light by Congress in 1879, and succeeded her mother in 1887 as keeper. Her father was also keeper at the time of his death in 1872. The United States awarded her a grand medal in gold for saving two men off the light in a terrible storm on February 4, 1881.

THE ROMANCE OF COBALT.

Some interesting particulars of the silver discoveries at Cobalt, about 300 miles north of Toronto, in the Canadian Highlands are given in ancient number of "Chambers's Journal." They were entirely accidental, and occurred in the spring of 1903. In that year the Government of Ontario was building a railway through Northern Ontario for the purpose of opening up the country. The news of the discovery was generally discredited at first, and Cobalt struggled through the summer of 1904 without any "rush." With the spring of 1905 however, things took on a different appearance and prospecting started in earnest. In that year more prospecting was done than had previously been done at any one time in North America, and in many places veins of solid silver were found on the surface.

A FORTUNATE BLACKSMITH.

The first discovery is credited to Fred La Rose, a working blacksmith, who can neither read nor write, attached to the railway construction gang. It is said he threw a hammer at a rabbit scampering past, and when picking up his hammer had his attention attracted by a white streak on the rock-surface. Two other men, M'Kinlay and Darragh, also discovered mineral about the same time, and proceeded to stake out claims. La Rose took Mr. Martin, the railroad contractor, into his confidence. The latter helped him to stake out his claim, and received in return a half-interest in the property. Shortly afterwards La Rose sold his share to the Timmins Brothers of Ottawa for the paltry sum of 25,000dols. The Timminses and Mr. Martin worked the property together for some time, but eventually converted it into a company and named it La Rose.

THE PRODUCT AND THE PRICE.

In 1905 no less than a million and a half dollars worth of silver was produced. In 1907 the production was four times, as great, while 1908 showed a return of over nine million dollars. The average price of silver in the New York market is fifty-two cents an ounce, and the Cobalt mines can produce the silver at a price varying from eight to ten cents an ounce. Compared with the cost of production in Mexico, where it is thirty-five cents an ounce, it is at once evident how Cobalt silver can dominate the market. In addition to this, the mines in Cobalt possess far readier means of disposal than the Mexican mines having the railway to their door, so to speak. The silver-field is already about a hundred miles long, and so far the limit has not been reached.

OXFORD ARCHITECTURE.

The election of the new Slade Professor has been made the occasion of the issue by Bodley's librarian (Mr. E. W. B. Nicholson) of a pamphlet, in which he adversely criticises the general character of the new buildings erected in the University during the last seventy years. He praises a few of them like the new High-street front of Magdalen, but he declares that, on the whole, the university and college architecture of the period is, "something of a failure or of a sham, or of an eyesore—and perhaps of all three at once." He particularly attacks the Indian Institute and the new Radcliffe Library. As to old buildings, he declares that the babarities the Bodlian block has suffered are "almost in credible." He looks to the new Slade Professor to inaugurate a better era, and he advocates the appointment of a consulting architecture to the University, a Professor of architecture or an architectural board —" or perhaps all three of these."

KING GEORGE AND TENNIS.

King George, who has become a patron of the All-England Lawn-Tennis and Croquet Club, was, in his younger days, a very keen and clever player of the former game, at which he was more than a match for any other Royal player, with the exception of the late Prince Christian Victor. It was, however, at the older game of tennis, beloved of many of his kingly predecessors, from Henry VIII. downward, that his Majesty especially excelled. Mr. Alfred White, the well-known professional player, who initiated so many Royalties into the mysteries of tennis (including King Edward himself, considered Prince George the most promising of all his pupils.

GOLDWIN SMITH'S ESTATE.

It is said that Goldwin Smith has left about £200,000. When he went to Toronto nearly forty years ago he deposited a large sum in the banks, and he has been fortunate in his investments. But he did his best to help those who were helping themselves. Especially he helped people in moderate circumstances to buy homes of their own. The Toronto "Evening Telegraph" "discharges a debt of gratitude in acknowledging that it was Goldwin Smith whose timely aid made possible the establishment of this journal, free and untrammelled, with no ends to serve except the public good, with no obligations except those of public duty."

A BISHOP'S HAT TRICK.

Presiding recently at the annual meeting at Basingstoke of the Diocesan Home of Rescue Work, the Bishop of Winchester made an urgent appeal for funds to wipe off the remaining debt of £30 on the building fund of the Warden's house. At the close of the meeting the Bishop planked his "shovel" had down on the table with a bang remarking, "There's my hat and there's a £5-note; now, then, we must get rid of this debt." The hat was accordingly passed round, and produced £52 16s. in cash and promises, so that the debt was cleared off with £20 to spare. "That," said the Bishop, "is doing the hat-trick."

CANDIDATE WITH THREE VOTES.

In a council election for the Meriden (Warwickshire) rural districts the unsuccessful candidate polled exactly three votes, out of a total of eighty-seven persons on the register. Some years ago, for another parish, the same gentleman secured four votes, and there the electors numbered many more than in the place he polled recently. A presiding officer, poll-clerk, and the returning officer to count the ballot were engaged on each occasion.

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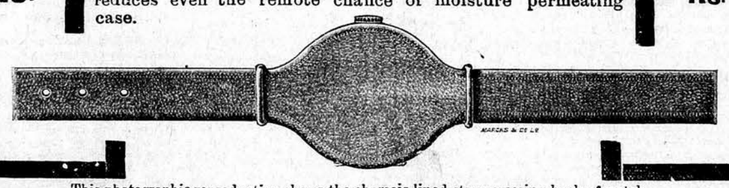


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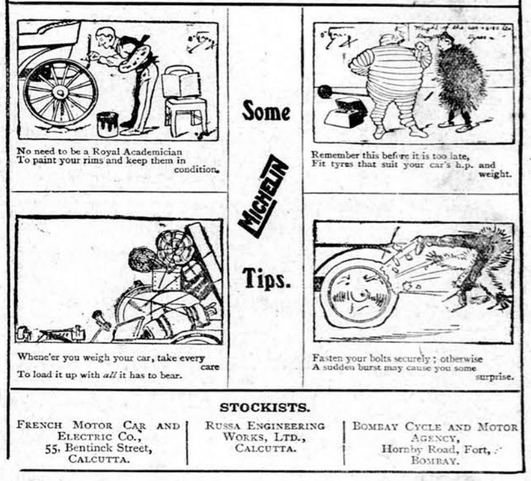
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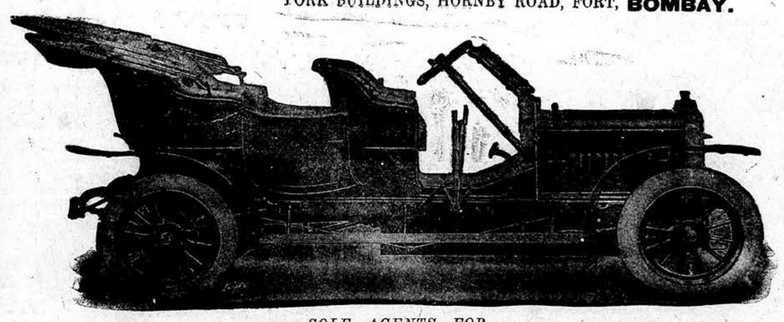
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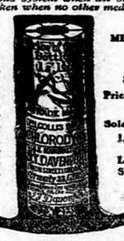
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